U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

EPOXY RESINS FROM CHINA, INDIA, SOUTH KOREA, TAIWAN, AND THAILAND

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by April 17, 2024

See last page for instructions regarding how to file this questionnaire.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing and antidumping duty investigations concerning epoxy resins from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and Thailand (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-716-719 and 731-TA-1683-1687 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, Title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Address		Chaha	7in Codo	
Website		State	Zip Code	
		y resins (as defined on next page) f	rom any country at any time since January :	1, 2021?
□NO	(Sign the certific	cation below and promptly return onl y	y this page of the questionnaire to the Commission	on)
☐ YES	(Complete all pa	arts of the questionnaire, and return t	he entire questionnaire to the Commission)	
•		the Commission's secure subminortal (PIN: EPOXY). See last page	ission portal by clicking on the followin ge for detailed instructions.	g link:
		CERTIFICATI	ON	
nowledge and bel neans of this cert nformation provide he Commission on	ief and understan ification I also g ed in this question the same or simila	nd that the information submitted grant consent for the Commission nnaire and throughout this proce ar merchandise.	questionnaire is complete and correct to d is subject to audit and verification by the n, and its employees and contract perso peding in any other import-injury proceedi ponse to this request for information and	e Commission. E onnel, to use th ings conducted b
personnel (a) for de eviews, and evalu Appendix 3; or (ii) b	eveloping or main nations relating t by U.S. governme	ntaining the records of this or a l to the programs, personnel, and	y the Commission, its employees and Offi related proceeding, or (b) in internal inves d operations of the Commission includin nnel, solely for cybersecurity purposes. I un	stigations, audit g under 5 U.S.(
Name of Authorized	l Official	Title of Authorized Official		

PART I.--GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.-- This proceeding was instituted in response to petitions filed on April 3, 2024, by the U.S. Epoxy Resin Producers *Ad Hoc* Coalition, which is comprised of Olin Corporation, Clayton, Missouri, and Westlake Corporation, Houston, Texas. Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Pertinent information to this proceeding are available at:

- Questionnaires: https://www.usitc.gov/reports/active import injury questionnaires.
- Other information: https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8190/investigation/8552.

Epoxy resins covered by this proceeding are epoxy resins, also known as epoxide resins or polyepoxides, which are polymers or prepolymers containing epoxy groups. Epoxy resins range in physical form from low viscosity liquids to solids and are used in a wide range of applications such as coatings, paints, adhesives, composite materials, wind blade systems, insulating materials, civil engineering materials, and electronics. All epoxy resins are covered by the scope of these petitions irrespective of physical form, viscosity, grade, purity, molecular weight, or molecular structure and regardless of packaging.

Epoxy resins may contain modifiers or additives, such as hardeners, curatives, colorants, pigments, diluents, solvents, thickeners, fillers, plasticizers, softeners, flame retardants, toughening agents, catalysts, Bisphenol F, and ultraviolet light inhibitors, so long as the modifier or additive has not chemically reacted so as to cure the epoxy resin or convert it into a different product no longer containing epoxy groups. Such epoxy resins with modifiers or additives are included in the scope where the epoxy resin component comprises at least 30 percent of the total weight of the product. The scope also includes blends of epoxy resins with different types of epoxy resins, with or without the inclusion of modifiers and additives, so long as the combined epoxy resin component comprises at least 30 percent of the total weight of the blend.

Epoxy resins are characterized by the presence of reactive epoxy groups that allow them to be readily cross-linked at the time of use. Epoxy resins may be reacted (cross-linked) either with themselves or with a wide range of co-reactants, often referred to as hardeners, curatives, or curing agents. The cross-linking reaction is commonly referred to as curing. The epoxy resins and blends thereof covered by this scope have not been cured.

Epoxy resins that enter as part of a system or kit with separately packaged co-reactants, such as hardeners or curing agents, are within the scope. For such entries, both the epoxy resin and the co-reactant are covered by the scope of these petitions when entered together.

The scope includes merchandise matching the above description that has been processed in a third country, including by commingling, diluting, introducing, or removing modifiers or additives, or performing any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the investigations if performed in the subject country.

The scope also includes epoxy resin that is commingled with epoxy resin from sources not subject to this investigation. Only the subject component of such commingled products is covered by the scope of this investigations.

Excluded from the scope are phenoxy resins, which are polymers weighing more than 11,000 Daltons and containing no epoxy groups other than at the terminal ends of the molecule. Phenoxy resins' Melt Flow Index ("MFI") at 200°C (392°F) range from 4 to 70 grams per 10 min and its Glass-Transition Temperatures ("Tg") range from 80 to 100°C (176 to 212°F).

Excluded from the scope are certain paint and coating products, which are blends, mixtures, or other formulations of epoxy resin, curing agent, and pigment, in any form, packaged in one or more containers, wherein (1) the pigment represents a minimum of 10 percent of the total weight of the product, (2) the epoxy resin represents a maximum of 80 percent of the total weight of the product, and (3) the curing agent represents 5 to 40 percent of the total weight of the product.

Excluded from the scope are preimpregnated fabrics or fibers, often referred to as "pre-pregs," which are composite materials consisting of fabrics or fibers (typically carbon or glass) impregnated with epoxy resin.

