2020 Census Group Quarters Definitions and Code List

Group Quarters:

A group quarters is a place where people live or stay, in a group living arrangement that is owned or managed by an entity or organization providing housing and/or services for the residents. These services may include custodial or medical care as well as other types of assistance, and residency is commonly restricted to those receiving these services. This is not a typical household-type living arrangement. People living in group quarters are usually not related to each other.

Group quarters include such places as college residence halls, residential treatment centers, skilled-nursing facilities, group homes, military barracks, correctional facilities, and workers' dormitories.

Institutional Group Quarters:

Facilities that house those who are primarily ineligible, unable, or unlikely to participate in the labor force while residents.

CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES FOR ADULTS

<i>Type Code:</i> 101	Federal Detention Centers:
	Stand alone, generally multi-level, federally operated
	correctional facilities that provide "short-term" confinement
	or custody of adults pending adjudication or sentencing.
	These facilities may hold pretrial detainees, holdovers,
	sentenced offenders, and Immigration and Customs
	Enforcement (ICE) inmates, formerly called Immigration and
	Naturalization Service (INS) inmates. These facilities
	include: Metropolitan Correctional Centers (MCCs),
	Metropolitan Detention Centers (MDCs), Federal Detention
	Centers (FDCs), Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers,
	ICE Service Processing Centers, and ICE contract detention
	facilities.
Type Code: 102 Federal Prisons	Federal and State Prisons:
	Adult correctional facilities where people convicted of crimes
<i>Type Code</i> : 103 State Prisons	serve their sentences. Common names include: prison,
	penitentiary, correctional institution, federal or state
	correctional facility, and conservation camp. The prisons are
	classified by two types of control: (1) "federal" (operated by
	or for the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and
	(2) "state." Residents who are forensic patients or criminally
	insane are classified on the basis of where they resided at the
	time of enumeration. Patients in hospitals (units, wings, or
	floors) operated by or for federal or state correctional
	authorities are counted in the prison population. Other
	forensic patients will be enumerated in psychiatric hospital
	units and floors for long-term non-acute patients. This
	category may include privately operated correctional
	facilities.

Type Code: 104	Local Jails and Other Municipal Confinement
	Facilities:
	Correctional facilities operated by or for counties, cities,
	and American Indian and Alaska Native tribal
	governments. These facilities hold adults detained pending
	adjudication and/or people committed after adjudication.
	This category also includes work farms and camps used to hold people awaiting trial or serving time on relatively
	short sentences. Residents who are forensic patients or
	criminally insane are classified on the basis of where they
	resided at the time of enumeration. Patients in hospitals
	(units, wings, or floors) operated by or for local
	correctional authorities are counted in the jail population.
	Other forensic patients will be enumerated in psychiatric
	hospital units and floors for long-term non-acute patients.
	This category may include privately operated correctional
T. C. I. 105	facilities.
Type Code: 105	Correctional Residential Facilities:
	These are community-based facilities operated for correctional purposes. The facility residents may be
	allowed extensive contact with the community, such as for
	employment or attending school, but are obligated to
	occupy the premises at night.
	Examples are halfway houses, restitution centers, and
	prerelease, work release, and study centers.
Type Code: 106	Military Disciplinary Barracks and Jails:
	Correctional facilities managed by the military to hold
HIVENII E EACH ITIES	those awaiting trial or convicted of crimes.
JUVENILE FACILITIES	
Type Code: 201	Group Homes for Juveniles (non-correctional):
	Includes community-based group living arrangements for
	youth in residential settings that are able to accommodate
	three or more clients of a service provider. The group home provides room and board and services, including
	behavioral, psychological, or social programs. Generally,
	clients are not related to the care giver or to each other.
	Examples are maternity homes for unwed mothers,
	orphanages, and homes for abused and neglected children
	in need of services. Group homes for juveniles do not
	include residential treatment centers for juveniles or group
	homes operated by or for correctional authorities.

