



Division of the Secretariat Consumer Product Safety Commission Room 820 4330 East West Highway Bethesda, MD 20814

Re: Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Child Strength Study (*Docket No. CPSC–2020–0021*)

### Dear Sir/Madam:

IKEA of Sweden, Range & Supply ("IKEA Range & Supply") appreciates the opportunity to provide comments on the Consumer Product Safety Commission's proposed child strength study (Docket No. CPSC–2020–0021). IKEA Range & Supply is responsible for designing and supplying the global IKEA range. The IKEA business is operated through a franchise system with over 400 stores in over 50 markets. That means many companies with different owners work under the IKEA trademark. All work towards the shared IKEA vision - to create a better everyday life for the many people - which guides every decision.

For IKEA, children are the most important people in the world and their safety is always a top priority. We aim to have a world-class level of knowledge about children, their development and needs to support our product development process. While we are constantly gathering data from customers, exchanging knowledge with experts on children, testing our products and participating in global standards committees, we depend upon the data sets and research conducted by consumer authorities to supplement our own learnings.

We eagerly welcome the proposed child strength study by the CPSC. To take full advantage of this rare opportunity, we strongly encourage the CPSC to include a wide range of anthropometric and physical abilities in the data collection. Docket No. CPSC–2020–0021 references the important work of Snyder et al., 1975, 1977 and Owings et al. 1975, 1977. In addition, the UK Childata Handbook of Child Measurements and Capabilities (Norris, Wilson, 1995), like Snyder and Owings, is highly relevant for global companies due to the comprehensive set of measurement areas. The UK study gathered data from 187 measurements of children's characteristics and abilities for children from birth to 18 years old from the UK, US (including Snyder et al 1975 and 1977), The Netherlands, Germany, Australia and many other countries. As a multinational company, a data set that recognizes this breadth of measurements from children in various countries is particularly valuable in the development of a global product range. We encourage the CPSC to work with other consumer authorities to update and compile this data across borders.

**Appendix 1** tables the measurement areas used for the UK Childata Handbook and the IKEA recommended prioritization. From our perspective, any future child strength study should take into account a broad range of measurements to best understand the



capabilities of children and the impact of these capabilities on the widest possible range of products. This approach will provide the CPSC, as well as manufacturers, with the best analysis to understand the risks in foreseeable product use with exploration strategies used by children and ways to minimize those risks.

Please let us know if we may provide any additional information or clarification.

Sincerely,

Kelly Swaine

Kelly Swains

Director of Regulatory Affairs

**Public Affairs** 

IKEA of Sweden, Range & Supply

Dr. Barbara Schäfer

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# **Appendix 1:** Recommend prioritization for measurements in study (bold = priority)

