#### **U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE**

# COLD-DRAWN MECHANICAL TUBING FROM CHINA, GERMANY, INDIA, ITALY, SOUTH KOREA, AND SWITZERLAND

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by <u>September 29, 2023</u>

See last page for instructions regarding how to file this questionnaire.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its review of the countervailing duty orders on certain cold-drawn mechanical tubing of carbon and alloy steel ("cold-drawn mechanical tubing") from China and India and the antidumping duty orders on cold-drawn mechanical tubing from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and Switzerland (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-576-577 and 731-TA-1362-1367 (Review)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of firm

Address

City		State	Zip Code	
Website _				
(i.e., out-of-	scope merchandise)	<del>-</del> :	imary statistical reporting n	our firm imported other products umbers (as defined on page 5) of nce January 1, 2017?
□NO	(Sign the certificat	on below and promptly return only	this page of the questionnaire t	to the Commission)
YES	Cold-drawn me	chanical tubing (Complete all pa	rts of the questionnaire and re	turn to the Commission)
YES	Products other question II-12)	than cold-drawn mechanical	tubing under primary H1	S numbers (Complete part I and
· ·		Commission <i>Drop Box</i> by clic nv/. (PIN: CDMT). See last page	-	
		CERTIFICA	ΓΙΟΝ	
nowledge and neans of this o nformation pro	belief and understa ertification I also o vided in this question	nd that the information submit grant consent for the Commiss	ed is subject to audit and ion, and its employees ar	te and correct to the best of my verification by the Commission. By and contract personnel, to use the ort-injury investigations or reviews
roceeding or o ersonnel (a) fo eviews, and ev ppendix 3; or (	ther proceedings m r developing or mai valuations relating ii) by U.S. governme	ay be disclosed to and used: (i) intaining the records of this or o to the programs, personnel, a	by the Commission, its en a related proceeding, or (b nd operations of the Con	r information and throughout this nployees and Offices, and contract ) in internal investigations, audits, nmission including under 5 U.S.C. rity purposes. I understand that all
lame of Author	ized Official	Title of Authorized Official	Date	
ignature		Phone	Email	address

#### PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

**Background.**-- On February 1, 2018, the Department of Commerce ("Commerce") issued countervailing duty orders on imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from China and India. On June 11, 2018, Commerce issued antidumping duty orders on imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and Switzerland. On January 3, 2023, the Commission instituted reviews pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1675(c)) (the Act) to determine whether revocation of the orders would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to the domestic industry within a reasonably foreseeable time. If both the Commission and Commerce make affirmative determinations, the orders will remain in place. If either the Commission or Commerce makes negative determinations, Commerce will revoke the orders. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at

https://usitc.gov/reports/active\_import\_injury\_questionnaires and https://ids.usitc.gov/case/4541/investigation/8334.

Cold-drawn mechanical tubing covered by this proceeding is cold-drawn mechanical tubing of carbon and alloy steel of circular cross-section, 304.8 mm or more in length, in actual outside diameters less than 331mm, and regardless of wall thickness, surface finish, end finish or industry specification. The subject cold-drawn mechanical tubing is a tubular product with a circular cross-sectional shape that has been cold-drawn or otherwise cold-finished after the initial tube formation in a manner that involves a change in the diameter or wall thickness of the tubing, or both. The subject cold-drawn mechanical tubing may be produced from either welded (e.g., electric resistance welded, continuous welded, etc.) or seamless (e.g., pierced, pilgered or extruded, etc.) carbon or alloy steel tubular products. It may also be heat treated after cold working. Such heat treatments may include, but are not limited to, annealing, normalizing, quenching and tempering, stress relieving or finish annealing. Typical cold-drawing methods for subject merchandise include, but are not limited to, drawing over mandrel, rod drawing, plug drawing, sink drawing and similar processes that involve reducing the outside diameter of the tubing with a die or similar device, whether or not controlling the inside diameter of the tubing with an internal support device such as a mandrel, rod, plug or similar device. Other cold-finishing operations that may be used to produce subject merchandise include cold-rolling and cold-sizing the tubing.

Subject cold-drawn mechanical tubing is typically certified to meet industry specifications for cold-drawn tubing including but not limited to:

- (1) American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) or American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) specifications ASTM A–512, ASTM A–513 Type 3 (ASME SA513 Type 3), ASTM A–513 Type 4 (ASME SA513 Type 4), ASTM A–513 Type 5 (ASME SA513 Type 5), ASTM A–513 Type 6 (ASME SA513 Type 6), ASTM A–519 (cold-finished);
- (2) SAE International (Society of Automotive Engineers) specifications SAE J524, SAE J525, SAE J2833, SAE J2614, SAE J2467, SAE J2435, SAE J2613;
- (3) Aerospace Material Specification (AMS) AMS T–6736 (AMS 6736), AMS 6371, AMS 5050, AMS 5075, AMS 5062, AMS 6360, AMS 6361, AMS 6362, AMS 6371, AMS 6372, AMS 6374, AMS 6381, AMS 6415;
- (4) United States Military Standards (MIL) MIL-T-5066 and MIL-T-6736;

- (5) foreign standards equivalent to one of the previously listed ASTM, ASME, SAE, AMS or MIL specifications including but not limited to:
  - (a) German Institute for Standardization (DIN) specifications DIN 2391–2, DIN 2393–2, DIN 2394–2);
  - (b) European Standards (EN) EN 10305–1, EN 10305–2, EN 10305–4, EN 10305–6 and European national variations on those standards (e.g., British Standard (BS EN), Irish Standard (IS EN) and German Standard (DIN EN) variations, etc.);
  - (c) Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) JIS G 3441 and JIS G 3445; and
- (6) proprietary standards that are based on one of the above-listed standards.

The subject cold-drawn mechanical tubing may also be dual or multiple certified to more than one standard. Pipe that is multiple certified as cold-drawn mechanical tubing and to other specifications not covered by this scope, is also covered by the scope of these orders when it meets the physical description set forth above.

Steel products included in the scope of these orders are products in which: (1) Iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less by weight.

For purposes of this scope, the place of cold-drawing determines the country of origin of the subject merchandise. Subject merchandise that is subject to minor working in a third country that occurs after drawing in one of the subject countries including, but not limited to, heat treatment, cutting to length, straightening, non-destruction testing, deburring or chamfering, remains within the scope of these orders.

All products that meet the written physical description are within the scope of these orders unless specifically excluded or covered by the scope of an existing order. Merchandise that meets the physical description of cold-drawn mechanical tubing above is within the scope of these orders even if it is also dual or multiple certified to an otherwise excluded specification listed below. The following products are outside of, and/or specifically excluded from, the scope of these orders:

- (1) Cold-drawn stainless steel tubing, containing 10.5 percent or more of chromium by weight and not more than 1.2 percent of carbon by weight;
- (2) products certified to one or more of the ASTM, ASME or American Petroleum Institute (API) specifications listed as follows: ASTM A–53; ASTM A–106; ASTM A–179 (ASME SA 179); ASTM A–192 (ASME SA 192); ASTM A–209 (ASME SA 209); ASTM A–210 (ASME SA 210); ASTM A–213 (ASME SA 213); ASTM A–334 (ASME SA 334); ASTM A–423 (ASME SA 423); ASTM A–498; ASTM A–496 (ASME SA 496); ASTM A–199; ASTM A–500; ASTM A–556; ASTM A–565; API 5L; and API 5CT except that any cold-drawn tubing product certified to one of the above excluded specifications will not be excluded from the scope if it is also dual- or multiple-certified to any other specification that otherwise would fall within the scope of these orders.

