FOREIGN PRODUCERS'/EXPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

CARBON AND ALLOY STEEL CUT-TO-LENGTH PLATE ("CTL PLATE") FROM AUSTRIA, BELGIUM, BRAZIL, CHINA, FRANCE, GERMANY, ITALY, JAPAN, SOUTH AFRICA, SOUTH KOREA, TAIWAN, AND TURKEY

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by September 15, 2022 See last page for filing instructions.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its reviews of the countervailing duty orders on CTL plate from China and South Korea and the antidumping duty orders on CTL plate from Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and Turkey (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-560-561 and 731-TA-1317-1328 (Review)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII.

Name of firm _____

| Has your firm produced | or exported CTL plate (as defined or | n next page) at any time sir | nce January 1, 2016? | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| NO (Sign the | certification below and promptly return | only this page of the question | nnaire to the Commission) | | | |
| YES (Complet | YES (Complete all parts of the questionnaire, and return the entire questionnaire to the Commission) | | | | | |
| Data reported in this | questionnaire relate to (Check or | ie): | | | | |
| Austria | Belgium | ☐ Brazil | China | | | |
| France | Germany | Italy | Japan | | | |
| South Africa | South Korea ¹ | Taiwan | Turkey | | | |
| https://dropbox.usitc. | gov/oinv/. (PIN: CTLP) | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 | | |
| | CERTIFICAT | | | | | |
| knowledge and belief and underst means of this certification I also information provided in this quest conducted by the Commission on t response to this request for inforn the Commission, its employees at related proceeding, or (b) in inter operations of the Commission incl | rein supplied in response to this tand that the information submitted grant consent for the Commission stionnaire and throughout this properties are same or similar merchandise. It is nation and throughout this proceed and Offices, and contract personnel renal investigations, audits, reviews auding under 5 U.S.C. Appendix 3; ounderstand that all contract personnel contrac | d is subject to audit and on, and its employees are ceeding in any other implies and the undersigned, acknowleding or other proceeding not and evaluations relating of the control of the | verification by the Commination of contract personnel, to cort-injury proceedings of edge that information submitted to and used intaining the records of the programs, personemployees and contract p | ission. By o use the r reviews mitted in ted: (i) by this or a nnel, and ersonnel, | | |
| Name of Authorized Official | Title of Authorized Official | Date | ? | | | |
| | Phone: | | | | | |
| Signature | | Ema | il address | | | |

PART I.--GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.— Effective January 26, 2017, the Department of Commerce ("Commerce") issued antidumping duty orders on imports of CTL plate from Brazil, South Africa, and Turkey (82 FR 8911, February 1, 2017). On March 20, 2017, Commerce issued antidumping and countervailing duty orders on imports of CTL plate from China (82 FR 14346-14352). On May 25, 2017, Commerce issued antidumping and countervailing duty orders on imports of CTL plate from South Korea and antidumping duty orders on imports of CTL plate from Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, and Taiwan (82 FR 24096-24105). On December 1, 2021, the Commission instituted reviews pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1675(c)) (the Act) to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. If both the Commission and Commerce make affirmative determinations, the orders will remain in place. If either the Commission or Commerce makes negative determinations, Commerce will revoke the orders. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2021/carbon and alloy steel cut to length plate austria/first review full.htm.

<u>CTL plate</u> covered by these orders is certain carbon and alloy steel hot-rolled or forged flat plate products not in coils, whether or not painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances (cut-to-length plate). Subject merchandise includes plate that is produced by being cut-to-length from coils or from other discrete length plate and plate that is rolled or forged into a discrete length. The products covered include (1) Universal mill plates (i.e., flat-rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm but not exceeding 1250 mm, and of a thickness of not less than 4 mm, which are not in coils and without patterns in relief), and (2) hot-rolled or forged flat steel products of a thickness of 4.75 mm or more and of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness, and which are not in coils, whether or not with patterns in relief. The covered products described above may be rectangular, square, circular or other shapes and include products of either rectangular or non-rectangular cross-section where such non-rectangular cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process, i.e., products which have been "worked after rolling", (e.g., products which have been beveled or rounded at the edges).

For purposes of the width and thickness requirements referenced above, the following rules apply:

- (1) Except where otherwise stated where the nominal and actual thickness or width measurements vary, a product from a given subject country is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set forth above unless the product is already covered by an order existing on that specific country (e.g., orders on hot-rolled flat-rolled steel); and
- (2) where the width and thickness vary for a specific product (e.g., the thickness of certain products with non-rectangular cross section, the width of certain products with non-rectangular shape, etc.), the measurement at its greatest width or thickness applies.

Steel products included in the scope of these orders are products in which: (1) Iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less by weight.

Subject merchandise includes cut-to-length plate that has been further processed in the subject country or a third country, including but not limited to pickling, oiling, levelling, annealing, tempering, temper rolling, skin passing, painting, varnishing, trimming, cutting, punching, beveling, and/or slitting, or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the orders if performed in the country of manufacture of the cut-to-length plate.

