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FORM FDA 3639 (3/14)

Guidance for the Submission of Cabinet X-Ray System Reports Pursuant to 21 CFR 1020.40

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This guidance was written prior to the February 27, 1997 implementation of FDA's Good Guidance Practices, GGP's. It does not create or confer rights for or on any person and does not operate to bind FDA or the public. An alternative approach may be used if such approach satisfies the requirements of the applicable statute, regulations, or both. This guidance will be updated in the next revision to include the standard elements of GGP's.

More industry guidance and assistance can be found at the FDA homepage, see: http://www.fda.gov/Radiation-EmittingProducts/.

Send your completed report to:

CENTER FOR DEVICES AND RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH DOCUMENT MAIL CENTER – WO66-G609 ATTN: ELECTRONIC PRODUCT REPORTS 10903 NEW HAMPSHIRE AVENUE SILVER SPRING, MD 20993-0002

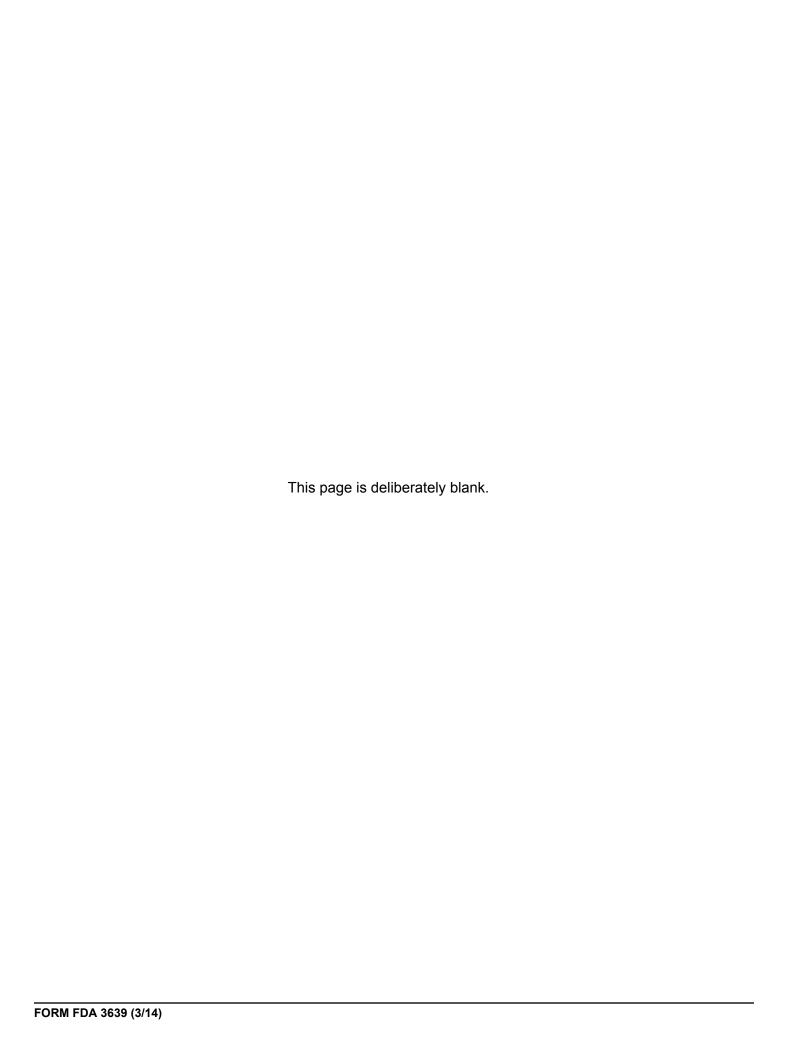
Questions about reporting and suggestions for changes to this guide may be sent to the above address or may be discussed by calling 1-800-638-2041.

GUIDANCE FOR THE SUBMISSION OF CABINET X-RAY SYSTEM REPORTS PURSUANT TO 21 CFR 1020.40

Compiled by: Division of Compliance X-Ray Products Branch

FEBRUARY 1975

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Food and Drug Administration
Center for Devices and Radiological Health
Silver Spring, MD 20993



Foreword

The Office of Compliance, Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) developed this guide. This guide will assist manufacturers¹ of electronic products which emit radiation in providing adequate reporting of radiation safety testing and compliance with federal performance standards. Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Parts 1002 and 1003 specify Reporting and Notification requirements^{2,3}.

Reports submitted on radiation safety of electronic products must follow the appropriate guide (21 CFR 1002.7). If the report does not follow an applicable guide it must contain a sufficient justification for any deviations. The submitter of the report will receive an acknowledgment letter with the accession number we assign to the report. Please reference this accession number in the future when providing additional information about this model family in either a supplement or the annual report. If a report is incomplete or inadequate CDRH may reject it and return it for completion. CDRH will not enter a rejected report into our database. Also, a rejected report will not receive an accession number.

WE DO NOT APPROVE THESE REPORTS OR THE PRODUCTS BEING REPORTED. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to certify that their products comply with all applicable standards (21 CFR 1010 - 1050), based on a testing program in accordance with good manufacturing practices. Prior to the shipment of products in interstate commerce 21 CFR 1002 requires the manufacturer to submit the report and to comply with all applicable importation requirements (21 CFR 1005). If there are deficiencies, we may disapprove the firm's quality control and testing program, determine that the product contains a radiation defect, or determine that the product fails to comply with a standard. We will notify the manufacturer if we make such a determination. CDRH may require the manufacturer to cease introduction into U.S. commerce until deficiencies are corrected, and to initiate a corrective action program (21 CFR 1003 - 1004) for products already introduced into commerce.

