Attachment G: School District Review Program Special Situations: Parcels, Shorelines and Pseudos	2011-2012
Census Bureau	

This guide has three sections: Defining Small Land Parcels, Defining Shorelines, and Pseudo School Districts. Please read a section if you think it might apply to your state.

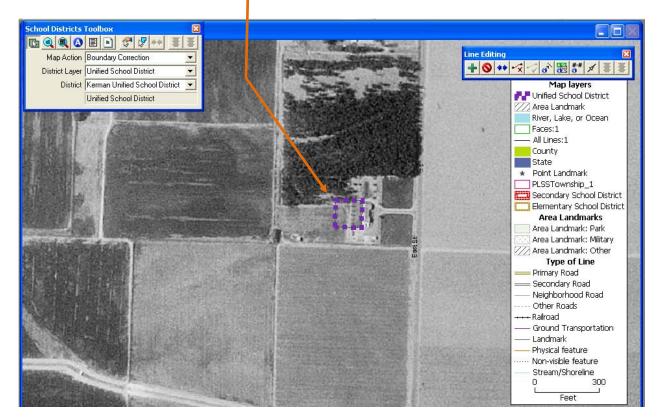
Defining Small Land Parcels

Sometimes it is necessary to put an individual house in a different school district than the surrounding school district. It is important to do this correctly or the house may be coded to the wrong school district. Please read the following and call us if you have questions.

Three important principles to remember:

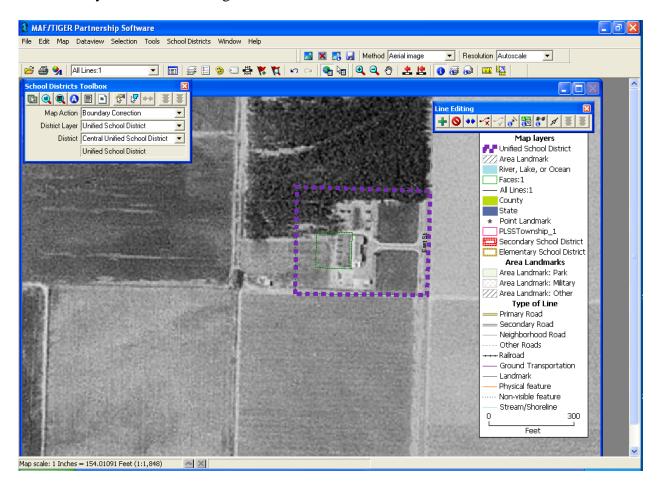
- 1. The parcel should include the entire driveway.
- 2. The parcel should be **attached to the road** on which the house has its address. The Census Bureau "attaches" a housing unit to an address on a road. In order to ensure that the data from a household is associated with the correct school district (or any particular geographic area) the road where the address is located must be part of the parcel.
- 3. This boundary is only for statistical purposes and does not indicate property or ownership. Therefore it is absolutely fine to draw the boundary outside of the property boundaries shown on your records, as long as there is no nearby housing.

Below is an example of the <u>incorrect</u> way to place a house in a different school district than the surrounding school district. Your records may only show a small parcel. However, you will need to evaluate possibly expand it.



This screenshot below shows an example of how to define a school district for a single house more accurately. The boundary is drawn with extra distance around the house and portion of the street near the driveway. Remember, especially in an area with sparse housing, it is better to expand the parcel than accurately represent property. As long as expanding the parcel will not come close to another house or driveway, you should make the parcel large enough to noticeably cover the house, driveway, and portion of the street where the driveway connects to the street.

We cannot guarantee we have completely spatially accurate locations for all housing units. Buffering the parcel, where possible, helps to ensure the housing unit won't be inadvertently coded to the wrong school district.



Shorelines with School District Not Defined in Water

The Census Bureau's geographic database covers the entire United States including the ocean coastline, the Great Lakes, and large unpopulated areas. Some states have areas of their state (large water bodies such as the Great Lakes or large National Parks) in which they do not have a school district and use "School District Not Defined" to cover the area. The following provides some guidelines on determining boundaries for "School District Not Defined" for water.

If your school district follows the shoreline, we strongly advise you to define school districts into the water, buffering the shoreline. This will ensure the best boundaries for your Title I estimates. The shoreline can be a difficult boundary because it is often represented differently between different sources and because the Census Bureau is often reshaping the shoreline to be more accurate. This can result in population counted in "School District Not Defined" when you use the shoreline as the boundary. We strongly encourage you to add a buffer of water to your costal school districts to ensure that the school district receives a complete count and therefore correct Title I funding.

