U.S. PRODUCERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

GLASS WINE BOTTLES FROM CHILE, CHINA, AND MEXICO

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by <u>July 8, 2024</u> See last page for instructions regarding how to file this questionnaire.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing duty and antidumping duty investigations concerning glass wine bottles from Chile, China, and Mexico (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-703 and 731-TA-1661-1663 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of firm

City			State		Zip Cod	e		
Website _								
Has your fir January 1, 2		lass wine bottles ((as defined on n	ext page)	in the Uni	ed States at	any time s	since
□ NO	(Sign the ce	ertification below ar	nd promptly returi	n only this	page of the	questionnair	e to the Con	nmission)
YES	(Complete	all parts of the ques	stionnaire, and ret	urn the en	tire questic	nnaire to the	Commission	n)
that the info	ormation here	ein supplied in r	CERTIFICAT		nnaire is	complete ai	nd correct	to the bes
ge and belief of this certific tion provided mission on the ndersigned, ac ing or other p el (a) for deve and evaluat x 3; or (ii) by	and understa ation I also g in this questic same or simi knowledge th roceedings m loping or mai ons relating J.S. governme	ein supplied in rond that the information of the information of the information of the intaining the record to the programs and the mondisclosuriate mondisclosurians and the internal information of the programs and the information of the internal information of the information o	esponse to this mation submitter the Commission submitted in respond to and used: (i) ords of this or a personnel, and contract personnel,	s question red is subj ion, and ceeding in esponse to by the Co a related p	ect to audits emplo an any other othis requires ommission proceedin tions of t	lit and verifyees and cor or import-injouest for info uest for info or, its employ g, or (b) in it the Commiss	ication by partract pe fury process or mation content in the following including the following including the following including the following including including the following including	the Commis rsonnel, to edings condo and through Offices, and vestigations ling under
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PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.—This proceeding was instituted in response to petitions filed on December 29, 2023, by the U.S. Glass Producers Coalition, which is comprised of Ardagh Glass Inc. ("Ardagh"), Indianapolis, Indiana and the United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union ("USW"), Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this proceeding are available at following locations:

Questionnaires: https://usitc.gov/reports/active import injury questionnaires.

Other information: https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8167/investigation/8559

Glass wine bottles covered by this proceeding are certain narrow neck glass bottles, with a nominal capacity of 740 milliliters (25.02 ounces) to 760 milliliters (25.70 ounces); a nominal total height between 24.8 centimeters (9.75 inches) to 35.6 centimeters (14 inches); a nominal base diameter between 4.6 centimeters (1.8 inches) to 11.4 centimeters (4.5 inches); and a mouth with an outer diameter of between 25 millimeters (.98 inches) to 37.9 millimeters (1.5 inches); frequently referred to as a "wine bottle." In scope merchandise may include but is not limited to the following shapes: Bordeaux (also known as "Claret"), Burgundy, Hock, Champagne, Sparkling, Port, Provence, or Alsace (also known as "Germanic"). In scope glass bottles generally have an approximately round base and have shapes including but not limited to, straight-sided, a tapered slope from shoulder (i.e., the sloping part of the bottle between the neck and the body) to base, or a long neck with sloping shoulders to a wider base. The scope includes glass bottles, whether or not clear, whether or not colored, with or without a punt (i.e., an indentation on the underside of the bottle), and with or without design or functional enhancements (including, but not limited to, embossing, labeling, or etching). In scope merchandise is made of non-"free blown" glass, i.e., in scope merchandise is produced with the use of a mold and is distinguished by mold seams, joint marks, or parting lines. In scope merchandise is unfilled and may be imported with or without a closure, including a cork, stelvin (screw cap), crown cap, or wire cage and cork closure.

Excluded from the scope of the investigations are: (1) glass containers made of borosilicate glass, meeting United States Pharmacopeia requirements for Type 1 pharmaceutical containers; and (2) glass containers without a "finish" (i.e., the section of a container at the opening including the lip and ring or collar, threaded or otherwise compatible with a type of closure, including but not limited to a cork, stelvin (screw cap), crown cap, or wire cage and cork closure).