Cold-drawn mechanical tubing is currently imported under statistical reporting numbers 7304.31.3000, 7304.31.6050, 7304.51.1000, 7304.51.5005, 7304.51.5060, 7306.30.5015, 7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). It may also be imported

under HTSUS statistical reporting numbers 7306.30.1000 and 7306.50.1000. The HTSUS provisions are for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Primary HTS numbers</u>.-- The term "primary HTS numbers" refers to statistical reporting numbers 7304.31.3000, 7304.31.6050, 7304.51.1000, 7304.51.5005, 7304.51.5060, 7306.30.5015, 7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS).

**Reporting of information**.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, purchaser and/or foreign producer questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

**Release of information**.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>--If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Mary Messer (202-205-3193, mary.messer@usitc.gov).

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>--The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macroenabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (<a href="https://www.usitc.gov/trade\_remedy/question.htm">https://www.usitc.gov/trade\_remedy/question.htm</a>) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is <a href="https://www.usitc.gov/trade">optional</a>. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding

(available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

I-1. Reporting requirements.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire for use by the Office of Management and Budget.

Hours	Dollars

The questions in this questionnaire have been reviewed with market participants to ensure that issues of concern are adequately addressed and that data requests are sufficient, meaningful, and as limited as possible. Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 50 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please provide such comments to the Office of Investigations, <a href="mailto:import injury@usitc.gov">import injury@usitc.gov</a>.

I-2a.	stablishments coveredProvide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by t	his
	uestionnaire.	

		ch facility of a firm involved in the <u>importation</u> of cold-drawn mechanical iliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically facilities.
-2b.		ation If your firm or parent firm is publicly traded, please specify the rading symbol:
-2c.	-	your firm or parent firm is represented by external counsel in relation to se specify the name of the law firm and the lead attorney(s).
	Law firm:	
	Lead attorney(s):	

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Country

Firm name

☐ No	YesList the following information, relating to	YesList the following information, relating to the ultimate parent/owner.				
		Extent of ownership				

(percent)

U.S. Importers'	Questionnaire	- Cold-Drawn	Mechanical	Tubing	(Review)
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Page 6

drawn mechanical tubi	-Please indicate the nature of your firming. The importer of record is expected the answer may be applicable.  Takes title to the imported product(s) imported product	to complete this questionnaire e of the Customs broke
Importing operationsdrawn mechanical tubic	-Please indicate the nature of your firming. The importer of record is expected	n's importing operations on co
Importing operationsdrawn mechanical tubic	-Please indicate the nature of your firming. The importer of record is expected	n's importing operations on co
Firm name	Country	Affiliation
engaged in the product	oes your firm have any related firms, eition of cold-drawn mechanical tubing?List the following information.	ither domestic or foreign, the
Firm name	Country	Affiliation
that are engaged in exp	ed in importing cold-drawn mechanical corting cold-drawn mechanical tubing to the cold-drawn mechanical tubing tubin	to the United States?
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Related importers/exp	ortersDoes your firm have any relat	
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11 C	Importors'	Questionnaire -	Cold-Drawn	Machanical	Tubing	(Paviou)
U.S.	importers	- Questionnaire :	- Cold-Drawn	iviechanicai	i i ubine	ikeviewi

				Contact person ar
Firm na	me	Address		phone number
	cal tubing i	ehousesPlease indicate v nto, or withdraws such me	•	
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### PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Mary Messer (202-	205-3193,
mary.messer@usitc.gov). Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.	

		•	t of the questionnaire can be obtained from Mary Messer (202-205-3193, ly all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis.					
II-1.			Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted					
	Name							
	Title							
	Email							
	Telephone							
II-2a.	_	-	Has your firm experienced any changes in ownership or in the nature of s for cold-drawn mechanical tubing since January 1, 2017?					
	No	c	f yes, supply details as to the time, nature, and significance of such changes and describe reasons for the changes, including any underlying assumptions used.					
II-2b.	contain the arrangement tubing? In	e spread of tl ents, importa	Has the COVID-19 pandemic or have any government actions taken to the COVID-19 virus resulted in changes in your firm's supply chain tion, employment, and shipments relating to cold-drawn mechanical se, please discuss the duration and timing of any such changes as they erations.					
	No	s	f yes, describe these changes including the impact over time on the (a) upply chain, (b) importation and shipments, and (c) employment with espect to cold-drawn mechanical tubing.					
II-2c.	Anticipated changes in operations.—Does your firm anticipate any changes in in the character of its operations or organization relating to the importation of cold-drawn mechanical tubing in the future?							
	No	Yes	If yes, supply details as to the likely timing, nature, and significance of such anticipated changes and discuss the underlying assumptions and business reasons for them.					

### U.S. Importers' Questionnaire - Cold-Drawn Mechanical Tubing (Review) Page 10 II-3. Arranged imports.--Has your firm imported or arranged for the importation of cold-drawn mechanical tubing for delivery after June 30, 2023? "Arranged imports" are imports for which your firm has placed an order with a foreign supplier for subject merchandise, but delivery of those imports is not scheduled to occur until after the date listed above. ☐ No Yes–Fill out the table below. Quantity (in short tons) Period/Source Oct-Dec 2023 Jan-Mar 2024 Jul-Sept 2023 Apr-Jun 2024 China Germany India Italy South Korea Switzerland All other sources 11-4. Reasons for importing if producer.--If your firm also produces cold-drawn mechanical tubing in the United States, please indicate the reasons for importing this product. If your firm's reasons differ by source, please elaborate.

#### **Definitions**

"Imports" – Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values"—Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

**"U.S. commercial shipments"**— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

**"Export shipments"**— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>Imports: China</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from China during the specified periods.

# **CHINA**

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)									
	Calendar year         Janu           2017         2018         2019         2020         2021         2022         2022								
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)									
Imports: <sup>1</sup> Under primary HTS numbers: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (B)									
Value (C)									
Under other HTS numbers: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (D)									
Value (E)									
U.S. shipments:  Commercial shipments:  Quantity (F)									
Value (G)									
Internal consumption:  Quantity (H)									
Value <sup>4</sup> (I)									
Transfers to related firms:  Quantity (J)									
Value⁴ (K)									
Export shipments: <sup>5</sup> Quantity (L)									
Value (M)									
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)									
<ul> <li>Please identify the foreign program of Primary HTS numbers: 7304.3</li> <li>7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030.</li> <li>Identify other HTS statistical radius for valuing these transactions data provided above in this table satisfies.</li> <li>Identify your firm's principal expressions.</li> </ul>	1.3000, 73 eporting nonsfers to resin your reshould be be	04.31.6050, umbers for velated firms cords, pleas ased on fair	7304.51.10 which data must be val e specify th	are reporte ued at fair r at basis (e.g	d: market valu	e. If your fi	rm uses a d	ifferent	

#### II-5a. Imports: China.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

			January-June					
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero ("0") or								
provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:								

II-5b. <u>Channels of distribution: China</u>-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from China by channel of distribution in the specified period.