All products that meet the written physical description, are within the scope of these orders unless specifically excluded or covered by the scope of an existing order. The following products are outside of, and/or specifically excluded from, the scope of these orders:

- (1) Products clad, plated, or coated with metal, whether or not painted, varnished or coated with plastic or other non-metallic substances;
- (2) military grade armor plate certified to one of the following specifications or to a specification that references and incorporates one of the following specifications:
 - MIL-A-12560,
 - MIL-DTL-12560H,
 - MIL-DTL-12560J,
 - MIL-DTL-12560K,
 - MIL-DTL-32332,
 - MIL-A-46100D,
 - MIL-DTL-46100-E,
 - MIL-46177C,
 - MIL-S-16216K Grade HY80,
 - MIL-S-16216K Grade HY100,
 - MIL-S-24645A HSLA-80,
 - MIL-S-24645A HSLA-100,
 - T9074–BD–GIB–010/0300 Grade HY80,
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Grade HY100,
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Grade HSLA80,
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Grade HSLA100, and
 - T9074-BD-GIB-010/0300 Mod. Grade HSLA115,

Except that any cut-to-length plate certified to one of the above specifications, or to a military grade armor specification that references and incorporates one of the above specifications, will not be excluded from the scope if it is also dual- or multiple-certified to any other non-armor specification that otherwise would fall within the scope of these orders;

- (3) stainless steel plate, containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium by weight;
- (4) CTL plate meeting the requirements of ASTM A–829, Grade E 4340 that are over 305mm in actual thickness;

- (5) Alloy forged and rolled CTL plate greater than or equal to 152.4 mm in actual thickness meeting each of the following requirements:
 - (a) Electric furnace melted, ladle refined & vacuum degassed and having a chemical composition (expressed in weight percentages):
 - Carbon 0.23-0.28,
 - Silicon 0.05-0.20,
 - Manganese 1.20-1.60,
 - Nickel not greater than 1.0,
 - Sulfur not greater than 0.007,
 - Phosphorus not greater than 0.020,
 - Chromium 1.0–2.5,
 - Molybdenum 0.35–0.80,
 - Boron 0.002-0.004,
 - Oxygen not greater than 20 ppm,
 - Hydrogen not greater than 2 ppm, and
 - Nitrogen not greater than 60 ppm;
 - (b) With a Brinell hardness measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness falling within one of the following ranges:
 - (i) 270-300 HBW,
 - (ii) 290-320 HBW, or
 - (iii) 320-350HBW;
 - (c) Having cleanliness in accordance with ASTM E45 method A (Thin and Heavy): A not exceeding 1.5, B not exceeding 1.0, C not exceeding 0.5, D not exceeding 1.5; and
 - (d) Conforming to ASTM A578–S9 ultrasonic testing requirements with acceptance criteria 2 mm flat bottom hole;

- (6) Alloy forged and rolled steel CTL plate over 407 mm in actual thickness and meeting the following requirements:
 - (a) Made from Electric Arc Furnace melted, Ladle refined & vacuum degassed, alloy steel with the following chemical composition (expressed in weight percentages):
 - Carbon 0.23-0.28,
 - Silicon 0.05-0.15,
 - Manganese 1.20–1.50,
 - Nickel not greater than 0.4,
 - Sulfur not greater than 0.010,
 - Phosphorus not greater than 0.020,
 - Chromium 1.20–1.50,
 - Molybdenum 0.35-0.55,
 - Boron 0.002-0.004,
 - Oxygen not greater than 20 ppm,
 - Hydrogen not greater than 2 ppm, and
 - Nitrogen not greater than 60 ppm;
 - (b) Having cleanliness in accordance with ASTM E45 method A (Thin and Heavy): A not exceeding 1.5, B not exceeding 1.5, C not exceeding 1.0, D not exceeding 1.5;
 - (c) Having the following mechanical properties:
 - (i) With a Brinell hardness not more than 237 HBW measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness; and having a Yield Strength of 75ksi min and UTS 95ksi or more, Elongation of 18% or more and Reduction of area 35% or more; having charpy V at -75 degrees F in the longitudinal direction equal or greater than 15 ft. lbs (single value) and equal or greater than 20 ft. lbs (average of 3 specimens) and conforming to the requirements of NACE MR01–75; or
 - (ii) With a Brinell hardness not less than 240 HBW measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness; and having a Yield Strength of 90 ksi min and UTS 110 ksi or more, Elongation of 15% or more and Reduction of area 30% or more; having charpy V at -40 degrees F in the longitudinal direction equal or greater than 21 ft. lbs (single value) and equal or greater than 31 ft. lbs (average of 3 specimens);
 - (d) Conforming to ASTM A578–S9 ultrasonic testing requirements with acceptance criteria 3.2 mm flat bottom hole; and
 - (e) Conforming to magnetic particle inspection in accordance with AMS 2301;