Type Code: 202	Residential Treatment Centers for Juveniles (non-
	correctional):
	Includes facilities that primarily serve youth that provide
	services on-site in a highly structured live-in environment
	for the treatment of drug/alcohol abuse, mental illness, and
	emotional/behavioral disorders. These facilities are staffed
	24-hours a day. The focus of a residential treatment center
	is on the treatment program. Residential treatment centers
	for juveniles do not include facilities operated by or for
	correctional authorities.
Type Code: 203	Correctional Facilities Intended for Juveniles:
	Includes specialized facilities that provide strict
	confinement for its residents and detain juveniles awaiting
	adjudication, commitment or placement, and/or those being
	held for diagnosis or classification. Also included are
	correctional facilities where residents are permitted contact
	with the community, for purposes such as attending school
	or holding a job.
	Examples are residential training schools and farms,
	reception and diagnostic centers, group homes operated by or for correctional authorities, detention centers, and boot
	camps for juvenile delinquents.
NURSING FACILITIES/SKIL	
Type Code: 301	
Type Code: 301	Nursing Facilities/Skilled-Nursing Facilities:
	Includes facilities licensed to provide medical care with
	seven day, twenty-four hour coverage for people requiring long-term non-acute care. People in these facilities require
	nursing care, regardless of age. Either of these types of
	facilities may be referred to as nursing homes.
OTHER INSTITUTIONAL FA	
Type Code: 401	Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals and Psychiatric
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Units in Other Hospitals:
	Includes psychiatric hospitals, units and floors for long-
	term non-acute care patients. The primary function of the
	hospital, unit, or floor is to provide diagnostic and
	treatment services for long-term non-acute patients who
	have psychiatric-related illness. All patients are
	enumerated in this category.

Type Code: 402	Hospitals with Patients Who Have No Usual Home
	Elsewhere:
	Includes hospitals if they have any patients who have no
	exit or disposition plan, or who are known as "boarder
	patients" or "boarder babies." All hospitals are eligible for
	inclusion in this category except psychiatric hospitals,
	units, wings or floors operated by federal, state or local
	correctional authorities. Patients in hospitals operated by
	these correctional authorities will be counted in the prison
	or jail population. Psychiatric units and hospice units in
	hospitals are also excluded. Only patients with no usual
T. C. I. 102	home elsewhere are enumerated in this category.
Type Code: 403	In-Patient Hospice Facilities:
	Includes in-patient hospice facilities (both free-standing and
	units in hospitals) that provide palliative, comfort, and
	supportive care for the terminally ill patient and their
	families. Only patients with no usual home elsewhere are
True Code 404	tabulated in this category.
<i>Type Code</i> : 404	Military Treatment Facilities with Assigned
	Patients:
	These facilities include military hospitals and medical
	centers with active duty patients assigned to the facility.
T C . J 405	Only these patients are enumerated in this category.
Type Code: 405	Residential Schools for People with Disabilities:
	Includes schools that provide the teaching of skills for daily
	living, education programs, and care for students with disabilities in a live-in environment.
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	Examples are residential schools for the physically or
	developmentally disabled.
	developmentany disabled.

Noninstitutional G	roup Quarters:
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Facilities that house those who are primarily eligible, able, or likely to participate in the labor force while residents.

COLLEGE/UNIVERSITY STUDENT HOUSING

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College/University Student Housing:

Includes residence halls, and other buildings, including apartment-style student housing, designed primarily to house college and university students in a group living arrangement either on or off campus. These facilities are owned, leased, or managed either by a college, university, or seminary, or by a private entity or organization. Fraternity and sorority housing recognized by the college or university are included as college student housing.

Students attending the U.S. Naval Academy, the U.S. Military Academy (West Point), the U.S. Coast Guard Academy, and the U.S. Air Force Academy are counted in military group quarters.