### **CHINA**

			January-June					
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	Quantity (in short tons)							
U.S. shipments:								
to Distributors (O)								
to End users (P)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O and P) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

			Januar	y-June				
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
O + P - F - H - J = zero ("0"),								
if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II-5c. <u>U.S. shipments by end use: China</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from China by intended end use during the specified period. For any of your firm's U.S. shipments of imports made to distributors, please attempt to report those volumes in the most appropriate ultimate end use line, and <u>do not</u> simply group all of those shipments in the "Other" category.

### CHINA

Quantity (in short tons)	
Item	Calendar year 2022
U.S. shipments:	
Agricultural (Q)	
Automotive (R)	
Heavy machinery/industrial (S)	
Oil and gas (T)	
Other¹ (U)	
<sup>1</sup> Identify other end uses:	

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY END USE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines Q through U) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)	
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022
Q + R + S + T + U - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-5d. <u>U.S. shipments by type: China</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from China by type during the specified period.

### **CHINA**

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. shipments of cold-drawn mechanical tubing made from:						
Carbon steel welded pipe (V)						
Carbon steel seamless pipe (W)						
Alloy steel welded pipe (X)						
Alloy steel seamless pipe (Y)						

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY TYPE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines V through Y) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)					
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022				
V + W + X + Y – F – H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0				

II-5e. <u>U.S. imports under granted section 232 exclusion: China</u>.—Has your firm been <u>granted</u> an exclusion from section 232 measures for its U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from China?

### **CHINA**

YesPlease complete the following table as appropriate.
NoSkip to next question.

Report the quantity (in short tons) of your firm's U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from China that entered the United States utilizing a granted exclusion from section 232 measures during calendar year 2022.

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing utilizing a <b>granted</b> section 232 exclusion from China (Z)						

II-6a. <u>Imports: Germany</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from Germany during the specified periods.

## **GERMANY**

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)									
	Calendar year         Janu           2017         2018         2019         2020         2021         2022         2022								
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)									
Imports: <sup>1</sup> Under primary HTS numbers: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (B)									
Value (C)									
Under other HTS numbers: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (D)									
Value (E)									
U.S. shipments:  Commercial shipments:  Quantity (F)									
Value (G)									
Internal consumption:  Quantity (H)									
Value <sup>4</sup> (I)									
Transfers to related firms:  Quantity (J)									
Value⁴ (K)									
Export shipments: <sup>5</sup> Quantity (L)									
Value (M)									
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)									
<ul> <li>Please identify the foreign program of Primary HTS numbers: 7304.3</li> <li>7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030.</li> <li>Identify other HTS statistical radius for valuing these transactions data provided above in this table satisfies.</li> <li>Identify your firm's principal expressions.</li> </ul>	1.3000, 73 eporting nonsfers to resin your reshould be be	04.31.6050, umbers for velated firms cords, pleas ased on fair	7304.51.10 which data must be val e specify th	are reporte ued at fair r at basis (e.g	d: market valu	e. If your fi	rm uses a d	ifferent	

#### II-6a. Imports: Germany.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

	Calendar year							January-June	
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023	
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N =									
should equal zero ("0") or									
provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:									

II-6b. <u>Channels of distribution: Germany</u>-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Germany by channel of distribution in the specified period.

### **GERMANY**

	Calendar year						January-June		
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023	
	Quantity (in short tons)								
U.S. shipments:									
to Distributors (O)									
to End users (P)									

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O and P) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

			Januar	y-June				
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
O + P - F - H - J = zero ("0"),								
if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II-6c. <u>U.S. shipments by end use: Germany</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Germany by intended end use during the specified period. For any of your firm's U.S. shipments of imports made to distributors, please attempt to report those volumes in the most appropriate ultimate end use line, and <u>do not</u> simply group all of those shipments in the "Other" category.

### **GERMANY**

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. shipments:						
Agricultural (Q)						
Automotive (R)						
Heavy machinery/industrial (S)						
Oil and gas (T)						
Other¹ (U)						
<sup>1</sup> Identify other end uses:						

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY END USE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines Q through U) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)						
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022					
Q + R + S + T + U - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0					

II-6d. <u>U.S. shipments by type: Germany</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Germany by type during the specified period.

### **GERMANY**

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. shipments of cold-drawn mechanical tubing made from:						
Carbon steel welded pipe (V)						
Carbon steel seamless pipe (W)						
Alloy steel welded pipe (X)						
Alloy steel seamless pipe (Y)						

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY TYPE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines V through Y) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)						
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022					
V + W + X + Y – F – H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0					

II-6e. <u>U.S. imports under granted section 232 exclusion: Germany</u>.—Has your firm been <u>granted</u> an exclusion from section 232 measures for its U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from Germany?

### **GERMANY**

YesPlease complete the following table as appropriate.
NoSkip to next question.

Report the quantity (in short tons) of your firm's U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from Germany that entered the United States utilizing a granted exclusion from section 232 measures during calendar year 2022.

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing utilizing a <b>granted</b> section 232 exclusion from Germany (Z)						

II-7a. <u>Imports: India</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from India during the specified periods.

# **INDIA**

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)									
			Calend	ar year			January-June		
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)									
Imports: <sup>1</sup> Under primary HTS numbers: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (B)									
Value (C)									
Under other HTS numbers: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (D)									
Value (E)									
U.S. shipments:  Commercial shipments:  Quantity (F)									
Value (G)									
Internal consumption:  Quantity (H)									
Value <sup>4</sup> (I)									
Transfers to related firms:  Quantity (J)									
Value⁴ (K)									
Export shipments: <sup>5</sup> Quantity (L)									
Value (M)									
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)									
<ul> <li>Please identify the foreign program of Primary HTS numbers: 7304.3</li> <li>7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030.</li> <li>Identify other HTS statistical radius for valuing these transactions data provided above in this table satisfies.</li> <li>Identify your firm's principal expressions.</li> </ul>	1.3000, 73 eporting nonsfers to resin your reshould be be	04.31.6050, umbers for velated firms cords, pleas ased on fair	7304.51.10 which data must be val e specify th	are reporte ued at fair r at basis (e.g	d: market valu	e. If your fi	rm uses a d	ifferent	

#### II-7a. Imports: India.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

	Calendar year						January-June	
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero ("0") or	0		•	0	•		•	0
provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup> 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0								
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:								

II-7b. <u>Channels of distribution: India</u>-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from India by channel of distribution in the specified period.