1) <u>Static anthropometry</u>						
Whole body	Head & Neck	Torso	Arms	Legs		
Weight	Head breath	Chest height at	Arm length to fingertip	Thigh breadth		
• Stature	<ul> <li>Head length</li> </ul>	armpit	Arm length to grip	(maximum when		
<ul> <li>Body length,</li> </ul>	• Head	<ul> <li>Chest breadth at</li> </ul>	Wrist breadth	seated)		
crown to sole	circumference	armpit	Wrist depth	Thigh depth (clearance		
(supine)	Head height	<ul> <li>Chest breadth at</li> </ul>	Wrist circumference	when seated)		
Sitting height	Ear to ear	nipples	Hand length	Upper thigh depth		
<ul> <li>Sitting height,</li> </ul>	(bitragion)	<ul> <li>Chest depth</li> </ul>	Hand length (to thumb	(standing)		
crown to rump	breadth	• Chest	crotch)	Mid-thigh depth (supine		
(supine)	Mouth breadth	circumference at	Hand breadth at palm	in infant)		
Centre of gravity	Mouth opening	armpit	Hand breadth at thumb	Upper thigh		
(standing)	(between	• Chest	Hand depth	circumference		
Centre of gravity     (sitting)	incisors)	circumference at	Hand circumference at	Mid-thigh     siresymforones (symins)		
(sitting)	Face breadth,	nipples	palm • Hand clearance	circumference (supine		
	bizygomatic	Hip breadth     (maximum in)		in infants)		
	(cheekbones)  • Face breadth	infants)	(minimum aperture)	Ankle height     Ankle breadth		
	(frontal brow	Hip breadth at	Maximum grip diameter     (between thumb and	Ankle circumference		
	ridges)	trochanter	index finger)	Foot height		
	Jaw breadth	Hip breadth	Grip length (middle finger	Foot length		
	Face height	(maximum when	to thumb)	Foot breadth		
	Fage height	seated)	Fist breadth	Leg length, buttock to		
	(bridge of nose to	Hip depth	Fist depth	sole (seated)		
	chin)	• Hip	Fist circumference	Leg length, buttock to		
	Eye height (from	circumference	Thumb length	sole (supine)		
	floor)	Shoulder height	Thumb breadth at distal	Upper leg length, buttock		
	Eye height	(from floor)	joint	to knee (seated)		
	(seated)	<ul> <li>Shoulder height</li> </ul>	Thumb diameter	Upper leg length, buttock		
	<ul> <li>Eye separation</li> </ul>	(supine)	(minimum aperture)	to popliteal (seated)		
	(interpupillary	<ul> <li>Shoulder height</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Index finger length</li> </ul>	Upper leg length, buttock		
	distance)	(seated)	<ul> <li>Index finger breadth at</li> </ul>	to popliteal (supine)		
	<ul> <li>Nose length</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Shoulder breadth</li> </ul>	distal joint	Knee height (seated)		
	Neck breadth	(bideltoid)	Index finger breadth at	Popliteal height (seated)		
	Neck	Shoulder breadth	middle joint	Knee breadth (seated)		
	circumference	(biacromial)	Index finger diameter	Knee circumference		
		Waist breadth (in	(minimum aperture)	Lower leg length, knee to		
		infants)	Palm length      Manual label to the form of the manual label to the form of the manual label to the	sole (supine)		
		Waist	Knuckle height (from floor)	Lower leg length,  poplited to sale (supine)		
		circumference (maximum in	Upper arm length     (shoulder to elbow)	<ul><li>popliteal to sole (supine)</li><li>Calf height (at maximum</li></ul>		
		infants)	Upper arm depth	circumference)		
		Waist	Upper arm circumference	Calf depth		
		circumference	Upper arm circumference	Call depth     Calf circumference		
		(natural)	at armpit	Heal breadth		
		Waist	Elbow height			
		circumference at	Elbow height (supine)			
		navel	Elbow height (seated)			
		Waist height at	Elbow breadth			
		navel	Lower arm length (elbow to			
		Waist breadth	fingertip)			
		<ul> <li>Abdominal depth</li> </ul>	Lower arm length (elbow to			
		Hip height at	grip)			
		trochanter	Lower arm breadth			
		Buttock height at	Lower arm circumference			
		maximum depth	Fingertip height (from			
		Buttock height at	floor)			
		gluteal furrow	Middle finger length			
			Middle finger length (distal			
			joint to tip)			



Middle finger length
(middle joint to distal joint)
Middle finger length
(knuckle to middle joint,
hand clenched)
Middle finger breadth at
distal joint dista
Middle finger breadth at
middle joint
Middle finger depth at
distal joint
Middle finger depth at
middle joint
Middle finger diameter
(minimum aperture)
Third finger length
Third finger breadth at
distal joint
Third finger breadth at
middle joint
Little finger length
Little finger depth at distal
joint
Little finger depth at
middle joint
Little finger diameter

#### 2) Functional anthropometry

Reach	Span	Step	
Overhead reach to grip (standing) Overhead reach to grip (seated) Overhead reach to fingertip (on tiptoes) Overhead reach to fingertip (jumping) Forward reach to grip (standing) Forward reach to grip (seated) Forward reach to grip (stretching and sitting in a chair) Forward reach (stretching and seated, legs outstretched) Sideways reach to grip (standing)	Span     Elbow span	Step height	

## 3) Physical abilities

Strength	Movement	Specific performance
Pushing forwards Pushing downwards Pushing sideways Pulling Lifting Hanging by the arms Hitting force Wrist twisting strength Opening strength Grip / Squeeze strength Pinch strength Pinch force (tops of fingers) Pinch force (lateral) Shear force Pushing forwards with feet Biting Lip strength	Running endurance     Maximum running distance     Maximum running speed     Jumping forwards     Jumping sideways     Jumping upwards     Jumping over a barrier     Swimming     Walking across a ladder     Walking sideways     Hopping (on one foot)     Static balance (on a narrow beam)     Dynamic balance (on a narrow beam)	Height at which windows can be opened     Climbing fences     Volume of a swallow     Throwing distances



## 4) Psychological abilities

Perceptual		Cognitive	
•	Reaction time to visual stimuli	•	Understanding colour
•	Reaction time to auditory stimuli	•	Understanding safety symbols
•	Reaction time to visual & auditory stimuli	•	Attention span