- (7) Alloy forged and rolled steel CTL plate over 407 mm in actual thickness and meeting the following requirements:
 - (a) Made from Electric Arc Furnace melted, ladle refined & vacuum degassed, alloy steel with the following chemical composition (expressed in weight percentages):
 - Carbon 0.25-0.30,
 - Silicon not greater than 0.25,
 - Manganese not greater than 0.50,
 - Nickel 3.0-3.5,
 - Sulfur not greater than 0.010,
 - Phosphorus not greater than 0.020,
 - Chromium 1.0–1.5,
 - Molybdenum 0.6-0.9,
 - Vanadium 0.08 to 0.12
 - Boron 0.002-0.004,
 - Oxygen not greater than 20 ppm,
 - Hydrogen not greater than 2 ppm, and
 - Nitrogen not greater than 60 ppm.
 - (b) Having cleanliness in accordance with ASTM E45 method A (Thin and Heavy): A not exceeding 1.0(t) and 0.5(h), B not exceeding 1.5(t) and 1.0(h), C not exceeding 1.0(t) and 0.5(h), and D not exceeding 1.5(t) and 1.0(h);
 - (c) Having the following mechanical properties: A Brinell hardness not less than 350 HBW measured in all parts of the product including mid thickness; and having a Yield Strength of 145ksi or more and UTS 160ksi or more, Elongation of 15% or more and Reduction of area 35% or more; having charpy V at -40 degrees F in the transverse direction equal or greater than 20 ft. lbs (single value) and equal or greater than 25 ft. lbs (average of 3 specimens);
 - (d) Conforming to ASTM A578–S9 ultrasonic testing requirements with acceptance criteria 3.2 mm flat bottom hole; and
 - (e) Conforming to magnetic particle inspection in accordance with AMS 2301.

South Korea: At the time of the filing of the petitions, there was an existing antidumping and countervailing duty order on certain cut-to-length carbon-quality steel plate products from South Korea. See Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value: Certain Cut-To-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate Products from Korea (64 FR 73196, December 29, 1999, as amended, 65 FR 6585, February 10, 2000) and Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination: Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon-Quality Steel Plate From the Republic of Korea (64 FR 73176, December 29, 1999, as amended, 65 FR 6587 February 10, 2000) ("1999 South Korea Orders"). The scope of these reviews with regard to cut-to-length plate from South Korea covers only (1) in-scope cut-to-length plate not within the physical description of cut-to-length carbon quality steel plate in the 1999 South Korea Orders, regardless of producer or exporter; and (2) cut-to-length plate produced and/or exported by those companies that were excluded or revoked from the 1999 South Korea Orders as of April 8, 2016. The only revoked or excluded company is Pohang Iron and Steel Company, also known as POSCO.

China: Excluded from the scope of this review of the antidumping duty order on cut-to-length plate from China are any products covered by the existing antidumping duty order on certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate from China. See Suspension Agreement on Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From the People's Republic of China; Termination of Suspension Agreement and Notice of Antidumping Duty Order (68 FR 60081, October 21, 2003), as amended, Affirmative Final Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping Duty Order on Certain Cut-to-Length Carbon Steel Plate From the People's Republic of China (76 FR 50996, 50996–50997, August 17, 2011) ("2003 China AD Order"). On August 17, 2011, the U.S. Department of Commerce found that the existing 2003 China AD Order covered all imports of certain cut-to-length carbon steel plate products with 0.0008 percent or more boron, by weight, from China not meeting all of the following requirements: aluminum level of 0.02 percent or greater, by weight; a ratio of 3.4 to 1 or greater, by weight, of titanium to nitrogen; and a hardenability test (i.e., Jominy test) result indicating a boron factor of 1.8 or greater.

CTL plate subject to these reviews is currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTS") under statistical reporting numbers: 7208.40.3030, 7208.40.3060, 7208.51.0030, 7208.51.0045, 7208.51.0060, 7208.52.0000, 7211.13.0000, 7211.14.0030, 7211.14.0045, 7225.40.1110, 7225.40.1180, 7225.40.3005, 7225.40.3050, 7226.20.0000, and 7226.91.5000.

CTL plate subject to these reviews may also enter under the following HTS statistical reporting numbers: 7208.40.6060, 7208.53.0000, 7208.90.0000, 7210.70.3000, 7210.90.9000, 7211.19.1500, 7211.19.2000, 7211.19.4500, 7211.19.6000, 7211.19.7590, 7211.90.0000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, 7212.50.0000, 7214.10.000, 7214.30.0010, 7214.30.0080, 7214.91.0015, 7214.91.0060, 7214.91.0090, 7225.11.0000, 7225.19.0000, 7225.40.5110, 7225.40.5130, 7225.40.5160, 7225.40.7000, 7225.99.0010, 7225.99.0090, 7206.11.1000, 7226.11.9060, 7229.19.1000, 7226.19.9000, 7226.91.0500, 7226.91.1530, 7226.91.1560, 7226.91.2530, 7226.91.2560, 7226.91.7000, 7226.91.8000, and 7226.99.0180. HTS statistical reporting numbers 7225.40.5110, 7225.40.5160, 7226.91.1560, and 7226.91.2560 cover tool/high speed steel CTL plate, 7226.91.0500 covers chipper knife steel CTL plate, and 7225.40.5130, 7226.91.1530, and 7226.91.2530 cover ball bearing steel CTL plate.