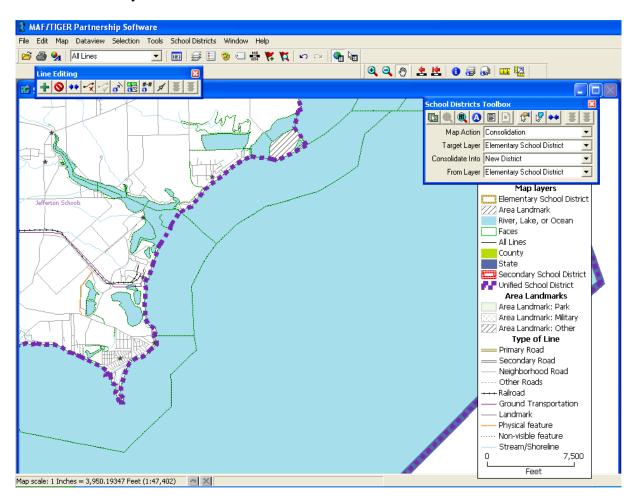
Your records may show the shoreline as the school district boundary but you do not need to exactly follow the boundary in this case because Census Bureau boundaries are only for data collection purposes. It is best to evaluate your boundary to determine if the shoreline is the best boundary between the school district and the area of school district not defined.

Look at the imagery below. The orange line represents the shoreline and school district boundary in the Census Bureau database and the blue dashed lines represents the "school district not defined" area. Notice that the orange shoreline boundary poorly represents the shoreline, placing some of the housing in "school district not defined" and water, which could compromise your Title I estimates. This example shows that the shoreline is a difficult boundary to accurately follow. It is better to "buffer" an area of water around the school district boundary.

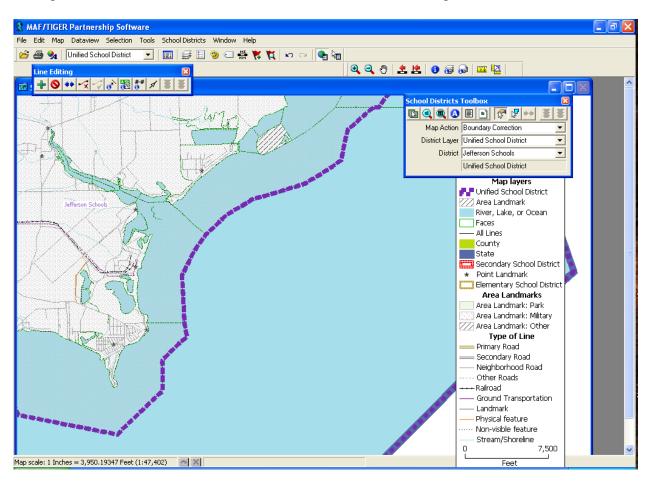


For example, here is school district that follows the shoreline and has school district not defined for the water.

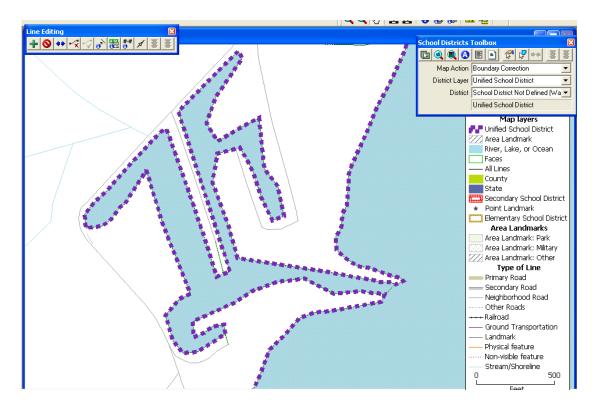
There are many lines already in the Census Bureau database that parallel the shoreline for the Great Lakes, Atlantic Ocean and Pacific Ocean. These lines can be used for your school district boundary and therefore it should not be time consuming to move the shoreline boundary further out into the water.