Please mail your reports to the address below (FDA can not process electronic submissions at this time). Provide the original report with appropriate signature(s) (no facsimiles, please). Provide extra copies only if this guide specifically requires them. Submit the report written in the English language. Translate any text that appears in a language other than English into English in a complete and accurate manner. Keep a copy of the completed reports in your records.

We are making our reporting guides and other regulatory information available on the Internet under http://www.fda.gov/Radiation-EmittingProducts/. No copyright exists for these guides. Reproduce these guides as needed. If you would like to comment on the reporting guides, web site, or future electronic submissions, you may direct the comments to the address below. If you need additional regulations for electronic products or medical devices, you should contact the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance by telephone at 1-800-638-2041 or by facsimile at 301-847-8149.

Sincerely yours,

Lillian J. Gill Director

Office of Compliance

Tilian & Giel

E-MAIL ADDRESS: dsmica@fda.hhs.gov

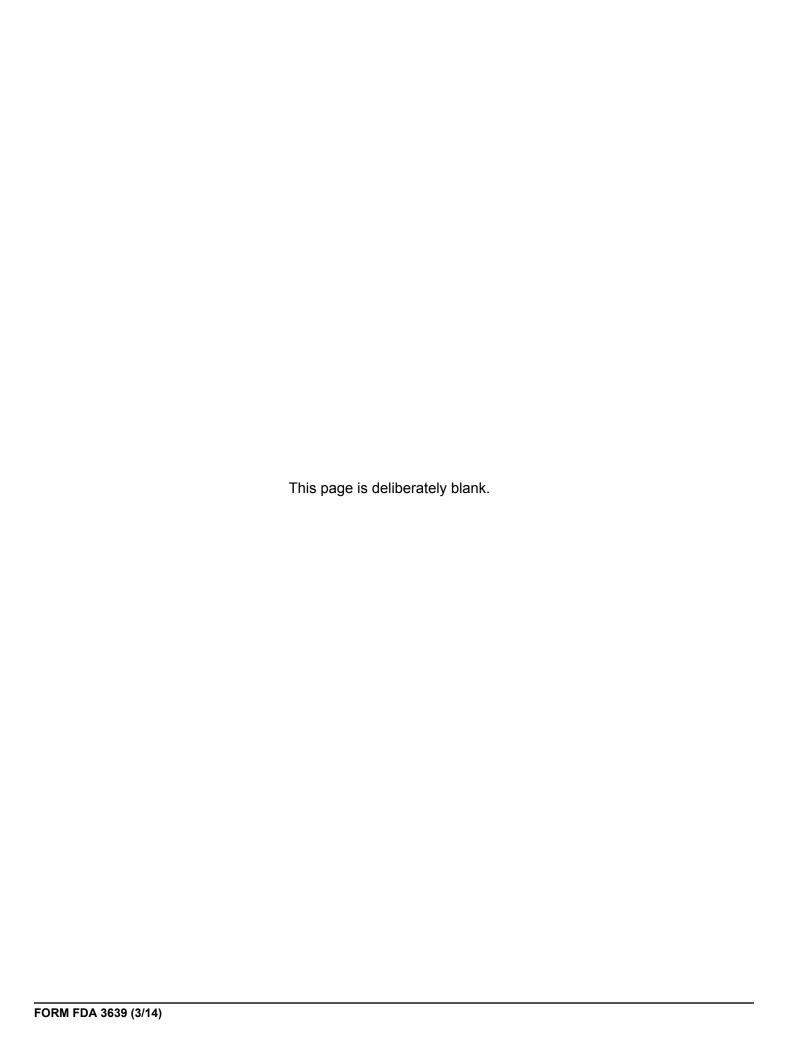
MAILING ADDRESS (see 21 CFR 1002.7 for further information):

CENTER FOR DEVICES AND RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH DOCUMENT MAIL CENTER – WO66-G609 ATTN: ELECTRONIC PRODUCT REPORTS 10903 NEW HAMPSHIRE AVENUE SILVER SPRING, MD 20993-0002

¹ Manufacturer (see 21) CFR § 1000.3(n)) means any person engaged in the business of manufacturing, assembling, or importing electronic products.

² Accidental Radiation Occurrences: 21 CFR 1002.20 requires manufacturers to immediately report accidental radiation occurrences (see 21 CFR 1000.3(a) for the definition).

³ Notification: Title 21 CFR Part 1003 requires manufacturers to provide Notification of Defects or Failure to Comply. Send these notifications to the above address.



FOREWORD

This document is intended to serve as a guide to assist manufacturers in the submission of initial and supplements to initial reports for cabinet x-ray systems (21 CFR 1020.40). The format selected for this guidance is that of report form. It may be used directly or it may serve as a model for developing a reporting form. However, if a manufacturer develops his own report form he must be sure that all information requested by the "model" form is included and keyed to this format since this information has been interpreted by the Division of Compliance as being necessary to satisfy, in whole or in part, the initial and supplemental reporting requirements. In order to standardize reports and facilitate their review the order and organization of the model form should be followed as closely as possible.