The HTS provisions are provided for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Reporting of information</u>.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, purchaser and/or foreign producer questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>—If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Nayana Kollanthara (202-205-2043, Nayana.Kollanthara@usitc.gov).

| I-1. | OMB statisticsPlease report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your |
|------|--|
| | firm of completing this questionnaire. |

| Hours | Dollars |
|-------|---------|
| | |

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 30 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please attach such comments to your response or send to the Office of Investigations, USITC, 500 E St. SW, Washington, DC 20436.

I-2. <u>Establishments covered</u>.--Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this questionnaire.

"Establishment"-- Each facility of a firm in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, or Turkey involved in the production or export of CTL plate, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such facilities. Firms operating more than one establishment in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, or Turkey should combine the data for all establishments into a single report.

- I-3. <u>Stock symbol information.</u>— If your firm or any of the entities reported in question I-2 are publicly traded in the United States, please specify the stock exchange and trading symbol (including American Depository Receipts, if applicable): _____.
- I-4. <u>External counsel.</u>— If your firm or parent firm is represented by external counsel in relation to this proceeding, please specify the name of the law firm and the lead attorney(s).

| Law firm: | |
|-------------------|--|
| Lead attorney(s): | |

I-5. <u>U.S. importers.</u>--Please provide the names, contacts, email addresses, and telephone numbers of the <u>TEN</u> largest U.S. importers of your firm's CTL plate since January 1, 2016.

| No. | Importer's name | Contact person | Email address | Area code and telephone number | Share of your firm's 2016-21 U.S. exports (%) |
|-----|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---|---|
| 1 | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | |
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| 9 | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | |

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

| I-6. | Related producersDoes your firm or any related firm produce, have the capability to produce, |
|------|--|
| | or have any plans to produce CTL plate in the United States or other countries? |

| No | Yes | If yesPlease name the firm(s) and country(ies) below and, if U.S. producer(s), ensure that they complete the Commission's producer questionnaire. |
|----|-----|---|
| | | |

I-7. Related U.S. importers.--Does your firm or any related firm import or have any plans to import CTL plate into the United States?

| No | If yesPlease name the firm(s) below and ensure that they complete the Commission's importer questionnaire. |
|----|--|
| | |

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Nayana Kollanthara (202-205-2043, Nayana.Kollanthara@usitc.gov). Supply all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis.

| II-1. | | mationPlease identify the responsible taff may contact that individual regardin | individual and the manner by which ng the confidential information submitted |
|-------|-----------|---|--|
| | Name | | |
| | Title | | |
| | Email | | |
| | Telephone | | |

II-2a. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the production of CTL plate since January 1, 2016.

| Chec | ck as many as appropriate. | If checked, please describe the nature, date(s), and significance of any such reported changes as well as the business reasons for them; leave completely blank if not applicable. |
|------|--|--|
| | Plant openings | |
| | Plant closings | |
| | Relocations | |
| | Expansions | |
| | Acquisitions | |
| | Consolidations | |
| | Prolonged shutdowns or production curtailments | |
| | Revised labor agreements | |
| | Other (e.g., technology) | |

| II-2b. | COVID-19 pandemic. — Since January 1, 2020, has the COVID-19 pandemic or have any |
|--------|--|
| | government actions taken to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus resulted in changes in |
| | relation to your firm's supply chain arrangements, production, and sales (including exports to |
| | the United States) relating to CTL plate? In your response, please discuss the duration and |
| | timing of any such changes as they relate to your firm's operations. |

| No | Yes | If yes, describe these changes including a separate discussion of the (a) supply chain impact, and (b) production and sales impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. |
|----|-----|--|
| | | |

II -2c Anticipated changes in operations.--Does your firm anticipate any changes in in the character of its operations or organization relating to the production of CTL plate in the future?

| No | Yes | If yes, supply details as to the time, nature, and significance of such changes and describe the underlying reasons and assumptions for them. |
|----|-----|---|
| | | |

II-3a. **Production using same machinery**.--Please report your firm's production of products made on the same equipment, machinery, or employees as used to produce CTL plate, and the combined production capacity on this shared equipment, machinery, or employees in the periods indicated.

"Overall capacity" or "capacity" –The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the specified periods for all products manufactured in that establishment using the same manufacturing equipment. Assume normal operating conditions (i.e., using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate; normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year) and time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup).

Note.--If your firm does not produce any out-of-scope merchandise on the same machinery and equipment as scope merchandise then the "overall production capacity" numbers reported in this question should be exactly equal to the "average production capacity" numbers reported in question II-11. If, however, your firm does produce out-of-scope merchandise using the same machinery and equipment as scope merchandise, then the "average production capacity" reported in question II-11 should exclude the portion of "overall production capacity" that was used to produce this out-of-scope merchandise.

"Production" -- All production in your establishment(s) in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, or Turkey, including production consumed internally within your firm.