This merchandise is currently classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) statistical reporting number 3907.30.0000. Subject merchandise may also be imported under statistical reporting numbers 3907.29.0000, 3824.99.9397, 3214.10.0020, 2910.90.91, 2910.90.9000, 2910.90.2000, and 1518.00.4000. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes only; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing epoxy resins (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

Quantity (1,000 pounds).--Unless otherwise indicated please report quantities on a gross weight basis.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

<u>Release of information</u>.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>—If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Alejandro Orozco (202-205-3177, <u>Alejandro Orozco@usitc.gov</u>).

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>--The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macroenabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (https://www.usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is *optional*. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding (available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

I-1. Reporting requirements.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire for use by the Office of Management and Budget.

Hours	Dollars

Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please provide such comments to the Office of Investigations, import injury@usitc.gov.

I-2a. <u>Establishments covered</u>.--Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this questionnaire.

"Establishment" Each facility of a firm involved in the importation of epoxy resins, including
auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such
facilities.

U.S. In	nporters' Questionnaire	– Epoxy Resins (P	reliminary)	Page
I-2b.	Stock symbol inform stock exchange and t			y traded, please specify the
I-2c.	·	•	t firm is represented by e e of the law firm and the	external counsel in relation to e lead attorney(s).
	Law firm:			
	Lead attorney(s):			
I-3.		·	ole or in part, by any oth	er firm? to the ultimate parent/owner.
	Firm name	Count	ry	Extent of ownership (percent)

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

No Ye	sList the following information.	
Firm name	Country	Affiliation
		l l
Related producersDengaged in the produc	oes your firm have any related firms, e tion of epoxy resins?	either domestic or foreign,
engaged in the produc	tion of epoxy resins? sList the following information.	
engaged in the produc	tion of epoxy resins?	either domestic or foreign,
engaged in the produc	tion of epoxy resins? sList the following information.	
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110	Importors'	Questionnaire -	Enovy Bosins	(Proliminary)
U.S.	Importers	Questionnaire –	- EDOXV KESINS	(Preliminary)

_	Takes title to the	Consignee of the	Customs broke
Importer of record	imported product(s)	imported products(s)	freight forwar
	m is an importer of record ow (firm name, address, t		
Firm name	Address		Contact person phone number
withdraws such merch <i>"Foreign trade zone"</i> i procedures that allow	ousesPlease indicate when and ise from, foreign trades a designated location in delayed or reduced custo foreign trade zone must	the United States where ms duty payments on fore	ouses. firms utilize speci eign merchandise
withdraws such merch "Foreign trade zone" i procedures that allow well as other savings. A procedures set forth in "Bonded warehouse" imports are stored per	iandise from, foreign trades a designated location in delayed or reduced custo A foreign trade zone must a the Foreign-Trade Zones is a secured facility superading their re-export, or re-	the United States where ms duty payments on for be designated as such pu Act. Vised by U.S. customs, whelease after payment of in	firms utilize speci eign merchandise irsuant to the rule ere dutiable land nport duties, taxe
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withdraws such merch "Foreign trade zone" is procedures that allow well as other savings. A procedures set forth in "Bonded warehouse" imports are stored per other charges. A bond procedures set forth in	s a designated location in delayed or reduced custo A foreign trade zone must a the Foreign-Trade Zones is a secured facility superading their re-export, or reed warehouse must be defined by U.S.C. § 1555.	the United States where ms duty payments on force be designated as such purised by U.S. customs, whelease after payment of insigned as such pursuant t	firms utilize specieign merchandise ursuant to the rule ere dutiable land apport duties, taxe to the rules and Quantity (in 2 pounds) admit
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PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Alejandro Orozco (202-205-3177, <u>Alejandro Orozco@usitc.gov</u>). **Supply all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis**.

II-1.	<u>Contact information</u> Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part II.				
	Name				
	Title				
	Email				
	Telephone				

II-2a. <u>Changes in operations.--</u>Has your firm experienced any changes in ownership or in the nature of its importing operations for epoxy resins since January 1, 2021?

No	Yes	If yes, supply details as to the time, nature, and significance of such changes and describe reasons for the changes, including any underlying assumptions used.

II-2b. COVID-19 pandemic.--Has the COVID-19 pandemic or have any government actions taken to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus resulted in changes in your firm's supply chain arrangements, importation, employment, and shipments relating to epoxy resins? In your response, please discuss the duration and timing of any such changes as they relate to your firm's operations.

No	Yes	If yes, describe these changes including the impact over time on the (a) supply chain, (b) importation and shipments, and (c) employment with respect to epoxy resins.

II-3a.	Arranged importsHas your firm imported or arranged for the importation of epoxy resins for
	delivery after December 31, 2023?

"Arranged imports" are imports for which your firm has placed an order with a foreign supplier for subject merchandise, but delivery of those imports is not scheduled to occur until after the date listed above.

No	Yes	
		If yes, fill out the table below.

	Period			
Source	Jan-Mar 2024	Apr-Jun 2024	Jul-Sept 2024	Oct-Dec 2024
	Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)			
China				
India				
South Korea				
Taiwan				
Thailand				
All other sources				

		mbined)	
No	Yes		
		If yes, report the quantity of such imp	ort below by source.
		Quantity (in 1,000 poun	ds)
		April 2023 throu	
Soi	urce	Imports classified under primary HTS number (3907.30.0000)	Imports classified und other HTS numbers
China			
India			
South Ko	rea		
Taiwan			
Thailand			
	sources		

Definitions

"Imports" –Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty).