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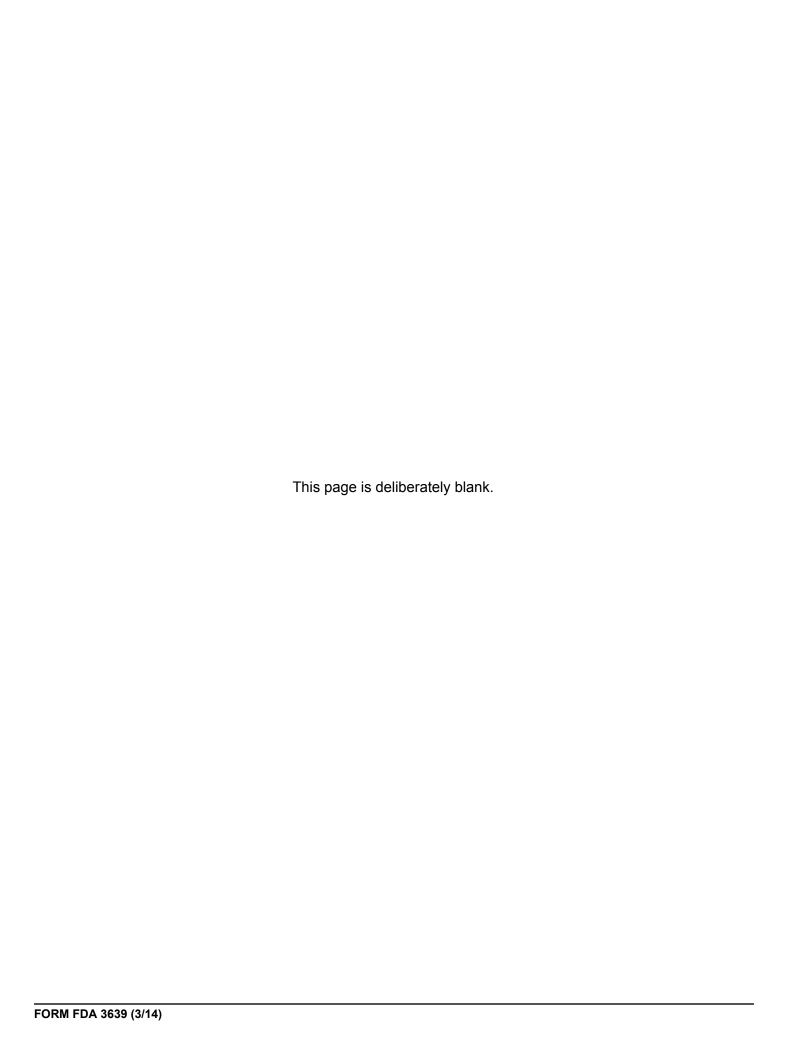
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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

The attached model form is to be used when submitting initial reports and supplements to initial reports. Definitions of these types of reports and of several other items necessary to properly complete the form are given in Appendix A. Part I of the form covers manufacturer and report identification, Part II covers product identification and technical information, and Part III covers the basic sampling and testing program. The form contains specific instructions for the completion of each part. General instructions for the preparation and submission of the various types of reports are given below.

- 1. One copy of Part I of the form is to accompany each report submission.
- 2. <u>Initial Reports</u> Information being submitted to meet the requirements of an initial report will require completion of all parts of the form. A copy of Part II (A), Part II (B) and Part III is to be completed for each model cabinet x-ray system.
- 3. <u>Supplemental Reports</u> Any changes in information previously submitted in Part II (A), Part II (B) or Part III of this form is to be submitted as a supplement to an initial report. Only the portions of each part undergoing change need be submitted. The date and accession number of the initial report to which the supplement applies is to be listed in item 3 of Part I.
- 4. <u>Attachments</u> Throughout the guide reference is made to attachments. These attachments should be clearly marked according to the alphabetical letter indicated in the guide. All attachments should be placed in order at the end of the guide and the accompanying attachment list filled in. The manufacturers may reference their own data identification numbers on this list.
- 5. All reports are to be submitted to:

CENTER FOR DEVICES AND RADIOLOGICAL HEALTH DOCUMENT MAIL CENTER - WO66-G609 ATTN: ELECTRONIC PRODUCT REPORTS 10903 NEW HAMPSHIRE AVENUE SILVER SPRING, MD 20993-0002



Center for Devices and Radiological Health Document Mail Center - WO66-G609 Electronic Product Reports 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Silver Spring, MD 20933-0002

Cabinet X-ray System Reporting Form

Part I - Manufacturer and Report Identification

This part of the form is to accompany each submission. Only one copy of this part need be completed even though more than one copy of other parts of this form may be required to provide all the information being reported.

Manufacturer:	
Name	
Address	
Corresponding Officia	al: (May not be applicable for imports)
Signature	
Name	
Title	
Telephone	Email
Importer: (Complete i	f applicable)
	**
Address	
Corresponding Officia	ıl:
Signature	
Name	
Title	
Telephone	Email
Report Type:	
	Initial
	Supplement to initial report, CDRH
	Accession No submitted on
	(dates)
Report Date:	

Part II - Product Identification and Technical Information

Complete Sections A and B for each new cabinet x-ray system being reported. A copy of Section A and B is to be completed for each new cabinet x-ray system being reported. Only Section A need be completed to report additional brand and/or selling model numbers of a system when all other manufacturing and testing information is the same as previously submitted. Any information covered in Part II (B) and/or Part III of the form that has not been previously reported should be provided in the applicable portions of Part II (B) and/or Part III.