### **INDIA**

	Calendar year						January-June		
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023	
	Quantity (in short tons)								
U.S. shipments:									
to Distributors (O)									
to End users (P)									

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O and P) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year						y-June
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
O + P - F - H - J = zero ("0"),								
if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II-7c. <u>U.S. shipments by end use: India</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from India by intended end use during the specified period. *For any of your firm's U.S. shipments of imports made to distributors, please attempt to report those volumes in the most appropriate ultimate end use line, and <u>do not</u> simply group all of those shipments in the "Other" category.* 

### **INDIA**

Quantity (in short tons)					
Item	Calendar year 2022				
U.S. shipments:					
Agricultural (Q)					
Automotive (R)					
Heavy machinery/industrial (S)					
Oil and gas (T)					
Other¹ (U)					
<sup>1</sup> Identify other end uses:					

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY END USE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines Q through U) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)					
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022				
Q + R + S + T + U - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0				

II-7d. <u>U.S. shipments by type: India</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from India by type during the specified period.

### **INDIA**

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. shipments of cold-drawn mechanical tubing made from:						
Carbon steel welded pipe (V)						
Carbon steel seamless pipe (W)						
Alloy steel welded pipe (X)						
Alloy steel seamless pipe (Y)						

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY TYPE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines V through Y) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)					
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022				
V + W + X + Y – F – H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0				

II-7e. <u>U.S. imports under granted section 232 exclusion: India</u>.—Has your firm been <u>granted</u> an exclusion from section 232 measures for its U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from India?

### **INDIA**

YesPlease complete the following table as appropriate.
NoSkip to next question.

Report the quantity (in short tons) of your firm's U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from India that entered the United States utilizing a granted exclusion from section 232 measures during calendar year 2022.

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing utilizing a <b>granted</b> section 232 exclusion from India (Z)						

II-8a. <u>Imports: Italy</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from Italy during the specified periods.

# **ITALY**

	Quan	tity ( <i>in sho</i>	rt tons), v	alue ( <i>in \$1</i> ,	,000)			
			January-June					
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)								
Imports: <sup>1</sup> Under primary HTS numbers: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (B)								
Value (C)								
Under other HTS numbers: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (D)								
Value (E)								
U.S. shipments:  Commercial shipments:  Quantity (F)								
Value (G)								
Internal consumption:  Quantity (H)								
Value <sup>4</sup> (I)								
Transfers to related firms:  Quantity (J)								
Value⁴ (K)								
Export shipments: <sup>5</sup> Quantity (L)								
Value (M)								
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)								
<ul> <li>Please identify the foreign program of Primary HTS numbers: 7304.3</li> <li>7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030.</li> <li>Identify other HTS statistical radius for valuing these transactions data provided above in this table satisfies.</li> <li>Identify your firm's principal expressions.</li> </ul>	1.3000, 73 eporting nonsfers to resin your reshould be be	04.31.6050, umbers for velated firms cords, pleas ased on fair	7304.51.10 which data must be val e specify th	are reporte ued at fair r at basis (e.g	d: market valu	e. If your fi	rm uses a d	ifferent

#### II-8a. Imports: Italy.-Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

		Calendar year					January-June	
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N =								
should equal zero ("0") or								
provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:								

II-8b. <u>Channels of distribution: Italy</u>-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Italy by channel of distribution in the specified period.

### **ITALY**

		Calendar year					January-June	
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	Quantity (in short tons)							
U.S. shipments:								
to Distributors (O)								
to End users (P)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O and P) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year						y-June
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
O + P - F - H - J = zero ("0"),								
if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II-8c. <u>U.S. shipments by end use: Italy</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Italy by intended end use during the specified period. *For any of your firm's U.S. shipments of imports made to distributors, please attempt to report those volumes in the most appropriate ultimate end use line, and <u>do not</u> simply group all of those shipments in the "Other" category.* 

### **ITALY**

Quantity (in short tons)					
Item	Calendar year 2022				
U.S. shipments:					
Agricultural (Q)					
Automotive (R)					
Heavy machinery/industrial (S)					
Oil and gas (T)					
Other¹ (U)					
<sup>1</sup> Identify other end uses:					

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY END USE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines Q through U) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)				
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022			
Q + R + S + T + U - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0			

II-8d. <u>U.S. shipments by type: Italy</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Italy by type during the specified period.

### **ITALY**

Quantity (in short tons)					
Item	Calendar year 2022				
U.S. shipments of cold-drawn mechanical tubing made from:					
Carbon steel welded pipe (V)					
Carbon steel seamless pipe (W)					
Alloy steel welded pipe (X)					
Alloy steel seamless pipe (Y)					

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY TYPE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines V through Y) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)					
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022				
V + W + X + Y – F – H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0				

II-8e. <u>U.S. imports under granted section 232 exclusion: Italy</u>.—Has your firm been <u>granted</u> an exclusion from section 232 measures for its U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from Italy?

### **ITALY**

YesPlease complete the following table as appropriate.
NoSkip to next question.

Report the quantity (in short tons) of your firm's U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from Italy that entered the United States utilizing a granted exclusion from section 232 measures during calendar year 2022.

Quantity (in short tons)					
Item	Calendar year 2022				
U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing utilizing a <b>granted</b> section 232 exclusion from Italy (Z)					

II-9a. <u>Imports: South Korea</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from South Korea during the specified periods.

# **SOUTH KOREA**

Quantity (in short tons), value (in \$1,000)								
	Calendar year							y-June
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)								
Imports: <sup>1</sup> Under primary HTS numbers: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (B)  Value (C)								
Under other HTS numbers: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (D)								
Value (E) U.S. shipments:								
Commercial shipments:  Quantity (F)								
Value (G)								
Internal consumption:  Quantity (H)								
Value <sup>4</sup> (I)								
Transfers to related firms:  Quantity (J)								
Value⁴ (K)								
Export shipments: <sup>5</sup> Quantity (L)								
Value (M)								
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)								
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign pro <sup>2</sup> Primary HTS numbers: 7304.3 7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030. <sup>3</sup> Identify other HTS statistical rational for valuing these transactions data provided above in this table satisfies of the statistical factors.	1.3000, 730 eporting nunsfers to resin your rechange to be	04.31.6050, umbers for valated firms cords, pleas ased on fair	7304.51.10 which data a must be val e specify th	are reported ued at fair r at basis (e.g	d: market valu	e. If your fi	rm uses a d	ifferent

#### II-9a. Imports: South Korea.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

		Calendar year					January-June	
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N =								
should equal zero ("0") or								
provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:								

II-9b. <u>Channels of distribution: South Korea</u>-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from South Korea by channel of distribution in the specified period.