Glass wine bottles subject to the investigations are specified within the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under subheading 7010.90.5019. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes only. The written description of the scope of the investigations is dispositive.

Gross: 1 gross = 144 discrete glass containers.

Reporting of information.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals. In addition, if your firm is a U.S. producer, the information you provide on your production and imports of glass wine bottles and your responses to the questions in Part I of the producer questionnaire will be provided to the U.S. Department of Commerce, upon its request, for use in connection with (and only in connection with) its requirement pursuant to section 702(c)(4)/732(c)(4) of the Act (19 U.S.C. § 1671a(c)(4)/1673a(c)(4)) to make a determination concerning the extent of industry support for the petition requesting this proceeding. Any information provided to Commerce will be transmitted under the confidentiality and release guidelines set forth above. Your response to these questions constitutes your consent that such information be provided to Commerce under the conditions described above.

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>--The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macroenabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (https://www.usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is *optional*. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding (available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

Large wineries list.-- based on Wine Business Monthly top wineries in the United States in 2023.

- 1. E. & J. Gallo Winery 100 million (WBM Estimate)
- 2. The Wine Group 50 million
- 3. Trinchero Family Estates 20 million
- 4. Delicato Family Wines 17 million
- 5. Constellation Brands 11 million
- 6. Treasury Wine Estates 8 million
- 7. Bronco Wine Company 8 million
- 8. Ste. Michelle Wine Estates 7 million
- 9. Jackson Family Wines 6 million
- 10. Deutsch Family Wine & Spirits (Josh Cellars) 5 million
- 11. Vintage Wine Estates 3.5 million
- 12. Precept Wine 3.2 million
- 13. Bogle Family Wine Collection 2.7 million
- 14. WX Brands 2.6 million
- 15. Duckhorn Vineyards 2.1 million
- 16. Foley Family Wines 1.7 million
- 17. Korbel Champagne Cellars 1.7 million
- 18. C. Mondavi & Family 1.6 million
- 19. Viña Concha Y Toro (Fetzer Vineyards) 1.6 million
- 20. J. Lohr Vineyards & Wines 1.6 million
- 21. NakedWines.com 1.5 million
- 22. O'Neill Vintners & Distillers 1.2 million
- 23. Don Sebastiani & Sons 1 million
- 24. Boisset Collection 1 million
- 25. Scheid Family Wines 850,000
- 26. Rodney Strong Estates 820,000
- 27. JaM Cellars (John Anthony Family of Wines) 820,000
- 28. Oliver Winery & Vineyards 750,000
- 29. Riboli Family Wines 700,000
- 30. Wente Family Estates 660,000
- 31. Pernod Ricard USA 650,000
- 32. Domaine Chandon Estates & Wines (Moët Hennessy USA) 640,000
- 33. Hess Persson Estates 600,000
- 34. Terlato Wine Group 600,000
- 35. Purple Wine + Spirits 600,000
- 36. Michael David Winery 600,000
- 37. House of Smith 600,000
- 38. Duplin Winery 563,000
- 39. FirstLeaf 500,000

I-1a. Reporting requirements.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire for use by the Office of Management and Budget.

Hours	Dollars

Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 55 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please provide such comments to the Office of Investigations, import injury@usitc.gov.

I-1b.	<u>TAA information release</u> In the event that the U.S. International Trade Commission (USITC)
	makes an affirmative final determination in this proceeding, do you consent to the USITC's
	release of your contact information (company name, address, contact person, contact person's
	title, telephone number, email address) appearing on the front page of this questionnaire to the
	Departments of Commerce, Labor, and Agriculture, as applicable, so that your firm and its
	workers can be made eligible for benefits under the Trade Adjustment Assistance program?

Yes	No
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I-2a. <u>Establishments covered</u>.--Provide the city, state, zip code, and brief description of each establishment covered by this questionnaire. Firms operating more than one establishment should combine the data for all establishments into a single report.

"<u>Establishment</u>"--Each facility of a firm involved in the <u>production</u> of glass wine bottles, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such facilities.