Mod	del Identification
1.0	Product Type:
	Reported pursuant to paragraph c of 1002.61
	- check as applicable -
	Product Type
Rad	liographic, conventional source
Rad	liographic, pulsed or flash source
Fluc	oroscopic
Rad	liographic and fluoroscopic
	eening device used in public facilities uch as baggage inspection devices)
Oth	er than specified types (describe below)
Des	cription of other product types:
imporepoor	List the name and model number of the product manufactured or orted to which the cabinet x-ray standard is applicable. Do not ort if the item is intended solely for export to countries whose licable requirements are met. me of Product
Mod	del Number
of th	If the reported model is sold under brand names, other than those he manufacturer, please provide the brand name, model number, name and address of each company under whose name the model old.
Bra	nd Name
1.6	J.1 N

Con	1pany
Add	lress
1144	. 000
4.0	List all uses or applications for which the model is intended.
	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
	7
	8
	9
	10
5.0	Reference Verification (check one)
	5.1 All information previously reported in CDRH Accession No on (date) is applicable to the models listed under item 2, Part II (A) of this report. The models will be manufactured and tested in accordance with the procedures reported in the reference document.
	5.2 Except as specifically indicated in Section B of Part II and/or Part III, all information previously reported in CDRH Accession No on (date) is applicable to the models listed under item 2, Part II (A) of this report. These models will be manufactured and tested in accordance with the procedures reported in the referenced document(s).
	5.3 This is the initial submission of information required for cabinet x-ray system(s).
Tec	hnical Information
1.0	X-ray Emission
	1.1 Is the system designed to limit x-ray emission from the cabinet x-ray system to an exposure of 0.5 milliroentgen in any one hour at a point of five centimeters outside the external surface?
	Yes No

B.

1.2	List the following characteristics of the x-ray system:
	range of kVp adjustment
	range of mA adjustment
	duty cycle (see definition)
	range of timer adjustment
	total filtration
	beam divergence
	beam orientation
1.3 inco	Describe the type, thickness, and location of shielding orporated into the product to limit x-ray emission at the ernal surface. Provide illustrative drawings as attachment A.
-	
	Describe all service adjustments and procedures that affect ation leakage.
-	
1.5 syst	Are any doors included as part of the cabinet x-ray em?
	Yes No
If n	o, proceed to section 1.6. If yes, complete the following.
	1.5.1 Describe the intended purpose of each door.
	Describe:

	Yes No	_
If no	, proceed to section 2.0. If yes, complete the following	ing.
	1.6.1 Describe the intended purpose of each access panel.	
]	Describe:	
-		
-		
-		
hment	Controls and Indicators (Provide a circuit diagram a $\underline{\mathbf{B}}$).	as
termi Inclu accor of pro follow device	Describe the control device(s) for initiating and nating x-ray generation and the physical location(s) de the method by which x-ray exposure interruption implished (e.g., release of exposure switch, terminative eset time, etc.) and the method of resuming operation wing x-ray generation interruption by the control ee(s).	is on
termi Inclu accor of pro follow device	nating x-ray generation and the physical location(s), de the method by which x-ray exposure interruption in mplished (e.g., release of exposure switch, termination eset time, etc.) and the method of resuming operation wing x-ray generation interruption by the control e(s).	is on
termi Inclu accor of pro follow device	nating x-ray generation and the physical location(s), de the method by which x-ray exposure interruption in mplished (e.g., release of exposure switch, termination eset time, etc.) and the method of resuming operation wing x-ray generation interruption by the control e(s).	is on
termi Inclu accor of pro follow device	nating x-ray generation and the physical location(s), de the method by which x-ray exposure interruption in mplished (e.g., release of exposure switch, termination eset time, etc.) and the method of resuming operation wing x-ray generation interruption by the control e(s).	is on
termi Inclu accor of pro follow device	nating x-ray generation and the physical location(s), de the method by which x-ray exposure interruption in mplished (e.g., release of exposure switch, termination eset time, etc.) and the method of resuming operation wing x-ray generation interruption by the control e(s).	is on
termi Inclu accor of profollow device	nating x-ray generation and the physical location(s), de the method by which x-ray exposure interruption in mplished (e.g., release of exposure switch, termination eset time, etc.) and the method of resuming operation wing x-ray generation interruption by the control e(s).	is on n
termi Inclu accor of profollow device	nating x-ray generation and the physical location(s), de the method by which x-ray exposure interruption implished (e.g., release of exposure switch, terminations time, etc.) and the method of resuming operation wing x-ray generation interruption by the control e(s). Tribe: Describe the characteristics, operation, and location	is on n