### **SOUTH KOREA**

	Calendar year January-June							
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	Quantity (in short tons)							
U.S. shipments: to Distributors (O)								
to End users (P)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O and P) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year					Januar	y-June
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
O + P - F - H - J = zero ("0"),								
if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II-9c. <u>U.S. shipments by end use: South Korea</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from South Korea by intended end use during the specified period. *For any of your firm's U.S. shipments of imports made to distributors, please attempt to report those volumes in the most appropriate ultimate end use line, and <u>do not simply group all of those shipments in the "Other" category.</u>* 

### **SOUTH KOREA**

Quantity (in short tons)					
Item	Calendar year 2022				
U.S. shipments:					
Agricultural (Q)					
Automotive (R)					
Heavy machinery/industrial (S)					
Oil and gas (T)					
Other¹ (U)					
<sup>1</sup> Identify other end uses:					

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY END USE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines Q through U) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)					
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022				
Q + R + S + T + U - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0				

II-9d. <u>U.S. shipments by type: South Korea</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from South Korea by type during the specified period.

### **SOUTH KOREA**

Quantity (in short tons)					
Item	Calendar year 2022				
U.S. shipments of cold-drawn mechanical tubing made from:					
Carbon steel welded pipe (V)					
Carbon steel seamless pipe (W)					
Alloy steel welded pipe (X)					
Alloy steel seamless pipe (Y)					

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY TYPE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines V through Y) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)		
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022	
V + W + X + Y – F – H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	

II-9e. <u>U.S. imports under granted section 232 exclusion: South Korea</u>.—Has your firm been <u>granted</u> an exclusion from section 232 measures for its U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from South Korea?

### **SOUTH KOREA**

YesPlease complete the following table as appropriate.
NoSkip to next question.

Report the quantity (in short tons) of your firm's U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from South Korea that entered the United States utilizing a granted exclusion from section 232 measures during calendar year 2022.

Quantity (in short tons)		
Item	Calendar year 2022	
U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing utilizing a <b>granted</b> section 232 exclusion from South Korea (Z)		

II-10a. <u>Imports: Switzerland</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from Switzerland during the specified periods.

# **SWITZERLAND**

	Quan	tity ( <i>in sho</i>	rt tons), va	alue ( <i>in \$1,</i>	.000)			
			Calend	ar year			Januar	y-June
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)								
Imports: <sup>1</sup> Under primary HTS numbers: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (B) Value (C)								
Under other HTS numbers: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (D)								
Value (E) U.S. shipments:								
Commercial shipments:  Quantity (F)								
Value (G)								
Internal consumption:  Quantity (H)								
Value <sup>4</sup> (I)								
Transfers to related firms:  Quantity (J)								
Value⁴ (K)								
Export shipments: <sup>5</sup> Quantity (L)								
Value (M)								
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)								
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign pro <sup>2</sup> Primary HTS numbers: 7304.3 7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030. <sup>3</sup> Identify other HTS statistical rational for valuing these transactions data provided above in this table satisfies of the statistical factors.	1.3000, 730 eporting nunsfers to resin your rechange to be	04.31.6050, umbers for valated firms cords, pleas ased on fair	7304.51.10 which data a must be val e specify th	are reported ued at fair r at basis (e.g	d: market valu	e. If your fi	rm uses a d	ifferent

### II-10a. Imports: Switzerland.—Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

				January-June				
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero ("0") or								
provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated	<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:							

II-10b. <u>Channels of distribution: Switzerland</u>-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Switzerland by channel of distribution in the specified period.

## **SWITZERLAND**

		Calendar year January-Ju						
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	Quantity (in short tons)							
U.S. shipments:								
to Distributors (O)								
to End users (P)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O and P) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

				January-June				
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2022	2023				
O + P - F - H - J = zero ("0"),								
if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II-10c. <u>U.S. shipments by end use: Switzerland</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Switzerland by intended end use during the specified period. For any of your firm's U.S. shipments of imports made to distributors, please attempt to report those volumes in the most appropriate ultimate end use line, and <u>do not</u> simply group all of those shipments in the "Other" category.

### **SWITZERLAND**

Quantity (in short tons)					
Item	Calendar year 2022				
U.S. shipments:					
Agricultural (Q)					
Automotive (R)					
Heavy machinery/industrial (S)					
Oil and gas (T)					
Other¹ (U)					
<sup>1</sup> Identify other end uses:					

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY END USE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines Q through U) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

<u>How to update calculations</u>.--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

Quantity (in short tons)	
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022
Q + R + S + T + U - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-10d. <u>U.S. shipments by type: Switzerland</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Switzerland by type during the specified period.

### **SWITZERLAND**

Quantity (in short tons)	
Item	Calendar year 2022
U.S. shipments of cold-drawn mechanical tubing made from:	
Carbon steel welded pipe (V)	
Carbon steel seamless pipe (W)	
Alloy steel welded pipe (X)	
Alloy steel seamless pipe (Y)	

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY TYPE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines V through Y) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F, H, and J) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

<u>How to update calculations.</u>--Interact (check/uncheck then select a different data entry field) with this check box to have the form update its calculations (in grey table) below.

Quantity (in short tons)	
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022
V + W + X + Y – F – H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-10e. <u>U.S. imports under granted section 232 exclusion: Switzerland</u>.—Has your firm been <u>granted</u> an exclusion from section 232 measures for its U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from Switzerland?

## **SWITZERLAND**

YesPlease complete the following table as appropriate.
NoSkip to next question.

Report the quantity (in short tons) of your firm's U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing from Switzerland that entered the United States utilizing a granted exclusion from section 232 measures during calendar year 2022.

Quantity (in short tons)						
Item	Calendar year 2022					
U.S. imports of cold-drawn mechanical tubing utilizing a <b>granted</b> section 232 exclusion from Switzerland (Z)						

II-11a. <u>Imports: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from **all other sources** during the specified periods.

# **ALL OTHER SOURCES**

	Quant	tity (in sho	rt tons), v	alue ( <i>in \$1</i> ,	,000)			
			Calend	ar year			Janua	ry-June
Item	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)								
Imports: <sup>1</sup> Under primary HTS numbers: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (B)								
Value (C)								
Under other HTS numbers: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (D)								
Value (E)								
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)								
Value (G)								
Internal consumption / transfers to related firms: Quantity (H)								
Value⁴ (I)								
Export shipments: <sup>5</sup> Quantity (J)								
Value (K)								
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (L)								
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the foreign pr <sup>2</sup> Primary HTS numbers: 7304.3 7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030. <sup>3</sup> Identify other HTS statistical <sup>4</sup> Internal consumption and tra basis for valuing these transaction data provided above in this table s <sup>5</sup> Identify your firm's principal	reporting nunsfers to resident in your reconductions in your reconductions to be	04.31.6050, umbers for v lated firms cords, pleas used on fair	7304.51.10 which data a must be val e specify th	are reporte ued at fair r at basis (e.g	d: market valu	ıe. If your fi	rm uses a d	ifferent

### II-11a. Imports: All other sources.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

			Calenda	ar year			Januar	y-June
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L =								
should equal zero ("0") or								
provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:
\_\_\_\_\_.