MILITARY QUARTERS

Type Code: 601 Military Quarters

Type Code: 602 Military Ships

Military Quarters:

These facilities include military personnel living in barracks (including "open" barrack transient quarters) and dormitories and military ships. Patients assigned to Military Treatment Facilities and people being held in military disciplinary barracks and jails are not enumerated in this category. Patients in Military Treatment Facilities with no usual home elsewhere are not enumerated in this category.

OTHER NONINSTITUTIONAL FACILITIES		
Type Code: 701	Emergency and Transitional Shelters (with Sleeping Facilities) for People Experiencing Homelessness: Facilities where people experiencing homelessness stay	
	overnight. These include: 1) shelters that operate on a first-come, first-serve basis where people must leave in the morning and have no guaranteed bed for the next night; 2) shelters where people know that they have a bed for a specified period of time (even if they leave the building every day); and 3) shelters that provide temporary shelter during extremely cold weather (such as churches). This category does not include shelters that operate only in the event of a natural disaster.	
	Examples are emergency and transitional shelters; missions; hotels and motels used to shelter people experiencing homelessness; shelters for children who are runaways, neglected or experiencing homelessness; and similar places known to have people experiencing homelessness.	
Type Code: 702 Soup Kitchens	Soup Kitchens, Regularly Scheduled Mobile Food	
Type Code: 704 Regularly Scheduled Mobile Food Vans	Vans, and Targeted Non-Sheltered Outdoor Locations: Includes soup kitchens that offer meals organized as food service lines or bag or box lunches for people experiencing	
Type Code: 706 Targeted Non-Sheltered Outdoor Locations	homelessness; street locations where mobile food vans regularly stop to provide food to people experiencing homelessness; and targeted non-sheltered outdoor locations where people experiencing homelessness live without paying to stay. This would also include persons staying in pre-identified car, RV and tent encampments. Targeted non-sheltered outdoor locations must have a specific location description; for example, "the Brooklyn Bridge at the corner of Bristol Drive," "the 700 block of Taylor Street behind the old warehouse," or the address of the parking lot being utilized.	
Type Code: 703	Domestic Violence Shelters Domestic violence shelters include community-based homes, shelters or crisis centers that provide housing for people who have sought shelter from household violence and who may have been physically abused.	

Type Code: 801	Group Homes Intended for Adults: Group homes are community-based group living arrangements in residential settings that are able to accommodate three or more clients of a service provider. The group home provides room and board and services, including behavioral, psychological, or social programs. Generally, clients are not related to the care giver or to each other. Group homes do not include residential treatment centers or facilities operated by or for correctional authorities.
Type Code: 802	Residential Treatment Centers for Adults: Residential facilities that provide treatment on-site in a highly structured live-in environment for the treatment of drug/alcohol abuse, mental illness, and emotional/behavioral disorders. They are staffed 24-hours a day. The focus of a residential treatment center is on the treatment program. Residential treatment centers do not include facilities operated by or for correctional authorities.
Type Code: 900	Maritime/Merchant Vessels: Includes U.S. owned and operated flag vessels used for commercial or noncombatant government related purposes at U.S. ports, upon the sea, or on the Great Lakes.
Type Code: 901	Workers' Group Living Quarters and Job Corps Centers: Includes facilities such as dormitories, bunkhouses, and similar types of group living arrangements for agricultural and non-agricultural workers. This category also includes facilities that provide a full-time, year-round residential program offering a vocational training and employment program that helps young people 16-to-24 years old learn a trade, earn a high school diploma or GED and get help finding a job. Examples are group living quarters at migratory formworker gamps, construction workers' comps. Joh
Type Code: 902	farmworker camps, construction workers' camps, Job Corps centers and vocational training facilities. Religious Group Quarters: Religious group quarters are living quarters owned or operated by religious organizations that are intended to house their members in a group living situation. This category includes such places as convents, monasteries, and abbeys. Living quarters for students living or staying in seminaries are classified as college student housing not religious group quarters.
Type Code: 903	Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters: These are temporary group living arrangements established as a result of natural disasters.