"Import quantities" –Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values"—Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"Commercial U.S. shipments"—Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Export shipments" – Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" – Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from China</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of epoxy resins imported from China by your firm during the specified periods.

China

Quantity (in 1	,000 pounds), value	e (in \$1,000)	
		Calendar year	
Item	2021	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports classified under:1			
Primary HTS number ²			
Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
Other HTS numbers			
Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
U.S. shipments:			
Commercial shipments:			
Quantity (F)			
Value (G)			
Internal consumption:3			
Quantity (H)			
Value³ (I)			
Transfers to related firms:3			
Quantity (J)			
Value³ (K)			
Export shipments: ⁴			
Quantity (L)			
Value (M)			
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)			
 Please identify the foreign producers, if known: The primary HTSUS statistical reporting number is Internal consumption and transfers to related fire basis for valuing these transactions in your records, p 	s 3907.30.0000. ms must be valued at	•	
the data provided above in this table should be based			j However,
⁴ Identify your firm's principal export markets:		-	

II-5a. U.S. imports from China.--Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year			
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero				
("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:				

II-5b. Channels of distribution: China.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from China by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

China

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)				
	Calendar year			
Item	2021	2022	2023	
Channels of distribution:				
U.S. shipments:				
To distributors (O)				
To blenders/processors/repackagers (P)				
To end users¹ (Q)				
¹ Please indicate what are top end user categories f	or your firm's U.S. s	hipments of epoxy resins:		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O, P, and Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation item	2021	2022	2023
O + P + Q - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

II-5c. U.S. shipments by product type and form: China.--Please provide the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) in calendar year 2023 of epoxy resins imported from China by product type and form.

China

	Calendar year 2023		
Item	Liquid / Solution	Solid / Semi-solid	
U.S. shipments: ¹			
BADGE-type epoxy resins:			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (R)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (S)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (T)			
Brominated, novolac, cycloaliphatic and waterborne epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (U)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (V)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (W)			
Multifunctional, aliphatic, glycidyl amine, and all other epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (X)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (Y)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (Z)			

_. And what form and type of epoxy resins are shipped as part of a system/kit, please describe:

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE AND FORM.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type and form (i.e., lines R through Z) in 2023 equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F though K) in 2023. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year
Reconciliation	2023
Quantity: $R + U + X - F - H - J = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
Value: $T + W + Z - G - I - K = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from India</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of epoxy resins imported from India by your firm during the specified periods.

India

Quantity (in 1,0	000 pounds), value	(in \$1,000)	
	Calendar year		
Item	2021	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports classified under: ¹ Primary HTS number ² Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
Other HTS numbers Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F) Value (G)			
` '			
Internal consumption: ³ Quantity (H)			
Value ³ (I)			
Transfers to related firms: ³ Quantity (J) Value ³ (K)			
` '			
Export shipments: ⁴ Quantity (L)			
Value (M)			
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: ² The primary HTSUS statistical reporting number is ³ Internal consumption and transfers to related firm basis for valuing these transactions in your records, ple the data provided above in this table should be based ⁴ Identify your firm's principal export markets:	3907.30.0000. Is must be valued at fease specify that basion fair market value.	is (e.g., cost, cost plus, etc.	

II-6a. U.S. imports from India.--Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero			
("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are accurate:	e returning values othe	er than zero (i.e., "0")	but are nonetheless

II-6b. <u>Channels of distribution: India</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from India by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

India

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)				
	Calendar year			
Item	2021	2022	2023	
Channels of distribution:				
U.S. shipments:				
To distributors (O)				
To blenders/processors/repackagers (P)				
To end users¹ (Q)				
¹ Please indicate what are top end user categories f	or your firm's U.S. s	hipments of epoxy resins:		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O, P, and Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation item	2021	2022	2023
O + P + Q - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

II-6c. U.S. shipments by product type and form: India.--Please provide the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) in calendar year 2023 of epoxy resins imported from India by product type and form.

India

	Calendar year 2023		Calendar year 2023
Item	Liquid / Solution	Solid / Semi-solid	
U.S. shipments: ¹			
BADGE-type epoxy resins:			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (R)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (S)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (T)			
Brominated, novolac, cycloaliphatic and waterborne epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (U)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (V)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (W)			
Multifunctional, aliphatic, glycidyl amine, and all other			
epoxy resins:			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (X)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (Y)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (Z)			

_. And what form and type of epoxy resins are shipped as part of a system/kit, please describe:

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE AND FORM.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type and form (i.e., lines R through Z) in 2023 equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F though K) in 2023. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year
Reconciliation	2023
Quantity: $R + U + X - F - H - J = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
Value: T + W + Z – G – I – K = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from South Korea</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of epoxy resins imported from South Korea by your firm during the specified periods.