II-3a. **Production using same machinery**.--**Continued**

| | C | Quantity (| in short | tons) | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------|------|
| | Calendar year January-June | | | | | | | |
| Item | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 |
| Overall production capacity | | | | | | | | |
| Production of: CTL plate ¹ | | | | | | | | |
| Other products ² | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ¹ Data entered for production of ² Please identify these products: | • | will popul | ate here o | nce repor | ted in que | stion II-11. | | |

| II-3b. | Operating parameters The production capacity reported in II-3a is based on the following | ng |
|--------|---|----|
| | operating paramaters: | |

| Hours per week | Weeks per year |
|----------------|----------------|
| | |

| II-3c. | <u>Capacity calculation</u> Please describe the methodology used to calculate overall production capacity reported in II-3a, and explain any changes in reported capacity. |
|--------|--|
| | |
| II-3d. | <u>Production constraints</u> Please describe the constraint(s) that set the limit(s) on your firm's production capacity. |
| | |

| II-3e. | Product shifting. |
|--------|-------------------|
| 11-26. | Frouuct Similing. |

| No | Yes | If yes—(i.e., have produced other products or are able to produce other products) Please identify other actual or potential products: |
|--|--|---|
| | | |
| be | etween pr | ribe the factors that affect your firm's ability to shift production capacity oducts (e.g., time, cost, relative price change, etc.), and the degree to whice senhance or constrain such shifts. |
| | | nat percentage of your firm's total sales in its most recent fiscal year was es of CTL plate? percent. |
| - | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Firm's est | | nare of production in the subject countryPlease estimate the percentage |
| total prod | imated sh uction of | |
| total prod firm's pro Firm's est the United | imated sh uction of duction in imated sh d States o | CTL plate in the country specified on the certification page accounted for be 2021 percent. Please estimate the percentage of total exports. |
| total prod firm's pro Firm's est the United by your fir Third cou | imated sh uction of duction in imated sh d States o rm's expo | CTL plate in the country specified on the certification page accounted for be 2021 percent. Please estimate the percentage of total exports of the country specified on the certification page accounted to the certification page accounted to the certification page. |
| total prod firm's pro Firm's est the United by your fir Third cou | imated sh uction of duction in imated sh d States o rm's expo | CTL plate in the country specified on the certification page accounted for be 2021 percent. Please estimate the percentage of total exports of CTL plate from the country specified on the certification page accounted rts in 2021 percent. Please estimate the percentification page accounted rts in 2021 percent. |
| firm's prod firm's prod Firm's est the United by your fir Third could antidump | imated sh uction of duction in imated sh d States o rm's expo ntry trade ing/count | CTL plate in the country specified on the certification page accounted for be 2021 percent. Page of country's exportsPlease estimate the percentage of total exports of CTL plate from the country specified on the certification page accounted rets in 2021 percent. PactionsIs the CTL plate exported by your firm subject to ervailing duty/safeguard findings, remedies, or proceedings? If yes— List the products(s), countries affected, and the date of such |
| total prod firm's prod firm's est the United by your firm third courantidump. No Other exp | imated shuction of duction in imated shuction in imated shuction in imated shuck shu | rare of country's exportsPlease estimate the percentage of total exports of CTL plate from the country specified on the certification page accounted rats in 2021 percent. PactionsIs the CTL plate exported by your firm subject to ervailing duty/safeguard findings, remedies, or proceedings? If yes— List the products(s), countries affected, and the date of such |

| | | since 2016. Please identify and discuss below. |
|--|--|---|
| | | |
| existing cou United Stat South Korea production, | intervailing es from Au a, Taiwan, a home mar | rvailing and antidumping duty orders—Describe the significance of and antidumping duty orders covering imports of CTL plate into the stria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South and Turkey in terms of its effect on your firm's production capacity exet shipments, exports to the United States and other markets, and vish to compare your firm's operations before and after the impossions. |
| | | |
| operations inventories, research an in the futur Belgium, Br | or organiza purchases d developr e if the cou azil, China, | ationWould your firm anticipate any changes in in the character tion, including its production capacity, production, U.S. shipments, employment, revenues, costs, profits, cash flow, capital expendinent expenditures, or asset values relating to the production of Contervailing and antidumping duty orders on CTL plate from Austria France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, oked? |
| operations inventories, research an in the futur | or organiza purchases d developr e if the cou azil, China, | tion, including its production capacity, production, U.S. shipments, employment, revenues, costs, profits, cash flow, capital expendinent expenditures, or asset values relating to the production of Contervailing and antidumping duty orders on CTL plate from Austria France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, |

II-11. <u>Trade data</u>.--Report your firm's production capacity, production, shipments, and inventories related to the production of CTL plate in your establishment(s) in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, or Turkey during the specified periods. Do not include resales of CTL plate that your firm did not produce in this question; those data to the degree they are exported to the United States should only be reported in question II-12.

II-11. Trade data.—Continued

<u>Do not submit data by manufacturing facility if they are in the same country.</u> If your firm has multiple manufacturing establishments within one country, you are required to combine data for those establishments within one foreign producer questionnaire response.

<u>Do not submit data on multiple countries combined</u>. The establishments reported here should all be located in the country of the firm's address reported on the certification page. Multinational companies with production in multiple subject countries should submit separate foreign producer questionnaire responses for each subject country.