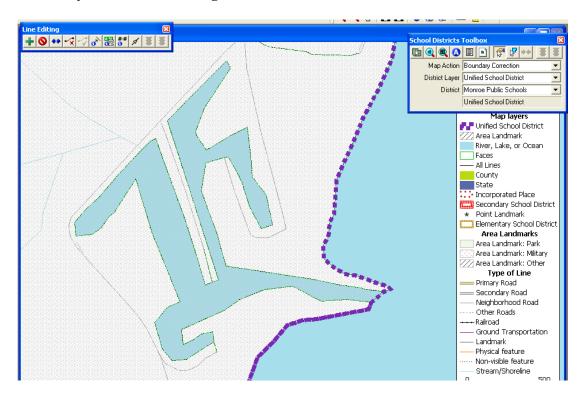
We recommend that you move the boundary off of the shoreline, as shown here, and out into the water so that all areas of land are well within an actual school district rather than having "school district not defined" so close to the land and housing.



We strongly recommend adding a buffer, however, if you do choose to use the shoreline for your school district boundary, <u>do not</u> include inlets, deltas or canals like the one shown below.



Here is the recommended way (if you do choose to use the shoreline as your boundary rather than adding a "buffer"):

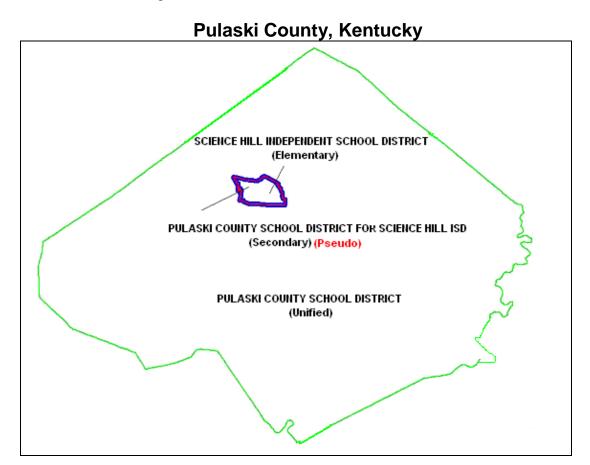


Pseudo School Districts

This section applies to states that have pseudo school districts.

In order to create accurate tabulations to support Title I funding allocations, the Census Bureau creates a **pseudo school district** for each school district that is **financially** responsible for providing education for one set of grades in one geographic area and also **financially** responsible for a different set of grades in a different geographic area. **For example**, a school district that is financially responsible for grades K-12 in one area is also financially responsible for grades 9-12 in a different area where it shares financial responsibility with an elementary school district. The pseudo district is always associated with a regular district, and this is done so that the regular district is given "credit" for the additional financial responsibility.

In this example, the Science Hill Independent School District has very few children in grades 9-12, so those children attend school in the Pulaski County School District. Pulaski County School District is financially responsible for educating children in grades 9-12 who live in Science Hill Independent School District and Pulaski County District is also financially responsible for educating children in grade ranges K-12 within Pulaski County, outside of Science Hill Independent School District. Therefore, the Census Bureau creates the pseudo district "Pulaski County School District for Science Hill" using the same boundaries as the Science Hill Independent School District and assigned grades 9-12 to "Pulaski County School District for Science Hill". The Science Hill Independent School District is assigned grades K-8 while the Pulaski County School District maintains its grades K-12.



These pseudo districts are identified in the Inventory and Grade Range file by a flag with a value of "A." In addition, the Census Bureau assigns them a pseudo Federal LEA ID number and a school district name that is slightly different than the official name of the school district.

They appear in the School District Inventory and Grade Range Listing ¹ as:

State	LEA	Grade	Range	Flag	Name of School District
21	04950	PK	12	_	PULASKI COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
21	21002	09	12	\mathbf{A}	PULASKI COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR SCIENCE HILL ISD
21	05220	PK	08		SCIENCE HILL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

When submitting a pseudo school district, please provide the following information:

- Official School District Name and Federal LEA ID number
- Alternate Grade Range
- Service area of Alternate Grade Range

Currently, the Census Bureau has defined pseudo school districts in California, Georgia, Illinois, Kentucky, Massachusetts, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas.

If you think that you have school districts that fit the above description, please contact the School District Review Program staff at 301-763-1099:

- Ms. Pat Ream
- Mr. Ian Millett
- Ms. Lyndsey Richmond
- Ms.Colleen Joyce

• E-mail: geo.school.list@census.gov

¹ Refer to Attachment F for supplementary text file data dictionary and record layout information. Attachment G: Special Situations