South Korea

Calendar year 2021 2022	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A) Imports classified under: Primary HTS number ² Quantity (B)	
Imports classified under:1 Primary HTS number2 Quantity (B)	2023
Primary HTS number ² Quantity (B)	
Quantity (B)	
Value (C)	
Other HTS numbers	
Quantity (D)	
Value (E)	
U.S. shipments:	
Commercial shipments:	
Quantity (F)	
Value (G)	
Internal consumption: ³	
Quantity (H)	
Value ³ (I)	
Transfers to related firms: ³	
Quantity (J)	
Value³ (K)	
Export shipments: ⁴	
Quantity (L)	
Value (M)	
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)	
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known:	
² The primary HTSUS statistical reporting number is 3907.30.0000.	
³ Internal consumption and transfers to related firms must be valued at fair market value. If your firm uses a	
basis for valuing these transactions in your records, please specify that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus, etc.):	However,
the data provided above in this table should be based on fair market value. 4 Identify your firm's principal export markets:	

II-7a. U.S. imports from South Korea.--Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero			
("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:			

II-7b. <u>Channels of distribution: South Korea</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from South Korea by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

South Korea

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)			
	Calendar year		
Item	2021	2022	2023
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (O)			
To blenders/processors/repackagers (P)			
To end users¹ (Q)			
¹ Please indicate what are top end user categories f	or your firm's U.S. s	hipments of epoxy resins:	

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O, P, and Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation item	2021	2022	2023
O + P + Q - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

II-7c. <u>U.S. shipments by product type and form: South Korea</u>.--Please provide the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) in calendar year 2023 of epoxy resins imported from South Korea by product type and form.

South Korea

	Calendar	year 2023
Item	Liquid / Solution	Solid / Semi-solid
U.S. shipments: ¹		
BADGE-type epoxy resins:		
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (R)		
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (S)		
Value in 1,000 dollars (T)		
Brominated, novolac, cycloaliphatic and waterborne epoxy resins:		
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (U)		
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (V)		
Value in 1,000 dollars (W)		
Multifunctional, aliphatic, glycidyl amine, and all other epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (X)		
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (Y)		
Value in 1,000 dollars (Z)		

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE AND FORM.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type and form (i.e., lines R through Z) in 2023 equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F though K) in 2023. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year
Reconciliation	2023
Quantity: $R + U + X - F - H - J = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
Value: $T + W + Z - G - I - K = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-8a. <u>U.S. imports from Taiwan</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of epoxy resins imported from Taiwan by your firm during the specified periods.

Taiwan

Quantity (in 1,0	000 pounds), value	(in \$1,000)	
	Calendar year		
Item	2021	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports classified under: ¹ Primary HTS number ² Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
Other HTS numbers Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F) Value (G)			
` '			
Internal consumption: ³ Quantity (H)			
Value ³ (I)			
Transfers to related firms: ³ Quantity (J) Value ³ (K)			
` '			
Export shipments: ⁴ Quantity (L)			
Value (M)			
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: ² The primary HTSUS statistical reporting number is ³ Internal consumption and transfers to related firm basis for valuing these transactions in your records, ple the data provided above in this table should be based ⁴ Identify your firm's principal export markets:	3907.30.0000. Is must be valued at fease specify that basion fair market value.	is (e.g., cost, cost plus, etc.	

II-8a. U.S. imports from Taiwan.--Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero			
("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:			

II-8b. <u>Channels of distribution: Taiwan</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Taiwan by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

Taiwan

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)			
	Calendar year		
Item	2021	2022	2023
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (O)			
To blenders/processors/repackagers (P)			
To end users¹ (Q)			
¹ Please indicate what are top end user categories f	or your firm's U.S. s	hipments of epoxy resins:	

RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O, P, and Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation item	2021	2022	2023
O + P + Q - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

II-8c. U.S. shipments by product type and form: Taiwan. -- Please provide the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) in calendar year 2023 of epoxy resins imported from Taiwan by product type and form.

Taiwan

	Calendar	dar year 2023	
Item	Liquid / Solution	Solid / Semi-solid	
U.S. shipments:1			
BADGE-type epoxy resins:			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (R)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (S)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (T)			
Brominated, novolac, cycloaliphatic and waterborne epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (U)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (V)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (W)			
Multifunctional, aliphatic, glycidyl amine, and all other epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (X)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (Y)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (Z)			

And what form and type of epoxy resins are shipped as part of a system/kit, please describe:

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE AND FORM.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type and form (i.e., lines R through Z) in 2023 equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F though K) in 2023. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year
Reconciliation	2023
Quantity: $R + U + X - F - H - J = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
Value: $T + W + Z - G - I - K = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-9a. <u>U.S. imports from Thailand</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of epoxy resins imported from Thailand by your firm during the specified periods.

Thailand

Quantity (in 1,	.000 pounds), value	(in \$1,000)		
	Calendar year			
Item	2021	2022	2023	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)				
Imports classified under: ¹ Primary HTS number ² Quantity (B)				
Value (C)				
Other HTS numbers Quantity (D)				
Value (E)				
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)				
Value (G)				
Internal consumption: ³ Quantity (H)				
Value³ (I)				
Transfers to related firms: ³ Quantity (J)				
Value³ (K)				
Export shipments: ⁴ Quantity (L)				
Value (M)				
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)				
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: _ ² The primary HTSUS statistical reporting number is ³ Internal consumption and transfers to related firm basis for valuing these transactions in your records, p the data provided above in this table should be based ⁴ Identify your firm's principal export markets:	s 3907.30.0000. ns must be valued at lease specify that bas	is (e.g., cost, cost plus, <i>etc</i>		

II-9a. U.S. imports from Thailand.--Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero			
("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are accurate:	e returning values othe	er than zero (i.e., "0")	but are nonetheless

II-9b. <u>Channels of distribution: Thailand</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Thailand by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

Thailand

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)			
	Calendar year		
Item	2021	2022	2023
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (O)			
To blenders/processors/repackagers (P)			
To end users¹ (Q)			
¹ Please indicate what are top end user categories f	or your firm's U.S. s	hipments of epoxy resins:	

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O, P, and Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation item	2021	2022	2023
O + P + Q - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

II-9c. U.S. shipments by product type and form: Thailand.--Please provide the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) in calendar year 2023 of epoxy resins imported from Thailand by product type and form.