II-11b. <u>Channels of distribution: All other sources</u>--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by channel of distribution in the specified period.

		Calendar year January-June						
ltem	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
			Q	uantity ( <i>in</i>	short ton	s)		
Channels of distribution: U.S. shipments to distributors (M)								
to end users (N)								

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year January					y-June		
Reconciliation	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
M + N - F - H = zero ("0"), if								
not revise.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

II-11c. <u>U.S. shipments by end use: All other sources</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by intended end use during 2022. For any of your firm's U.S. shipments of imports made to distributors, please attempt to report those volumes in the most appropriate ultimate end use line, and <u>do not</u> simply group all of those shipments in the "Other" category.

Quantity (in short	tons)
Item	Calendar year 2022
U.S. shipments:	
Agricultural (O)	
Automotive (P)	
Heavy machinery/industrial (Q)	
Oil and gas (R)	
Other <sup>1</sup> (S)	
<sup>1</sup> Identify other end uses:	

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY END USE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines O through S) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F and H) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)	
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022
O + P + Q + R + S - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-11d. <u>U.S. shipments by type: All other sources</u>.—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by type during the specified period.

Quantity (in short tons)	
Item	Calendar year 2022
U.S. shipments of cold-drawn mechanical tubing made from: Carbon steel welded pipe (T)	
Carbon steel seamless pipe (U)	
Alloy steel welded pipe (V)	
Alloy steel seamless pipe (W)	

<u>RECONCILATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY TYPE.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities in short tons reported in this question (i.e. lines T through W) equal the quantities in short tons reported for U.S. shipments (i.e. lines F and H) in part a of this question for 2022. If calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Quantity (in short tons)	
Reconciliation	Calendar year 2022
T + U + V + W - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-12. Out-of-scope merchandise imported under the primary HTS numbers.--Report your firm's U.S. imports of products other than cold-drawn mechanical tubing (i.e., out-of-scope merchandise) imported and classified under the primary HTS statistical reporting numbers for cold-drawn mechanical tubing (i.e., 7304.31.3000, 7304.31.6050, 7304.51.1000, 7304.51.5005, 7304.51.5060, 7306.30.5015, 7306.30.5020, and 7306.50.5030) in the specified periods.

	Calendar year							y-June	
ltem					2021	<u> </u>			
Out-of-scope imports under primary HTS numbers <sup>1</sup> from China:  Quantity		2020	2023						
Value									
<b>Germany:</b> <i>Quantity</i>									
Value									
India: Quantity									
Value									
Italy: Quantity									
Value									
South Korea: Quantity									
Value									
Switzerland: Quantity									
Value									
All other sources: <sup>2</sup> Quantity									
Value									

For questions II-13 and II-14, if your firm's response differs for particular orders, please indicate and explain the particular effect of imposition and/or revocation of specific orders.

operations o		tionWould your firm anticipate any changes in the character of i
on cold-drav	mechanical	on, including its imports, U.S. shipments of imports, or inventories tubing in the future if the antidumping and countervailing duty ord cal tubing from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or
Switzerland	were to be	revoked?
No	Yes	If yes, supply details as to the likely timing, nature, and significance of such anticipated changes and discuss the underlying assumptions and business reasons for them.
tables in Par your firm an	t II, please i d the relate	nsIf your firm reported transfers to related firms in any of the da dentify the firm(s) and indicate the nature of the relationship betw d firms (e.g., joint venture, wholly owned subsidiary) and whether market value or by a non-market formula.

#### PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Tana von Kessler ((202) 205-2389, tana.vonkessler@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

### **PRICE DATA**

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers of the following products your firm imported from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland:
  - <u>Product 1</u>.--ASTM A519 (or equivalent specification) Cold-Drawn Seamless Tube, Grade 1010-1026, outside diameter 5.000 inches, wall thickness 0.990 1.010 inch, length 17-24 feet, not honed, deburred ends.
  - <u>Product 2</u>.--ASTM A519 (or equivalent specification) Cold-Drawn Seamless Tube, Grade 1010-1026, outside diameter 4.500 inches, wall thickness 0.990 1.010 inch, length 17-24 feet, not honed, deburred ends.
  - <u>Product 3.</u>--ASTM A513-5 (or equivalent specification) Cold-Drawn Over Mandrel Welded Tube, Grade 1010-1026, outside diameter 2.500 inches, wall thickness 0.240 0.260 inch, length 17 24 feet, not honed, deburred ends.
  - <u>Product 4.--</u>ASTM A513-5 (or equivalent specification) Cold-Drawn Over Mandrel Welded Tube, Grade 1010-1026, outside diameter 3.000 inches, wall thickness 0.178 0.198 inch, length 17 24 feet, not honed, deburred ends.
  - <u>Product 5.--</u>ASTM A513-5 (or equivalent specification) Cold-Drawn Over Mandrel Welded Tube, Grade ST52.3, outside diameter 3.750 inches, wall thickness 0.245 0.265 inch, length 17 24 feet, not honed, deburred ends.
  - <u>Product 6.</u>--ASTM A513-5 (or equivalent specification) Cold-Drawn Over Mandrel Welded Tube, Grade ST52.3, outside diameter 4.000 inches, wall thickness 0.245 0.265 inch, length 17 24 feet, not honed, deburred ends.

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> point of shipment and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

III-2a.	Korea,	January 2017-June 2023, did your firm import from China, Germany, India, Italy, South and/or Switzerland and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products products that were competitive with these products)?
		YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
		NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2b. <u>Price data (China)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from China and sold by your firm.

## China

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	lars)			
	Produ	ıct 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2019:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2020:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2021:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2022:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2023:							
January-March							
April-June							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 2:	
Product 3:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2b. <u>Price data (China)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from China and sold by your firm.

## China

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	•	•		
	Product 4 Product 5 Product 6						
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2019:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2020:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2021:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2022:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2023:							
January-March							
April-June							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:			
Product 5:			
Product 6:			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2c. <u>Price data (Germany)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Germany and sold by your firm.

## **Germany**

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	lars)							
	Product 1 Product 2 Product 3							Product 1		Product 2	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value					
2017:											
January-March											
April-June											
July-September											
October-December											
2018:											
January-March											
April-June											
July-September											
October-December											
2019:											
January-March											
April-June											
July-September											
October-December											
2020:											
January-March											
April-June											
July-September											
October-December											
2021:											
January-March											
April-June											
July-September											
October-December											
2022:											
January-March											
April-June											
July-September											
October-December											
2023:											
January-March											
April-June											

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

roduct 1:
roduct 2:
roduct 3:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2c. <u>Price data (Germany)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Germany and sold by your firm.

## **Germany**

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	lars)				
	Product 4 Product 5 Product 6							
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2018:</b> January-March								
April-June	+							
July-September	+ +							
October-December	+							
2019:	+							
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2020:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December						,		
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March	1							
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June	<u> </u>							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:			
Product 5:			
Product 6:			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2d. **Price data (India).-**-Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from India and sold by your firm.

