



The is a Comment on the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Notice: Environmental Public Health Tracking Network (Tracking Network) 0920-1175

For related information, Open Docket Folder 3

Nationwide should include Formosa (22 CFR 120.13, 22 CFR 51.1, 22 USC 619, 18 USC 3185, Neely v Henkel, Matter of Muller "While the United States by reason of its nonannexation of the territory occupied by the achievement of its arms may not be the true sovereign of that territory (see Oppenheim, The Legal Relations between an Occupying Power and the Inhabitants, 33 L.O. Rev. 363) ... "these enemy aliens owed the duty of obedience."), the National Health Insurance Database on Formosa, and environmental health databases on Formosa, especially since America has treatly duties for nuclear safety on Formosa: especially given the Japanese tsunami earthquake nuclear incident disaster, and the spent fuel deposits on Lanyu Orchid island with very poor perimeter security

accessible from sea from the Batan islands in the northern Philippines. As Lanyu are native Formosans, the USMG have special fiduciary duties: see Rubi v Mindoro, Duarte v Dade

America is responsible for nuclear issues on Formosa by solemn Treaty duties for which the nation's faith has been pledged stewardship, interlocution, and superior command responsibili

Agreement concerning the application of non-proliferation assurances to Australian uranium to be transferred to the United States of America for enrichment and retransfer to Taiwan, with annex. Exchange of notes at Washington July 31, 2001. Entered into force May 17, 2002. TIAS; 2208 UNTS 497

Agreement concerning cooperation on the application of nonproliferation assurances to Canadian uranium to be transferred from Canada to the U.S. for enrichment and fabrication into fuel and retransferred to Tawan for use in nuclear reactors, with annex. Exchange of letters at Washington February 24 and March 5, 1993. Entered into force March 5, 1993. TIAS 12490, 1914 UNTS 209

Agreement concerning cooperation on the application of nonproliferation assurances to material, nuclear material, equipment and facilities transferred from France to Taiwan for use in Taiwan's nuclear research and light water nuclear power reactor programs, with annex and related exchanges of notes. Exchange of notes at Washington January 19, 1993. Entered into force January 19, 1993. TIAS

Agreement concerning the listing of reactors supplied from the Federal Republic of Germany to the Taiwan Power Company on the inventory of the IAEA safeguards agreement of December 6, 1971 (TIAS 7228). Exchange of letters at Washington November 5, 1981. Entered into force November 5, 1981. 33 UST 4505; TIAS 10321

The United States does not recognize the "Republic of China" as a state or government. https://www.state.gov/vp-content/uploads/2019/06/2019-TIF-Bilaterals-6.13.2019-web-version.pdf

The US exercised the rights of US Military government under Article IV of the Peace Treaty with Japan, concomitant the rights secured pursuant to the SOFA

Agreement relating to the installation of a submarine cable with a terminal facility at San Miguel Communications Station. Exchange of notes at Manila August 12, 1965. Entered into force August 12, 1965. 16 UST 1127; TIAS 5855; 579 UNTS 47

https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments/frus1955-57v02/d282

Even the juridical position of Taiwan is in doubt. The United States also has an interest in

[Page 620]Taiwan which we got away from Japan. Japan has merely renounced sovereignty over Taiwan which has not been disposed of by the peace treaty and not ceded to anyone. Consequently the United States also could assert a legal claim until Taiwan is disposed of by some means. We cannot, therefore, admit that the disposition of Taiwan is merely an internal problem.

https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments/frus1955-57v03/d186

During the discussion, the Secretary pointed out that we might consider acting under the Japanese Treaty since the U.S. has residual responsibility over all former Japanese territories.

https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments/frus1950v06/d773

As regards Formosa and the Pescadores, ...consistently with the obligations of Article 73 of the United Nations Charter, which obligations have now been assumed by the nations which were allied against Japan.

October 25, 1950

October 25, 1950 https://historicaldocuments/frus1950v06/d775 Formosans, remain wards of the military government of the US, with some civil government: https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments/frus1944v05/d1218 the tribal aborigines as wards of the military government (PWC-19463). https://history.state.gov/historicaldocuments/frus1944v05/d1218 tribal aborigines, who are akin to the non-Christian peoples of Northern Luzon, are neither Japanese nor Chinese, but more properly to be considered as wards of

Moreover, both the notice and the system must comply with 25 USC 2902 and 2904, to include Formosan languages, Samoan, Chamorro, Carolinian, Puerto Rican Spanish and Arawak, and appropriate First Nations languages (Dine (Navajo), Cherokee, Choctaw).

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