Thailand

	Calendar year 2023		
Item	Liquid / Solution	Solid / Semi-solid	
U.S. shipments: ¹			
BADGE-type epoxy resins:			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (R)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (S)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (T)			
Brominated, novolac, cycloaliphatic and waterborne epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (U)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (V)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (W)			
Multifunctional, aliphatic, glycidyl amine, and all other epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (X)			
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (Y)			
Value in 1,000 dollars (Z)			

[.] And what form and type of epoxy resins are shipped as part of a system/kit, please describe:

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE AND FORM.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type and form (i.e., lines R through Z) in 2023 equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F though K) in 2023. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year
Reconciliation	2023
Quantity: $R + U + X - F - H - J = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
Value: $T + W + Z - G - I - K = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

⁴ Identify your firm's principal export markets:

II-10a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of epoxy resins imported from all other sources by your firm during the specified periods.

All other sources

Quantity (in 1,00	0 pounds), value (i	n \$1,000)	
		Calendar year	
Item	2021	2022	2023
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)			
Imports classified under: ¹ Primary HTS number ² Quantity (B)			
Value (C)			
Other HTS numbers Quantity (D)			
Value (E)			
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)			
Value (G)			
Internal consumption: ³ Quantity (H)			
Value ³ (I)			
Transfers to related firms: ³ Quantity (J)			
Value³ (K)			
Export shipments: ⁴ Quantity (L)			
Value (M)			
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)			
¹ Please identify the foreign producers, if known: ² The primary HTSUS statistical reporting number is 39 ³ Internal consumption and transfers to related firms related for valuing these transactions in your records, please the data provided above in this table should be based on	must be valued at fai se specify that basis		

II-10a. U.S. imports from all other sources.--Continued

RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero			
("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0
¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless			
accurate:			

II-10b. <u>Channels of distribution: All other sources</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from all other sources by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

All other sources

Quantity (in 1,000 pounds)			
	Calendar year		
Item	2021	2022	2023
Channels of distribution:			
U.S. shipments:			
To distributors (O)			
To blenders/processors/repackagers (P)			
To end users ¹ (Q)			
¹ Please indicate what are top end user categories	for your firm's U.S. s	hipments of epoxy resins:	

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines O, P, and Q) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F, H, and J) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year		
Reconciliation item	2021	2022	2023
O + P + Q - F - H - J = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0

II-10c. <u>U.S. shipments by product type and form: All other sources</u>.--Please provide the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) in calendar year 2023 of epoxy resins imported from all other sources by product type and form.

All other sources

	Calendar	ar year 2023		
Item	Liquid / Solution	Calendar year 2023 quid / Solution Solid / Semi-sol		
J.S. shipments: ¹				
BADGE-type epoxy resins:				
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (R)				
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (S)				
Value in 1,000 dollars (T)				
Brominated, novolac, cycloaliphatic and waterborne epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (U)				
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (V)				
Value in 1,000 dollars (W)				
Multifunctional, aliphatic, glycidyl amine, and all other epoxy resins: Quantity in 1,000 pounds, gross weight (X)				
Quantity in 1,000 pounds, epoxy equivalent weight (Y)				
Value in 1,000 dollars (Z)				

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE AND FORM.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type and form (i.e., lines R through Z) in 2023 equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines F though K) in 2023. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year
Reconciliation	2023
Quantity: $R + U + X - F - H - J = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
Value: $T + W + Z - G - I - K = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-11.	Imports classified under other HTS numbersIf your firm reported importing epoxy resins under any of the "Other" HTS statistical reporting numbers other than the primary HTS statistical reporting number in questions II-5a through II-10a, please list the specific "Other" HTS statistical reporting numbers used:
II-12a.	Out-of-scope imports under the primary HTS statistical reporting numberReport your firm's imports of products other than epoxy resins that are classified under the primary HTS number (i.e. 3907 30 0000) from any source during the specified period

Out-of-scope products imported under primary HTS statistical reporting number

Quantity (<i>in 1,000 p</i>	oounds); Value (in \$	1,000)		
		Calendar year		
Item	2021	2022	2023	
Out-of-scope imports under primary HTS				
statistical reporting numbers ¹ from				
China				
Quantity				
Value				
India				
Quantity				
Value				
South Korea				
Quantity				
Value				
Taiwan				
Quantity				
Value				
Thailand				
Quantity				
Value				
All other sources ²				
Quantity				
Value				
¹ Please describe the products being imported:		1		
² Please list sources:				

No	Yes		
		If yes, report tl	he quantity of such import below by source.
			Quantitudin 1 000 nounda)
	Sourc		Quantity (in 1,000 pounds) April 2023 through March 2024
China	Sourc	е	April 2025 tillough March 2024
India			
South Kor	.03		
Taiwan	Ca		
Thailand			
All other	COURCES		
form and f		t still matches t	the definition of epoxy resins (as defined on page 2)?
form and f		t still matches t	he definition of epoxy resins (as defined on page 2)?
	ormat tha	Share of imports so processed	If yes, please describe the nature and extent of you firm's domestic processing operations relating to
No Transfers: tables in P	Yes to related art II, plea	Share of imports so processed (percent) firmsIf your for se identify the flated firms (e.g.	the definition of epoxy resins (as defined on page 2)? If yes, please describe the nature and extent of your firm's domestic processing operations relating to