2.4 Can an x-ray exposure greater than a period of one-half second be made with this cabinet x-ray system? Yes			e a statement of the key capture
Yes			
Yes			
Yes			
2.4.1 If yes, are means provided to enable the operator to terminate the exposure prior to completion of the preset exposure period? Yes No			
terminate the exposure prior to completion of the preset exposure period? Yes No		Yes	No
x-ray exposure to be made? Yes No	termina	ate the exposure p	prior to completion of the preset
2.6 How long are indicators actuated when the x-ray generation period is less than one-half second? 2.7 Does failure of any single component of the cabinet x-ray system cause failure of more than one x-ray production indicator? Yes No 2.8 Describe all other means which indicate when x-rays are being generated that can be viewed from any door, access panel, and port. Include dimensions, location, and labeling.	2.4.2 x-ray e	If no, are means p xposure to be made	provided to prevent an additional de? Yes No
2.6 How long are indicators actuated when the x-ray generation period is less than one-half second? 2.7 Does failure of any single component of the cabinet x-ray system cause failure of more than one x-ray production indicator? Yes No 2.8 Describe all other means which indicate when x-rays are being generated that can be viewed from any door, access panel, and port. Include dimensions, location, and labeling.	x-rays are location w	being generated here x-ray gene	and that can be viewed from any eration can be initiated. Include
2.7 Does failure of any single component of the cabinet x-ray system cause failure of more than one x-ray production indicator? Yes No 2.8 Describe all other means which indicate when x-rays are being generated that can be viewed from any door, access panel, and port. Include dimensions, location, and labeling.	Describe: _		
2.7 Does failure of any single component of the cabinet x-ray system cause failure of more than one x-ray production indicator? Yes No 2.8 Describe all other means which indicate when x-rays are being generated that can be viewed from any door, access panel, and port. Include dimensions, location, and labeling.			
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Yes No 2.8 Describe all other means which indicate when x-rays are being generated that can be viewed from any door, access panel, and port. Include dimensions, location, and labeling.			
2.8 Describe all other means which indicate when x-rays are being generated that can be viewed from any door, access panel, and port. Include dimensions, location, and labeling.	system caus		
are being generated that can be viewed from any door, access panel, and port. Include dimensions, location, and labeling.		Yes	No
Describe:	are being ge access pane	enerated that can b	be viewed from any door,
	Describe: _		

2.9.1 Des include the Describe: 2.9.2 Is a controls de Yes 2.9.3 Des provided in Describe: 2.9.4 How the first in or access provided in access provided in the first in or access provided in the first in the first in or access provided in the first in or access provided in the first in or access provided in the first in the firs	No o section 3.0. If yes, complete the following.
2.9.1 Des include the Describe: 2.9.2 Is a controls de Yes 2.9.3 Des provided in Describe: 2.9.4 How the first in or access provided in the	o section 3.0. If yes, complete the following.
2.9.2 Is a controls de Yes 2.9.3 Des provided in Describe: 2.9.4 How the first in or access provided in the first in the	
2.9.2 Is a controls de Yes 2.9.3 Des provided in Describe: 2.9.4 How the first in or access provided in the first in the factor of the first in the factor of the factor	cribe all exposure controls within the cabinet and $\underline{\mathbf{B}}$.
2.9.4 How the first in or access provided a fails, can x	
2.9.4 How the first in or access provided at a fails, can x	
2.9.4 How the first in or access provided at a fails, can x	
2.9.4 How the first in or access provided a fails, can x	
2.9.4 How the first in or access provided a fails, can x	
2.9.3 Des provided in Describe: 2.9.4 How the first in or access provided in Describe:	method provided to reset, override, or bypass the escribed in 2.9.1 from outside the cabinet?
2.9.4 How the first in or access p 2.9.5 If a fails, can x	acribe the audible and visible warning signals in the cabinet.
the first in or access p 2.9.5 If a fails, can x	
the first in or access p 2.9.5 If a fails, can x	
the first in or access p 2.9.5 If a fails, can x	
the first in or access p 2.9.5 If a fails, can x	
the first in or access p 2.9.5 If a fails, can x	
fails, can x	w long are the warning signals activated prior to itiation of x-ray generation after closing any door panel designed to admit humans?
VISIOIC Was	ny single component of the cabinet x-ray system x-rays be produced without either the audible or rning systems indicating x-ray production?
Yes	

				thin the cabine of x-ray genera	
		Yes		No	
	illum mean locat	inated within ings of the w	the cabinet varning device	cas) of all sign which explain es. Indicate th rawings. Labe	the e sign
Saf	ety Inte	rlocks.			
di	agrams	ribe the inter showing inte each access p	rlocks and sa	and provide ci fety systems f	rcuit or each
pr ar	ovided s	separately as anical charac	attachment D	ed in attachme <u>O. Include the</u> ach interlock d	electrical
D	escriptio	on:			
_					
_					
3.	2 Desc	ribe any prov	visions for ad	justment of th	e interlocks.
_					
			int of door or tion of the int		movement that is
er		pply circuit t		cally removed ltage generato	from the or when a door
	Yes_		No		
th Pi	an the drovide d	oor. Yes_ rawings, sket	t dependent utches or engirattachment E	ipon any movi No neering drawin	ng part other