"Average production capacity" or "capacity" –The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain during the specified periods for all products manufactured in that establishment using the same manufacturing equipment. Assume normal operating conditions (i.e., using equipment and machinery in place and ready to operate; normal operating levels (hours per week/weeks per year) and time for downtime, maintenance, repair, and cleanup; and a typical or representative product mix).

"Production" -- All production in your establishment(s) in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Turkey, including production consumed internally within your firm.

"Shipments"--Shipments of products produced in your establishment(s) in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Turkey. Quantities reported should be net of returns. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Turkey.

"Home market commercial shipments"--Shipments, other than internal consumption and transfers to related firms, within Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Turkey.

"Home market internal consumption/transfers to related firms"--Shipments made to related firms in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Turkey, including product consumed internally by your firm.

"Export shipments"--Shipments to destinations outside Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Turkey, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work-in-progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-11. Trade data.--Continued.

| | Quantity | (in short to | ons) and V | alue (<i>in 1,0</i> | 000 dollars |) | | |
|--|--|---|---|----------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--------|
| | | | Calend | ar year | | | Januar | y-June |
| Item | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 |
| Average production capacity ¹ (A) | | | | | | | | |
| Beginning-of-period inventories (B) | | | | | | | | |
| Production (C) | | | | | | | | |
| Home market shipments: Internal consumption/ transfers Quantity (D) | | | | | | | | |
| Value (E) | | | | | | | | |
| Commercial shipments Quantity (F) | | | | | | | | |
| Value (G) | | | | | | | | |
| Export shipments: to the United States: Quantity (H) | | | | | | | | |
| Value (I) | | | | | | | | |
| to the European Union: ² <i>Quantity</i> (J) | | | | | | | | |
| Value (K) | | | | | | | | |
| to Asia: ³ <i>Quantity</i> (L) | | | | | | | | |
| Value (M) | | | | | | | | |
| to non-U.S. America: ⁴ <i>Quantity</i> (N) | | | | | | | | |
| Value (O) | | | | | | | | |
| to all other markets: ⁵ <i>Quantity</i> (P) | | | | | | | | |
| Value (Q) | | | | | | | | |
| Total exports (Quantity) (R) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | C |
| Total shipments (<i>Quantity</i>) (S) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | C |
| End-of-period inventories (T) | | | | | | | | |
| The production capacity re describe the methodology used Identify your firm's princip Identify your firm's princip Identify your firm's princip Identify your firm's princip | to calculate al Europear al Asian exp al non-U.S. | e production <i>Union</i> exponent port market American (i | n capacity, a ort markets s: ncluding No | nd explain : | any changes | in reporte | d capacity: | · |

II-11. <u>Trade data</u>.—Continued.

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, PRODUCTION, AND INVENTORY.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line T) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line B), plus production (i.e., line C), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, J, L, N, and P). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

| | | | January-June | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Item | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 |
| B + C - D - F - H - J - L - N - | | | | | | | | |
| P – T= should equal zero | | | | | | | | |
| ("0") or provide an | | | | | | | | |
| explanation. ¹ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: _____.

Exports not produced by your firm.--Report your firm's exports of CTL plate that were produced in Austria, Belgium, Brazil, China, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, South Africa, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Turkey but not by your firm during the specified periods. Note these data should not be included in question II-11.

| 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 | 2022 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | | | | |
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| | ts: | | | ts: | | |

II-13. <u>Total shipments by plate thickness and steel type</u>.--Report the quantity of your firm's total shipments (inclusive of home market and export market shipments) by plate thickness (across) and steel type (down) in 2021.

| | | Thickness | |
|--------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| | <1" | >=1" but <4" | >=4" |
| Item | | Quantity (short tons) | |
| U.S. shipments in 2021: | | | |
| Carbon plate as rolled (AE) | | | |
| Carbon plate heat treated (AF) | | | |
| Alloy plate as rolled (AG) | | | |
| Alloy plate heat treated (AH) | | | |

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL SHIPMENTS BY PLATE THICKNESS AND STEEL TYPE.—Please ensure that the quantities reported for total shipments by plate thickness and steel type in this question (i.e., lines AE through AH across all columns) equal the quantities reported for total shipments in questions II-11 and II-12 combined (i.e., lines D, F, H, J, L, P, U, W, Y, AA, and AC) in 2021. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

| Reconciliation | Calendar year 2021 |
|---|--------------------|
| AE + AF + AG + AH - D - F - H - J - L - P - U - W - Y - AA - AC = | |
| zero ("0"), if not revise. | 0 |

II-14. Production capacity by specific product type and steel thickness. -- Report separately
(a) your firm's ability or capacity to produce the following product types and thicknesses in 2021 and (b) your firm's actual production of the following product types and thicknesses in 2021.