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Craig Thomsen (202-205-3226, craig.thomsen@usitc.gov).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

PRICE DATA

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2021 of the following products your firm imported from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand.
 - **Product 1.--** Bisphenol A liquid epoxy resin, basic commodity grade (i.e., D.E.R. 331, EPON 828, KER 828, YD 128, NPEL128, BE-188, and SM 828), sold in bulk (ISO Tanks or Tank Truck).
 - **Product 2.--** Bisphenol A liquid epoxy resin, basic commodity grade (i.e., D.E.R. 331, EPON 828, KER 828, YD 128, NPEL128, BE-188, and SM 828), sold in packages (Totes, Intermediate Bulk Containers ("IBC's"), or drums).
 - Product 3.--Bisphenol A solid epoxy resin, Type 3, Epoxy Equivalent Weight ("EEW") based on solids range between 700-850 g/eq (i.e., D.E.R. 663U, D.E.R. 663UE, EPON 2003, KD 213, KD 243C, KER 3033, NPES 903H, BE 503, YD 903).
 - **Product 4.-**-Bisphenol A solid epoxy resin, Type 4, Epoxy Equivalent Weight ("EEW") based on solids range between 800-1,000 g/eq (i.e., D.E.R. 664UE, EPON 2004, KD 214L, NPES 904H, BE 504H).

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S.</u> <u>point of shipment</u> and should remove any U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

III-2a.	During January 2021-December 2023, did your firm import from China, India, South Korea,
	Taiwan, and/or Thailand and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products
	(or any products that were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

Product 4:

III-2b. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

China

Report data in 1,000 pounds and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in 1,000 pounds, value in dollars)

	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Produ	ıct 3	Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sa firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definition NoteIf your firm's product of	Please subtract ons are provided	any discoun d on the first	ts, rebates, and page of Part III.	returns from	the quarter in v	vhich the sale	e occurred.	
description of your firm's product of			•		•	•	p. 23000, p. 34101	
Product 1:								
Product 2:								
Product 3:								

Product 2: Product 3: Product 4:

III-2c. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from India and sold by your firm.

India

Report data in <u>1,000 pounds</u> and <u>actual dollars</u> (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity i	in 1,000 pour	ds, value i	in dollars)			
	Produ	ict 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3		Produ	ct 4
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sa firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definition NoteIf your firm's product of description of your firm's product	Please subtract ons are provided does not exactly	any discound on the first	ts, rebates, and page of Part III.	returns from	the quarter in wo	hich the sale he specified	e occurred.	
Product 1:								

Product 4:

III-2d. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from South Korea and sold by your firm.

South Korea

Report data in <u>1,000 pounds</u> and <u>actual dollars</u> (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in 1,000 pounds, value in dollars)

	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Produ	ıct 3	Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sa firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definition NoteIf your firm's product of	Please subtract ons are provided does not exactly	any discound on the first	ts, rebates, and page of Part III. oduct specificat	returns from	the quarter in volume	which the sale the specified	e occurred.	·
description of your firm's prod	auct. Also, plea	se explain ar	iy anomalies in	your firm s re	portea pricing a	dld.		
Product 1:								
Product 2:								
Product 3:								

Product 3: Product 4:

III-2e. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Taiwan and sold by your firm.

Taiwan

Report data in 1,000 pounds and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity i	in 1,000 pour	nds, value i	in dollars)			
	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Product 3		Product 4	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sa firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definition	Please subtract ons are provided	any discoun d on the first	ts, rebates, and page of Part III.	returns from	the quarter in w	vhich the sale	e occurred.	
Note -If your firm's product of description of your firm's product of your firm's product of the second					•	•	product, provide	e a
Product 1:								
Product 2:								

Product 4:

III-2f. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Thailand and sold by your firm.

Thailand

Report data in <u>1,000 pounds</u> and <u>actual dollars</u> (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in 1,000 pounds, value in dollars)

	Product 1		Produ	ıct 2	Produ	ıct 3	Produ	ct 4
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sa firm's U.S. point of shipment. ² Pricing product definition NoteIf your firm's product of	Please subtract ons are provided does not exactly	any discound on the first	ts, rebates, and page of Part III. oduct specificat	returns from	the quarter in volume	which the sale the specified	occurred.	
description of your firm's prod	auct. Also, plea	se explain ar	iy anomalies in	your firm's re	ported pricing d	ata.		
Product 1:								
Product 2:								
Product 3:								

III-2g.	Price data checklist Please check that the pricing data in question III-2(a) have been correctly
	reported.

	Are the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
	In actual dollars (<i>not</i> \$1,000) and 1,000 pounds?	
	Valued f.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., exclude U.S. inland transportation costs)?	
	Reported net of all discounts, rebates, and returns (deducted from the quarter in which the original sale occurred)?	
	Reported for commercial U.S. shipments only (i.e., exclude internal consumption, transfers, and exports)?	
	Less than or equal to the quantities and values reported in part II for commercial U.S. shipments in each period?	
	Explanation(s) for any boxes not checked:	
III-2h.	Pricing data methodologyPlease describe the method and the kinds of documents/that were used to compile your price data.	records

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

115	Importors'	Questionnaire -	Enovy Posins	(Proliminary)
U.S	. importers	Questionnaire -	– EDOXV KESINS	(Preliminary)

III-3.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of epoxy resins
	(check all that apply)?