Des	
	cribe:
the :	Are the required interlock circuits designed to ensure that failure of one component does not result in the failure of e than one required safety interlock?
	Yes No
com	Provide a circuit analysis describing the effects of critical ponent failure on the interlock system. Label the analysis chment \underline{F} .
Varn	ing, Certification, and Identification Labels.
4.1 the 1	Provide an exact replica of all labels which show any of following.
(a)	The certification statement,
(b)	the name and address of the manufacturer (or individual or company under whose name it is sold),
(c)	the date and place of manufacturer (these should be spelled out in full), and
(d)	the model number and serial number.
Lab	el the replicas as attachment \underline{G} .
	4.1.1 Is this labeling permanently affixed to or inscribed on the system and legible and accessible to view when the system is fully assembled for use?
	Yes No
	Is a warning label affixed at the location of any control ch can be used to initiate x-ray generation?
	Yes No
	4.2.1 Is this warning label permanently affixed to or inscribed at the location of the control, legible and accessible to view?
	Yes No

4.0

5.1 What are the shapes and dimensions of all entroports? Shape Din 1	
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Shape Shape Din 1	
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5.1 What are the shapes and dimensions of all entroports? Shape Din 1	
Shape Din Shape Shape Shape Din Shape Shap	
Shape Din Shape Shape Shape Din Shape S	ance and exit
1	nensions
2	
3	
4	
5 6 5.2 What is the shortest distance from the primany location in the plane or perimeter of any enport? (Numbers indicate same ports as in 5.1) Distance 1	
5.2 What is the shortest distance from the prim any location in the plane or perimeter of any en port? (Numbers indicate same ports as in 5.1) Distance 1.	
5.2 What is the shortest distance from the primary location in the plane or perimeter of any en port? (Numbers indicate same ports as in 5.1) Distance 1.	
5.2 What is the shortest distance from the primary location in the plane or perimeter of any en port? (Numbers indicate same ports as in 5.1) Distance 1.	
any location in the plane or perimeter of any en port? (Numbers indicate same ports as in 5.1) Distance 1.	
1.	
2	
3.	
4	
5	

cribe:			
What	are the shanes an	d dimensions	s of all apertures?
Wilat		a annension.	
	<u>Shape</u>		<u>Dimensions</u>
		_	
		_	
What	is the purpose o	 f each of th	
What	is the purpose o	f each of th	n 5.4)
What	is the purpose o	f each of th	n 5.4)
What	is the purpose o	f each of th	n 5.4)
What	is the purpose o	f each of th	n 5.4)
What mbers	is the purpose o	f each of the	n 5.4)
What mbers	is the purpose o indicate same ap	f each of the	n 5.4)
What mbers	is the purpose o indicate same ap	f each of the	n 5.4)
What mbers:	is the purpose o indicate same ap	f each of the	n 5.4)
What mbers : 1	is the purpose o	f each of the pertures as is	n 5.4)
What mbers : 1	is the purpose o	f each of the	n 5.4)

	5
	<u> </u>
	6
	6.
of t	Describe the means provided to prevent the insertion of any part the human body through these apertures. (Numbers indicate the apertures as in 5.4)
Mea	ans:
1.	
2.	
3.	
٥.	
4.	
5.	
٥.	
6.	

6.0 Floors o	of the Cabinet X-ray Syste	ems.	
the pur		inet x-ray system depend ort surface that becomes the	
Ye	es	No	
6.2 If require	•	describe these installation	1
Describ	oe:		
	oes the installation descr nent installation?	ibed in 6.2 constitute a	
Ye	es	No	
7.0 Ground	Fault.		
7.1 Ca	an a ground fault result in	n generation of x-rays?	
Ye	es	No	
7.2 Pr	rovide a ground fault ana	lysis as attachment <u>J</u> .	
maintenance		ion packet on safety, instable pplied to users as required , as attachment \underline{K} .	
product technother publish radiation emdrawing of	nical data sheets, specific hed material relating to hission or radiation saf	nal operating instructions ications sheets, application product specifications, a cety, as attachment <u>L</u> . A also be included. Promo iate.	ns notes, or applications, picture or
10.0 System public facilit		r screening of hand-carri	ed items in

10.1 Describe means provided to require operator prethe control area during generation of x-radiation.	sence at
Describe:	
10.2 Do the means described in 10.1 permit surveillar ports and doors?	nce of all
Yes No	
10.2.1 If no, explain	
10.3 Do the means described in 10.1 permit the opera terminate x-ray generation at any time?	tor to
Yes No	
10.3.1 If no, explain	

Part III - Basic Sampling and Testing Information

A. <u>Direct Testing</u>

1.0 Briefly explain the concept of each direct x-ray measurement test that is done to verify compliance with the emission limit of the standard. Include in this explanation a copy of the test method(s). Label the explanation and test methods as attachment M.

The test described shall include, but not be limited to:

- a. Testing to evaluate effects of scattering object and placement,
- b. Testing to evaluate x-ray emission prior to interruption of x-ray generation through operation of any required safety interlock,
- c. Testing to evaluate the effects on shielding from shipping, transporting or moving the cabinet system,
- d. Testing to evaluate line voltage fluctuations and critical component deterioration,
- e. Testing to evaluate effects of service adjustments and procedures, and
- f. Final acceptance testing.
- 2.0 At what stage(s) (i.e., engineering prototype, initial production lot run, production run installation, etc.) in the design, production, or installation of the cabinet x-ray system is a direct test made to verify compliance with the standard?