(a) Ability or capacity to produce:

| | | Thickness | |
|---|------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | <1" | >=1" but <4" | >=4" |
| Item | Ability or | capacity to produ | ice in 2021 |
| Ability or capacity to produce in 2021: Carbon structural steel plate | | | |
| CrMo pressure vessel plate | | | |
| Ni pressure vessel plate | | | |
| Other pressure vessel plate | | | |
| Tool steel plate | | | |
| Mold steel plate | | | |
| AR400-AR600 wear resistant/abrasion resistant plate | | | |
| Other wear resistant/abrasion resistant plate | | | |
| Oil-drilling platform plate | | | |
| Offshore wind energy plate | | | |
| Shipbuilding plate | | | |
| X-70 (or higher) plate width < 120 inches | | | |
| X-70 (or higher) plate width >= 120 inches | | | |
| Other plate for line pipe | | | |
| Sour service plate | | | |
| High-speed steel plate | | | |
| Heat-resisting steel plate | | | |
| Ultra high strength steel (UHSS) or advanced high strength steel (AHSS) plate | | | |
| High strength low alloy (HSLA) plate | | | |
| Forged alloy steel plate | | | |
| A553, Type 1, 9% nickel | | | |
| API2W grade 50 or 60 | | | |
| SA387 grade 11 or 22 | | | |
| SA516 grade 70/65, HIC tested | | | |
| API Quad (API-2H/A633-C/SA537-1/ABS EH-DH36) w/3.2 | | | |

II-14. **Production capacity by specific product type and steel thickness**.--Continued

(b) Actual production of:

| | | Thickness | |
|---|------|------------------|------|
| | <1" | >=1" but <4" | >=4" |
| Item | Actu | ally produced in | 2021 |
| Actually produced in 2021: | | | |
| Carbon structural steel plate | | | |
| CrMo pressure vessel plate | | | |
| Ni pressure vessel plate | | | |
| Other pressure vessel plate | | | |
| Tool steel plate | | | |
| Mold steel plate | | | |
| AR400-AR600 wear resistant/abrasion resistant plate | | | |
| Other wear resistant/abrasion resistant plate | | | |
| Oil-drilling platform plate | | | |
| Offshore wind energy plate | | | |
| Shipbuilding plate | | | |
| X-70 (or higher) plate width < 120 inches | | | |
| X-70 (or higher) plate width >= 120 inches | | | |
| Other plate for line pipe | | | |
| Sour service plate | | | |
| High-speed steel plate | | | |
| Heat-resisting steel plate | | | |
| Ultra high strength steel (UHSS) or advanced high strength steel (AHSS) plate | | | |
| High strength low alloy (HSLA) plate | | | |
| Forged alloy steel plate | | | |
| A553, Type 1, 9% nickel | | | |
| API2W grade 50 or 60 | | | |
| SA387 grade 11 or 22 | | | |
| SA516 grade 70/65, HIC tested | | | |
| API Quad (API-2H/A633-C/SA537-1/ABS EH-DH36) w/3.2 | | | |

| II-15. | Other explanations. – If your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part |
|--------|---|
| | Il for which a narrative box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your |
| | firm had in providing data in this section. |
| | |
| | |

PART III.--MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Hau Nguyen (202-708-1441, hau.nguyen@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information</u>.--Please identify the responsible individual and how Commission staff may contact the individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part III.

| Name | |
|-----------|--|
| Title | |
| Email | |
| Telephone | |

III-2. <u>Contract versus spot.</u>-- Approximately what share of your firm's sales of CTL plate to the following markets in 2021 were on the basis of (1) short-term contracts, (2) annual contracts, (3) long-term contracts, and (4) spot sales?

| | | Type of | f sale | | | |
|---|--|--|---|---|--|--------|
| Market | Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months) | Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months) | Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months) | Spot sales (for a single delivery) | Total (sho sum to 100.09 across | o % |
| Exports to the United States | % | % | % | % | 0.0 | % |
| Exports to markets other than the United States | % | % | % | % | 0.0 | % |
| Home market | % | % | % | % | 0.0 | % |

III-3. Changes in factors affecting supply.-- Have changes in any factors affecting supply (e.g., changes in availability or prices of energy or labor; transportation conditions; production capacity and/or methods of production; technology; export markets; or alternative production opportunities) affected the availability of CTL plate produced in the country specified on the certification page for export to the U.S. market, other export markets, or the home market, since January 1, 2016?

| No | Yes | If yes, please describe. |
|----|-----|--------------------------|
| | | |

| produced future? | | | u anticipate any changes in terms of the availability of CTL plate ified on the certification page for export to the U.S. market in th |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Increase | No change | Decrease | If you anticipate changes in supply, please identify the chang including the timing and impact of such changes on shipment volumes and prices of exports to the United States. |
| | | | |
| market a other sale as tariffs, | nd alternates arrange, quotas, of exports of | ative third of ements, or or other no | ow easily your firm can shift its sales of CTL plate between the country markets. In your discussion, please describe any contract other constraints (including any third-country trade barriers such tariff barriers) that would prevent or impede your firm from between the U.S. and alternative country markets within a 12- |
| | | | |
| market d | ifferent fr | | ct range, product mix, or marketing of CTL plate in your home r your exports of CTL plate to the United States or to third-cour |
| market d markets? | ifferent fr | rom that fo | r your exports of CTL plate to the United States or to third-cour |
| market d | ifferent fr | rom that fo | |
| market d markets? | ifferent fr | rom that fo | r your exports of CTL plate to the United States or to third-cour |
| No Product of or market | Yes changes | If yes, plead - Have ther L plate in y | r your exports of CTL plate to the United States or to third-cour |
| No Product of or market | Yes changes | If yes, plear - Have then L plate in yuntry marke | r your exports of CTL plate to the United States or to third-course explain. e been any significant changes in the product range, product mour firm's home market, for export to the United States, or for |