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-5. **Pricing terms.--**On what basis are your firm's prices of imported epoxy resins from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-6. <u>Contract versus spot.</u>-- Approximately what shares of your firm's sales of its epoxy resins from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand in 2023 were on the basis of (1) short-term contracts, (2) annual contracts, (3) long-term contracts, and (4) spot sales?

	Type of sale					
ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (should sum to 100.0%	d o
Share of 2023 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for epoxy resins imported from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)				
Average contract duration	No. of days		365					
Price renegotiation	Yes							
(during contract period)	No							
	Quantity							
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price							
and, or price	Both							
Indexed to raw	Yes							
material costs ¹	No							
Not applicable								
¹ Please identify the in	¹ Please identify the indexes used:							

III-8. <u>Lead times.</u>--What share of your firm's sales of its epoxy resins imported from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand was from inventory and produced to order, and what was the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of its imported epoxy resins?

Source	Share of 2023 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

U.S. In	nporters'	Questionnaire – Epoxy Resins (Prelim	inary)				Page 41			
III-9.	Shippin	g information.—								
	(a)	Who generally arranges the transport	tation to y	our firm's	customers'	locations	?			
		☐ Your firm ☐ Purchaser (check o	one)							
		When your firm sells epoxy resins imported from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand, from where is it shipped?								
		Point of importation Storage facility (check one)								
		Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of epoxy resins imported from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand that are delivered the following distances from your firm's U.S. point of shipment.								
		Distance from your firm's U.S. poi	nt of shipn	nent	Share					
		Within 100 miles			%					
		101 to 1,000 miles			%					
		Over 1,000 miles			%					
		Total (should sum to 100	0.0%) 0.0 %							
III-10.	_	phical shipmentsIn which U.S. geogn mported from subject countries since	•	-			роху			
		Geographic area	China	India	South Korea	Taiwan	Thailand			
North	eastCT,	ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.								
Midwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.										
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.										
Centr	Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.									
Moun	itains.–AZ	, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.								
Pacifi	c Coast.—	CA, OR, and WA.								
Other	-All othe	er markets in the United States not								

III-11. <u>Inland transportation costs.</u>--What is the approximate percentage of the cost of epoxy resins imported from China, India, South Korea, Taiwan, and/or Thailand that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? _____ percent.

previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.

III-12. **End uses.--**List the end uses of the epoxy resins that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by epoxy resins and other inputs?

	Share of total cost	Total	
End-use product			(should sum to 100.0% across)
End-use product	Epoxy resins	Other inputs	,
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

III-13.	. <u>Substitutes</u> Can other products be substituted for epoxy resins?					
	☐ No	YesPlease fill out th	ne tak	ole.		
		End use in which this	На		ranges in the price of this substitute cted the price for epoxy resins?	
	Substitute	substitute is used	No	Yes	Explanation	
1.						
2.						
3.						

III-14. <u>Demand trends.</u>--Has demand within the United States and outside of the United States (if known) for epoxy resins steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2021? Explain any trends and describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.

Select one box per row.

Market	Steadily increase	Fluctuate higher	No change	Fluctuate lower	Steadily decrease	Explanation and factors
Within the United States						
Outside the United States						

No	Yes	If yes, pleas	se describe	•	
		the market f es, describe.		esins subject	to business cycles, either during the yea
No	Yes	If yes, pleas	se describe	, including a	ny changes since January 1, 2021.
	to epoxy				sins subject to conditions of competition es described in the previous question? If
No	Yes	If yes, pleas	se describe	, including a	ny changes since January 1, 2021.
any time s 'controlle	since Janua d order er	ary 1, 2021? ntry," declini the quantity	(Examples ng to accep promised,	include placi ot new custo	been unable to supply epoxy resins at ing customers on allocation or mers or renew existing customers, e to meet timely shipment commitments 2a, etc.)?
_	om change	s in operatio			
_	om change Yes	· 		, including t	he reason, timing, and duration of the
mpact fro		If yes, pleas		, including t	he reason, timing, and duration of the
No Raw mate	Yes	If yes, pleas constraint. ve epoxy res	se describe	aterial prices	he reason, timing, and duration of the steadily increased, fluctuated but endeadily decreased since January 1, 2021?
No Raw mate	Yes	If yes, pleas constraint. ve epoxy res	se describe	aterial prices	s steadily increased, fluctuated but ended
No Raw mate	Yes Perials Habt changed box per r	If yes, please constraint. ve epoxy rese, fluctuated ow.	se describe	aterial prices	s steadily increased, fluctuated but ender adily decreased since January 1, 2021?