## India

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	lars)				
	Product 1 Product 2 Product 3							
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2018:</b> January-March								
April-June	1							
July-September								
October-December								
2019:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2020:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:			
Product 2:			
Product 3:			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2d. <u>Price data (India)</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from India and sold by your firm.

## India

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Produ	Produ	uct 5	Product 6				
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2018:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2019:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2020:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June						<u></u>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4	1:		
Product 5	5:		
Product 6	5:		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2e. Price data (Italy).--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Italy and sold by your firm.

# Italy

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Product 1 P					uct 3		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2018:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2019:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2020: January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2021:</b>								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:			
Product 2:			
Product 3:			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2e. Price data (Italy).--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Italy and sold by your firm.

# Italy

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Produ	Produ	uct 5	Product 6				
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value		
2017:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2018:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2019:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2020:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June						<u></u>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:	
Product 5:	
Product 6:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2f. <u>Price data (South Korea).</u>--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from South Korea and sold by your firm.

## **South Korea**

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)							
	Produ	ıct 1	Produ	uct 2	Produ	uct 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2017:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2018:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2019:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2020:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2021:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2022:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2023:							
January-March							
April-June							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 2:	
Product 3:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2f. <u>Price data (South Korea).</u>--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from South Korea and sold by your firm.

## **South Korea**

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	•	•	
	Produ	ıct 4	Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2018:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2019:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2020:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:			
Product 5:			
Product 6:			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2g. **Price data (Switzerland).**--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Switzerland and sold by your firm.

## **Switzerland**

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	lars)		
	Product 1 Product 2				Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
<b>2018:</b> January-March						
April-June	1					
July-September						
October-December						
2019:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2020:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 2:	
Product 3:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2g. **Price data (Switzerland).**--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> imported from Switzerland and sold by your firm.

## **Switzerland**

	(Qı	uantity in short	tons, value in dol	lars)		
	Product 4 Product 5				Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2017:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
<b>2018:</b> January-March						
April-June	+					
July-September	+ +					
October-December	+					
2019:	+					
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2020:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						,
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March	1					
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June	<u> </u>					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product
provide a description of the product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:	
Product 5:	
Product 6:	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

U.S. Importers' Questionnaire - Cold-Drawn Mechanical Tubing (Review	U.S. I	Importers'	Questionnaire	- Cold-Drawn	Mechanical	Tubing	(Review
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III-2h.	<u>Price data checklist.</u> Please check that the pricing data in question III-2(b) have been correctly
	reported.

Are the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
In actual dollars ( <i>not</i> \$1,000) and actual short tons?	
F.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., does not include U.S. inland transportation costs)?	
Net of all discounts and rebates?	
Have discounts, rebates, and returns been deducted from gross sales in the quarter in which the sale occurred?	
Quantities do not exceed commercial shipments reported in part II in each year?	
Exclude export shipments?	
Explanation(s) for any boxes not checked:	

III-2i. **Pricing data methodology.--**Please describe the method and the kinds of documents/records that were used to compile your price data.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

U.S. Importers' (	Questionnaire - C	Cold-Drawn	Mechanical	<b>Tubing</b>	(Review)
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III-3.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of cold-drawn
	mechanical tubing (check all that apply)?

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. **Pricing terms.**--On what basis are your firm's prices of imported cold-drawn mechanical tubing from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland usually quoted? *(check one)* 

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-6. Contract versus spot.-- Approximately what shares of your firm's sales of its cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland in 2022 were on the basis of (1) short-term contracts, (2) annual contracts, (3) long-term contracts, and (4) spot sales?

		Type of sale						
ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	<b>Spot sales</b> (for a single delivery)	Total (should sum to 100.0%			
Share of your 2022 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%		

III-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u> — Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)		
Average contract duration	No. of days		365			
Price renegotiation	Yes					
(during contract period)	No					
	Quantity					
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price					
and, or price	Both					
Indexed to raw	Yes					
material costs <sup>1</sup>	No					
Not applicab	Not applicable					
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the indexes used:						

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>-- What is your firm's share of sales of its imported cold-drawn mechanical tubing from inventory and produced to order, and the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of its imported cold-drawn mechanical tubing?

Source	Share of 2022 sales	Lead time (average number of days)
From inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

III-9.	Shippin	Shipping information										
	(a)	Who generally arra  Your firm  F	_	•	to your fir	m's custom	ers' locatio	ons?				
	(b)	When your firm sells cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland, from where is it shipped?  Point of importation Storage facility (check one)										
	(c)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your sales of cold-drawn mechanical tubic imported from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland that delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.										
		Distance from yo	our firm's L	J.S. point of	shipment	Share	1					
		Within 100 miles					%					
		101 to 1,000 mile	es				%					
		Over 1,000 miles					%					
		Total (	should sum	to 100.0%)		0.0	%					
	drawn i apply)?	mechanical tubing ir	mported fro	om subject co	ountries sin	ce January	1, 2017 (ch	eck all that				
	G	eographic area	China	Germany	India	Italy	Korea	Switzerland				
		east.–CT, ME, MA, I, NY, PA, RI, and										
	MI, M	est.–IL, IN, IA, KS, N, MO, NE, ND, O, and WI.										
	FL, GA	Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.										
	1	al Southwest.—AR, X, and TX.										
		tains.–AZ, CO, ID, V, NM, UT, and										
	Pacific and W	Coast.–CA, OR, /A.										
	in the previo	.–All other markets United States not usly listed, ing AK, HI, PR, and										

U.S. IM	porters Qu	iestionnaii	re - Coio	a-Drawn ivi	ecnanicai i i	ibing (Kevi	ew)		Page 65	
	VI.									
III-11.	Inland transportation costs.—What is the approximate percentage of the cost of cold-drawn mechanical tubing imported from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? percent.									
III-12.					ges in the en		old-drawn r	nechanical <sup>·</sup>	tubing since	
	No	Yes	-	explain the	changes, nor.	oting when	these char	nges occurr	ed or are	
III-13.	I-13. <b>Substitutes.</b> Have there been any changes in the number or types of products that can be substituted for cold-drawn mechanical tubing since January 1, 2017 or do you anticipate any future changes?									
	No	Yes	-	explain the	changes, nor.	oting when	these char	nges occurr	ed or are	

III-14. **Availability of supply.--**Has the availability of cold-drawn mechanical tubing in the U.S. market changed since January 1, 2017? Do you anticipate any future changes?

Availability in the U.S. market	No	Yes	Please explain, noting the countries and reasons for the changes.				
Changes since January 1, 2	Changes since January 1, 2017:						
U.Sproduced product							
Imports from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland							
Imports from all other countries							
Anticipated changes:							
U.Sproduced product							
Imports from China, Germany, India, Italy, South Korea, and/or Switzerland							
Imports from all other countries							

III-15. <u>Demand trends.</u>-- Has demand within the United States and outside of the United States (if known) for cold-drawn mechanical tubing steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2017, and how do you anticipate demand will change in the future? Explain any trends and describe the principal factors that have affected, and that you anticipate will affect, these changes in demand.