	<u>Test</u>	Stage
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		

3.0 State the limit(s) at which the unifinal acceptance test.	t would be rejected for each
Limit:	
4.0 Describe the procedure used to do maximum radiation intensity.	etermine the location(s) of
Describe:	
5.0 If the direct test utilizes a radiation that scans the cabinet x-ray system, who (in cm/sec)?	
Rate:	
6.0 State the tube potential, current, bean conditions that will produce the maxim	n orientation, duty cycle, and scatter
tube potential	
current	
beam orientation	
duty cycle	
scatter object	
scatter object position	
7.0 State the distance (in centimeters the radiation measurement instrument) between the external surface and

 $8.0\,\,\,\,$ In each stage, described in 2.0, list the percentage or number of items tested.

	<u>Stage</u>	Percentage or Number
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		

B. Radiation Instrumentation Used for Testing

1.0 Instruments used for radiation measurement.

		<u>Instruments</u>	
	#1	_#2	
Manufacturer			
Model Number			
Type of Instrument			
Precision of Instrument			
Accuracy of Instrument			
Response Time			
Energy Dependence			
Angular Response			
Exposure Rate Dependence			
Range			
Effective Measurement Area			

2.0	Can	orati	on c	of In	strur	nents											
	2.1	Inte	erval	of t	ime	betwe	een (cali	bra	tion							
						ration									urc	e	
						edure											
<u>Indi</u>	rect T	estin	ıg														
		ahov	ve d	ACCI	ahe t	ha m	etho	od a			ch a	-co	121				nt
proc india meas with supp	edure rect m surem the e	labe etho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exp sion concl	as a ny n olain requ lusic	ttach nethon why nirem	iment od oth y it is ients,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c	the sur f co	bas e omp	olia	for th
proc india meas with	edure rect m surem the e	labe etho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision ; eoncl	as a ny n olair requ lusio	ttach nethon why nirem on.	ment od oth y it is	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceinding measurith supp	edure rect m surem the e	labe etho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision ; eoncl	as a ny n olain requ lusic	ttach nethon why nirem on.	iment od oth y it is ients,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sur f co	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceindin meas with supp. 2.0	edure rect m surem the e oorts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	ament od oth y it is aents,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceinding measurith supp	edure rect m surem the e oorts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	iment od oth y it is ients,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceindin meas with supproceinding.	edure rect m surem the e oorts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	ament od oth y it is aents,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceindin meas with supproceindin supprocei	edure rect m surem the e oorts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	ament od oth y it is aents,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceindin meas with supp 2.0 1. 2. 3. 4.	edure rect m surem the e forts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	ament od oth y it is aents,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceindin meas with supp 2.0 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	edure rect m surem the e forts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	ament od oth y it is aents,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceindin mean with supproceinding with suppr	edure rect m surem the e forts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	ament od oth y it is aents,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th
proceindin mean with supproceindin supproceindin mean with supproceindin	edure rect m surem the e forts t	labe eetho ent) miss his c	eled od (a ; exprision conclusion)	as a ny rolair requ lusio orim	ttach methon why nirem on.	ament od oth y it is aents,	N. her t an a and	han accı sul	a r urat omi	adia e in t the	atio dic e te	ovi n e atic chn	de xpo on c ica st.	the sure f co l da	bas e omp ta v	sis f olia	for th

	<u>Test</u>		<u>Stage</u>
		_	
	the rejection		otance or rejection of the product.
	<u>Test</u>		Rejection Limit
	<u>Test</u>		Rejection Limit
	Test		Rejection Limit
			Rejection Limit For conducting these tests.
Specify w		sponsibility	for conducting these tests.

6.0 For each test conducted for the purpose of acceptance, specify the actual number of units tested and the proportion of production output which that number represents.

<u>Test</u>	# Tested	<u>Proportion of Production</u>

D. Sampling

For each production line test performed for the purpose of determining product acceptability on less than 100 percent of the output, as attachment \underline{O} , answer the following:

- 1. Specify the sampling plan used and provide the parameters of the plan (i.e., lot size, sample size, acceptance criteria, etc.). If the sampling plan is obtained from a set of standard sampling tables, indicate the source and type of plan. If the sampling plan was designed specifically for this application, indicate the requirements which were established for the plan and the assumptions used, and whether acceptance criteria is based upon attributes or variables.
- 2. Describe the procedure used for selecting the sample and indicate how randomness is assured.
- 3. For each test or inspection specify the quality characteristics and the specification limit(s) by which acceptable quality is distinguished from unacceptable.
- 4. Provide the operating characteristic (O.C.) curve of the sampling plan.
- 5. Specify the distribution assumed and the procedures used for computing acceptance probabilities for the O.C. curve of the sampling plan.
- 6. Specify the producer's and consumer's risk of the sampling plan and indicate at what quality level each applies.
- 7. Describe the action taken if the sampling plan leads to a rejection decision.

E. <u>Critical Component Testing</u>

As attachment P, answer the following:

- 1. Describe all applicable quality control and testing procedures for critical components conducted prior to installation of the components into your product which you consider a necessary and vital part of your testing program to assure compliance with the Federal Performance Standard. This shall include, but not be limited to, incoming inspection and/or sub-assembly testing of such items as x-ray sources, pressure pads, interlock switches, relays and shielding components. Where applicable, the description shall include:
 - a. Vendor qualification requirements.