III-20. <u>Interchangeability</u>.—How often are epoxy resins produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	India	South Korea	Taiwan	Thailand	Other countries
United States						
China	\nearrow					
India						
South Korea						
Taiwan				><		
Thailand						

For any country-pair producing epoxy resins that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude the interchangeable use of epoxy resins produced in the countries:

II S	Importers'	Questionnaire	- Fnoxy	Resins	(Preliminary)
0.5.	IIIIDOLLEIS	Questionnane	LDUAY	11631113	ir i C illillillai v

III-21. <u>Factors other than price</u>.—How often are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between epoxy resins produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	India	South Korea	Taiwan	Thailand	Other countries
United States						
China						
India		\nearrow				
South Korea						
Taiwan				\searrow		
Thailand						
For any counti	y-pair for whi	ch factors othe	r than price are	always or fre	equently a sign	nificant factor

For any country-pair for which factors other than price are *always* or *frequently* a significant factor in your firm's sales of epoxy resins, identify the country-pair and the relevant factors other than price, and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-22. Role of section 301 tariffs.-- Did the tariffs on Chinese-origin products under section 301, or changes in these tariffs, have an impact on the market for epoxy resins in the United States, including any effects on epoxy resins' cost, price, supply, and/or demand, since January 1, 2021?

Yes	No	Don't know

If yes, please describe the impact on cost, price, supply, and/or demand, and include the timing of such impacts.

III-23. <u>Customer identification</u>.--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for epoxy resins since January 1, 2021. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments of epoxy resins that each of these customers accounted for in 2023.

Cı	ustomer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2023 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-24.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section.

PART IV.--ADDITIONAL PRODUCT INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Alejandro Orozco (202-205-3177, Alejandro Orozco@usitc.gov).

- IV-1. Comparability of epoxy resins with epoxy resins that are part of a system/kit with a separate co-reactant(s) (i.e., hardeners, curatives, or curing agents).--For each of the following indicate whether listed products are: fully comparable or the same (i.e., have no differentiation between them); mostly comparable or similar; somewhat comparable or similar; never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or no familiarity with products.
 - F: fully comparable or the same, *i.e.*, have no differentiation between them;
 - M: mostly comparable or similar;
 - S: somewhat comparable or similar;
 - N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or
 - 0: no familiarity with products.
 - (a) <u>Physical Characteristics and End Uses</u>.--The differences and similarities in the physical characteristics and end uses.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their physical characteristics and uses:
Epoxy resins in systems/kits with co-reactants vs. Epoxy resins sold by themselves		

(b) Interchangeability.--The ability to substitute the products in the same application.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>interchangeability</u> :
Epoxy resins in systems/kits with co-reactants vs. Epoxy resins sold by themselves		

IV-1. Comparability of epoxy resins with epoxy resins that are part of a system/kit with a separate co-reactant(s).--Continued

F: fully comparable or the same, i.e., have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(c) <u>Channels of distribution</u>.--Channels of distribution/market situation through which the products are sold (i.e., sold direct to end users, through wholesaler/distributors, etc.).

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>channels of distribution</u> :
Epoxy resins in systems/kits with co-reactants vs. Epoxy resins sold by themselves		

(d) <u>Manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production employees</u>.--Whether manufactured in the same facilities, from the same inputs, on the same machinery and equipment, and using the same employees.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production employees:
Epoxy resins in systems/kits with co-reactants vs. Epoxy resins sold by themselves		

IV-1. Comparability of epoxy resins with epoxy resins that are part of a system/kit with a separate co-reactant(s).--Continued

F: fully comparable or the same, i.e., have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(e) <u>Customer and producer perceptions</u>.--Perceptions as to the differences and/or similarities in the market (*e.g.*, sales/marketing practices).

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their customer and product perceptions:
Epoxy resins in systems/kits with co-reactants vs. Epoxy resins sold by themselves		

(f) **Price**.--Whether prices are comparable or differ between the products.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <i>price</i> :
Epoxy resins in systems/kits with co-reactants vs. Epoxy resins sold by themselves		

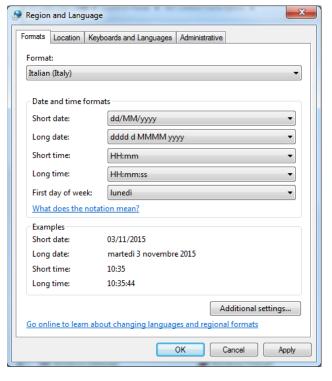
Correcting valid number error messages.--If you are completing this questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (i.e., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in the numeric form fields. This issue stems from your computer's number formatting setting (i.e., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (",") delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (".") delineate fractions less than one. Many EU and other countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (".") and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (","). The U.S. International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU or other country number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

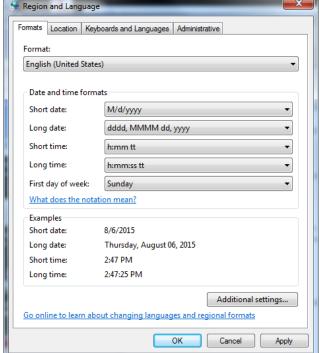
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g., "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the USITC importer questionnaire form. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy (or your country) settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at: https://www.usitc.gov/reports/active_import_injury_questionnaires.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission of further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Commission's secure submission portal</u>.—The questionnaire must be uploaded in two formats: (1) a Microsoft Word 97-2003 document; and (2) a PDF copy of the complete questionnaire with a signature on the first page. Please include any attachments at the end of the PDF (e.g., APO certification, additional comments, etc.).

Web address: https://www.usitc.gov/qportal Pin: EPOXY

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to Alejandro.Orozco@usitc.gov; include a PDF copy of the complete questionnaire with a signature on the first page. Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure submission portal and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm does not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned PDF copy via the Commission's secure submission portal or email.

Parties to this proceeding.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1802). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.