Select one box per row. If you are unfamiliar with a sector, please leave that row blank.

Market	Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	Explanation and factors
	De	emand since	January	1, 2017		
Within the United States: Overall demand						
Agricultural sector						
Automotive sector						
Heavy machinery/industrial sector						
Oil and gas sector						
Outside the United States						
	-	Anticipated	future de	mand		
Within the United States: Overall demand						
Agricultural sector						
Automotive sector						
Heavy machinery/industrial sector						
Oil and gas sector						
Outside the United States						

III-16. <u>Product changes.</u>—Have there been any significant changes in the product range, product mix, or marketing of cold-drawn mechanical tubing since January 1, 2017 or do you anticipate any future changes?

No	If yes, please describe, noting when these changes occurred or are expected to occur.

III-17.	<u>Business cycles</u> Is the cold-drawn mechanical tubing market subject to business cycles, either during the year or across years? If yes, describe.							
	No	Ye	s If yes	, please de	scribe, in	cluding any	/ changes s	ince January 1, 2017.
			]					
III-18.	of compet	tition o	distinctive	_	wn mech	anical tubir	_	arket subject to conditions an the business cycles
	No	Ye	s If yes	, please de	scribe, in	cluding any	/ changes s	ince January 1, 2017.
			]					
III-19.	mechanic "controlle	<u>Supply constraints</u> Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply cold-drawn mechanical tubing since January 1, 2017 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, etc.)?						
	No	Ye	s If yes	, please de	scribe.			
			]					
III-20.	0. Raw materials Have cold-drawn mechanical tubing raw material prices steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2017, and how do you expect they will change in the future?							er, or steadily decreased
	Select one	e box p	er row.					Explain, noting how raw materia
	Raw mater price	ials	Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for cold-draw mechanical tubing.
	Changes January 2 2017							
	Anticipat changes	ted						

III-21.	<u>Price comparisons</u> Are you aware of prices of cold-drawn mechanical tubing in non-U.S.						
	markets? If yes, please compare market prices of cold-drawn mechanical tubing in U.S. and non-						
	U.S. markets. Provide information as to time periods and regions for any price comparisons and						
	note the sources for your market knowledge.						

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-22. <u>Interchangeability.</u>—How often is cold-drawn mechanical tubing produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country- pair	China	Germany	India	Italy	South Korea	Switzerland	Other countries
United States							
China							
Germany							
India		><	$\times$				
Italy				$\backslash$			
South Korea							
Switzerland							

For any country-pair producing cold-drawn mechanical tubing which is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, please identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude the interchangeable use of cold-drawn mechanical tubing produced in the countries:

III-23. <u>Factors other than price</u>.—How often are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, etc.) between cold-drawn mechanical tubing produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country- pair	China	Germany	India	Italy	South Korea	Switzerland	Other countries
United States							
China							
Germany							
India		><	$\times$				
Italy				$\setminus$			
South Korea							
Switzerland			>				

For any country-pair for which factors other than price are *always* or *frequently* a significant factor in your firm's purchases of cold-drawn mechanical tubing, identify the country-pair and the relevant factors other than price and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-24.	Role of section 301 tariffs Did the tariffs on Chinese-origin products under section 301, or
	changes in these tariffs, have an impact on the cold-drawn mechanical tubing market in the
	United States, including any effects on cold-drawn mechanical tubing cost, price, supply, and/or
	demand, since January 1, 2017?

<b>Yes</b> — Please indicate the impact in the table below.	<b>No—</b> Skip to next question	<b>Don't know—</b> Skip to next question		

Select one box per row.

Factor	Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	Explain, noting how the imposition of tariffs under section 301 affected each factor of the cold-drawn mechanical tubing market in the United States.
Supply of U.S produced cold- drawn mechanical tubing						
Supply of cold- drawn mechanical tubing imported from China						
Supply of cold- drawn mechanical tubing imported from other countries						
Prices for cold- drawn mechanical tubing						
Overall U.S. demand for cold- drawn mechanical tubing						
Raw material costs for cold-drawn mechanical tubing						

U.S. Importers'	Questionnaire -	Cold-Drawn	Mechanical	<b>Tubing</b>	(Review)
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III-25.	steel/alumin coverage, or	um produ nature of e United S	icts under s the measi States, incli	section 2 ures), hav uding any	32, or chan e an impac effects on	ges in th	ffs, quotas, etc.) on imported ne measures (such as the level, e cold-drawn mechanical tubing awn mechanical tubing cost, price,		
	Yes— Please indicate the impact in the table below.			<b>No</b> — Skip to next question.			<b>Don't know—</b> Skip to next question.		
Select one box per row.									
ı	Factor	Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadi decrea	.		
prod drawn	oly of U.S uced cold- mechanical cubing								
col	of imported d-drawn nical tubing								
drawn	es for cold- mechanical cubing								
dema drawn	erall U.S. nd for cold- mechanical cubing								
for c	aterial costs old-drawn nical tubing								
III-26.	for which a n	narrative bin the spa	oox was no ce provide	t provide d below.	d, please n Please alsc	ote the	in a response to a question in Part III question number and the s space to highlight any issues your		

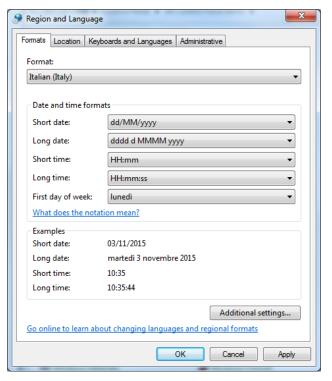
Correcting Valid number error messages.—If you are completing a Commission questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. This issues stem from your computer number formatting setting (e.g., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (,) delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (.) delineate fractions less than one. Many EU countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (.) and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (,). The U.S. International Trade Commission's questionnaires are setup in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

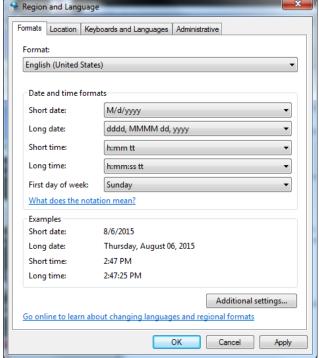
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tah
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g. "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty-five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the questionnaire. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy settings.





# **HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE**

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at: <a href="https://usitc.gov/reports/active\_import\_injury\_questionnaires">https://usitc.gov/reports/active\_import\_injury\_questionnaires</a> and <a href="https://ids.usitc.gov/case/4541/investigation/8334">https://ids.usitc.gov/case/4541/investigation/8334</a>.

**Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document**. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box</u>.—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: <a href="https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/">https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/</a> Pin: CDMT

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to <a href="mary.messer@usitc.gov">mary.messer@usitc.gov</a>; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

**If your firm** does not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1802). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.