- b. Incoming inspection procedures, accept/reject criteria, and lot and sample size if not 100 percent tested. If 100 percent tested, so state.
- c. Corrective action following unit or lot rejection.
- 2. Describe all applicable life testing procedures on the x-ray system or on those critical components incorporated into the x-ray system which you consider a necessary and vital part of your testing program to assure compliance with the Federal Performance Standard for the life of the product. This description shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
 - a. The state(s) in the development or production of a specific model or design when life testing is conducted on the system or critical component.
 - b. A copy of the life testing protocol, including the test method used. If previously addressed, reference may be made to your response to other appropriate sections of your report.
 - c. The period of time (e.g., years) relative to use of the unit at an installed site which the life testing represents.
- F. <u>Test Results</u>: As appendix Q, provide:
 - 1.0 The results of Quality Control testing to date as follows:
 - 1.1 The numerical results of the direct radiation tests upon which you base your certification, including: a) date of the test, b) state of development, production or installation at which the test was made.
 - 1.2 A summary of the numerical results of direct and/or indirect quality control tests of production line units.
 - 1.3 Where sufficient data are available, the mean, range, and standard deviation of each type of measurement. If these values are unavailable, other representative statistics or expressions or results may be reported.
 - 2.0 Summary results of tests performed to determine "worst case" conditions for x-ray emission at the external surface of the cabinet x-ray system.
 - 3.0 Summary of results of critical component testing.
 - 4.0 Summary of results of critical component or system life testing.
 - 5.0 Describe changes in critical components occurring with time that affect the performance of the unit with respect to applicable performance requirements.

ATTACHMENT LIST

(check all that are attached including any added to provide information not specifically identified below)

		Manufacturer's Own Data <u>Identification Number</u>
A.	Shielding Drawings	
В.	Circuit Diagrams	
C.	Signs Within the Cabinet	
D.	Interlock System-Circuit Diagram	
E.	Drawings of Disconnect Interlock	
F.	Analysis of Interlock System Component Failure	
G.	Certification and Identification Labels	
Н.	Control Warning Labels	
I.	Other Warning Labels	
J.	Ground Fault Analysis	
K.	User Information	
L.	Other Information and Data	
M.	Direct Test Methods	
N.	Indirect Testing	
1\. 0.	Sampling	
	-	
P.	Critical Component Testing	
Q.	Test Results sheet, completed as applicable, is to accompan	

Appendix A - Definitions

The definitions of report types and several other terms given below are provided for use with the general guidance to assure proper completion of the attached model form and satisfaction of reporting requirements.

- 1. <u>Initial Report</u> The first report from a manufacturer to CDRH on a particular model of product. It must provide complete information on the manufacturing and testing program that a manufacturer is employing.
- 2. <u>Supplemental Report</u> A report that provides details of any additions, deletions, corrections, or changes to information previously submitted in an initial report. Reports of this type are to be designated as supplements to the report (referenced by CDRH Accession Number and submission data) where the information being changed was previously submitted.
- 3. "Access panel" means any barrier or panel which is designed to be removed or opened for maintenance or service purposes, requires tools to open, and permits access to the interior of the cabinet.
- 4. "Aperture" means any opening in the outside surface of the cabinet, other than a port, which remains open during generation of x radiation.
- 5. "Cabinet x-ray system" means an x-ray system with the x-ray tube installed in an enclosure (hereinafter termed "cabinet") which, independently of existing architectural structures except the floor on which it may be placed, is intended to contain at least that portion of a material being irradiated; provide radiation attenuation, and exclude personnel from its interior during generation of x radiation. It would include all x-ray systems designed primarily for the inspection of carry-on baggage at airline, railroad, and bus terminals, and in similar facilities. An x-ray tube used within a shielded part of a building, or x-ray equipment which may temporarily or occasionally incorporate portable shielding is not considered a cabinet x-ray system.
- 6. "Door" means any barrier which is designed to be movable or opened for routine operation purposes, does not generally require tools to open, and permits access to the interior of the cabinet. For the purposes of paragraph (c) (4) (i) of this section, inflexible hardware rigidly affixed to the door shall be considered part of the door.
- 7. "Duty cycle" means the amount of time x-rays can be generated or the number of x-ray pulses that can be generated in any hour, the limit of which is determined by the design of the x-ray system.
- 8. "Exposure" means the quotient of dQ by dm where dQ is the absolute value of the total charge of the ions of one sign produced in air when all the electrons (negatrons and positrons) liberated by photons in a volume element of air having mass dm are completely stopped in air.
- 9. "External surface" means the outside surface of the cabinet x-ray system, including the high voltage generator, doors, access panels, latches, controls knobs, and other permanently mounted hardware and including the plane across any aperture or port.
- 10. "Floor" means the underside external surface of the cabinet.

- 11. "Ground fault" means an accidental electrical grounding of an electrical conductor.
- 12. "Port" means any opening in the outside surface of the cabinet which is designed to remain open, during generation of x-rays, for the purpose of conveying material to be irradiated into and out of the cabinet, or for partial insertion for irradiation of an object whose dimensions do not permit complete insertion into the cabinet.
- 13. "Primary beam" means the x radiation emitted directly from the target and passing through the window of the x-ray tube.
- 14. "Safety interlock" means a device which is intended to prevent the generation of x radiation when access by any part of the human body to the interior of the cabinet x-ray system through a door or access panel is possible.
- 15. "X-ray system" means an assemblage of components for the controlled generation of x-rays.
- 16. "X-ray tube" means any electron tube which is designed for the conversion of electrical energy into x-ray energy.