| | No | Yes | If yes, explain the changes, noting when these changes occurred or are expected to occur. |
|-----------|------------------|---|--|
| | | | |
| in | nterchar | ngeable (i | 2Is the CTL plate produced by your firm and sold in its home market i.e., can be used in the same applications) with your firm's CTL plate exporte es and/or to third-country markets? |
| | | No | If no, identify the market(s) and any differences in the products. |
| | Yes | NO | in no, identify the market(s) and any differences in the products. |
| <u>Er</u> | nd uses | .— Do the end | d uses of the CTL plate that your firm manufactures and sells to your home fer from those of the CTL plate your firm exports to the U.S. market or to atry markets? |
| _ | nd uses | .— Do the end | d uses of the CTL plate that your firm manufactures and sells to your home ffer from those of the CTL plate your firm exports to the U.S. market or to |
| _ | nd uses a) E | .— Do the end narket dif hird-cour | d uses of the CTL plate that your firm manufactures and sells to your home fer from those of the CTL plate your firm exports to the U.S. market or to atry markets? |
| _ | nd uses a) [n t | .— Do the end narket difficiency Yes | d uses of the CTL plate that your firm manufactures and sells to your home fer from those of the CTL plate your firm exports to the U.S. market or to stry markets? If yes, please explain the differences. |
| (a | nd uses a) [n t | .— Do the end narket difficiency Yes | d uses of the CTL plate that your firm manufactures and sells to your home fer from those of the CTL plate your firm exports to the U.S. market or to stry markets? If yes, please explain the differences. e been any changes in the end uses of CTL plate since January 1, 2016, or do |

| III-11. | Demand trends. Indicate how demand in the following markets for CTL plate has changed since |
|---------|--|
| | January 1, 2016, and how you anticipate demand will change in the future. Explain any trends |
| | and describe the principal factors that have affected, and that you anticipate will affect, these |
| | changes in demand. |

| Marke | Ove t incre | | No change | Overall decrease | Fluctuate with no clear trend | Explanation and factors |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | , | | | Demand s | since January | 1, 2016 |
| Home marke | 1 1 | | | | | |
| United States | | | | | | |
| Other market | 1 1 | | | | | |
| | • | • | | Anticipa | ted future de | emand |
| Home marke | 1 1 | | | | | |
| United States | | | | | | |
| Other market | 1 1 | | | | | |
| nny price | comparis | ons ar | nd note th | ne sources f | or your mark | tion as to time periods and region et knowledge. home market for CTL plate, inclue of competition between them. |
| | | | | | | <u> </u> |
| Import co home ma | - | <u>n</u> Do | es your fi | rm face cor | mpetition fro | m imports of CTL plate in your firr |
| | | | | | | |
| No | Yes | If yes, | please id | lentify the | country sour | ces of these imports. |

| III-15. | Role of section 232 tariffs Did the measures (e.g. tariffs, quotas, etc.) on imported steel/aluminum products under section 232, or changes in the measures (such as the level, coverage, or nature of the measures), have an impact on your firm's exports of CTL plate to the United States? | | |
|---------|--|-----|--------------------------|
| | No | Yes | If yes, please describe. |
| | | | |
| III-16. | Role of section 301 tariffs Did the tariffs on Chinese-origin products under section 301, or changes in these tariffs, have an impact on your firm's exports of CTL plate to the United States? | | |
| | No | Yes | If yes, please describe. |
| | | | |
| III-17. | Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III for which a narrative box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

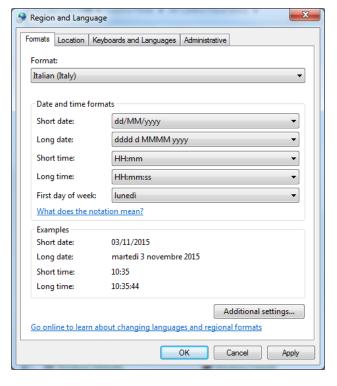
Correcting Valid number error messages. -- If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The U.S. International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

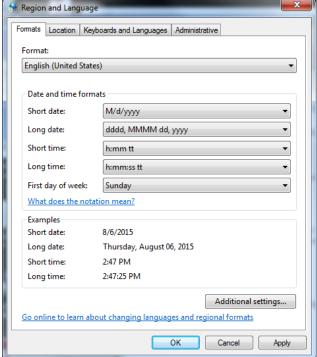
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty-five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the USITC foreign producer questionnaire form. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://www.usitc.gov/investigations/701731/2021/carbon and alloy steel cut to len gth plate austria/first review full.htm

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box.</u>—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: CTLP

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to Nayana.Kollanthara@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm <u>did not </u>**produce or export this product**, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

Parties to this proceeding.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1802). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.