Establishments covered ¹	City, State	Zip (5 digit)	Description
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
¹ Additional disc	ussion on establishments cons	solidated in this question	onnaire:

I-2b.	Stock symbol information If your firm or parent firm is publicly traded, please specify the
	stock exchange and trading symbol:

I-2c.	External counsel If your firm or parent firm is represented by external counsel in relation to
	this proceeding, please specify the name of the law firm and the lead attorney(s).

Law firm:	
Lead attorney(s):	

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U.S.	Producers	Questionnaire -	- Giass wine	bottles (Final)

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I-3.		er statusIs your firm ang entity?	petitioner in this proc	eeding or a member f	irm of the
	No	Yes			
I-4.	Petition :	support.—Does your fir	m support or oppose t	he petition?	
Cou	ntry	Investigation type	Support	Oppose	Take no position
Ch	ile	Antidumping duty			
Ch	ina	Countervailing duty			
Ch	ina	Antidumping duty			
Me	xico	Antidumping duty			
I-5.	Ownersh	ipIs your firm owned	, in whole or in part, by		ite parent/owner.
	Firm na	me	Country		Extent of ownership (percent)

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

No Yes	List the following information.	
Firm name	Country	Affiliation
engaged in the product	es your firm have any related fir ion of glass wine bottles?	ms, either domestic or foreign,
engaged in the product	ion of glass wine bottles?List the following information.	
engaged in the product	ion of glass wine bottles?	ms, either domestic or foreign,
engaged in the product	ion of glass wine bottles?List the following information.	
engaged in the product	ion of glass wine bottles?List the following information.	
engaged in the product	ion of glass wine bottles?List the following information.	

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Charles Cummings (202-708-1666, charles.cummings@usitc.gov). **Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.**

	 •	•	individual and the manner by which ng the confidential information submitted
Name			
Title			
Email			
Telephone			

II-2a. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the production of glass wine bottles since January 1, 2021.

Check as many as appropriate.		If checked, please describe the nature, timing / duration, and impact on operations of any such reported changes as well as the business reasons for them; leave completely blank if not applicable
	Plant openings	
	Plant closings	
	Prolonged shutdowns/idlings	
	Production curtailments	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Weather-related or force majeure events	
	Other (e.g., revised labor agreements, technology)	

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II-2b.		<u>Plant closings.</u> — If in your response to II-2a you have identified any plant closings, prolonged shutdowns, or idling of production lines, please provide additional information about the time,					
			dling of production lines, please pr ions for the closings/shutdowns/ic		ation about the time,		
Г					T		
			Nature, and reasons for the	When each idled or closed furnace was	When each idled or closed furnace was last refurbished and the nature of		
Locatio	n (City, St	ate)	closings/shutdowns/idling	first brought online	the repair		
	II-2c. <u>COVID-19 pandemic</u> .—Has the COVID-19 pandemic or have any government actions taken to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus resulted in changes in your firm's supply chain arrangements, production, employment, and shipments relating to glass wine bottles? In your response, please discuss the duration and timing of any such changes as they relate to your firm's operations.						
	No	Yes	If yes, describe these changes i supply chain, (b) production an respect to glass wine bottles.				

II-3a. **Production using same machinery.--**Please report your firm's production of products using the same equipment, machinery, or employees as used to produce glass wine bottles, and the combined capacity (both installed and practical capacity) on this shared equipment, machinery, or employees in the periods indicated.

"Installed overall capacity" – The level of production that your establishment(s) could have attained, assuming your firm's optimal product mix, and based solely on existing capital investments, i.e., machinery and equipment that is in place and ready to operate. This capacity measure does <u>not</u> take into account other constraints to production such as existing workforce constraints, availability of raw materials, or downtime for maintenance, repair, and clean-up. This capacity measure is sometimes referred to as "nameplate" or "theoretical" capacity.

"Practical overall capacity" – The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain, taking into account your firm's actual product mix over the period. This capacity measure is based on not only existing capital investments, i.e., machinery and equipment that is in place and ready to operate; but also non-capital investment constraints, such as (1) normal operating conditions, including normal downtime for maintenance, repair, and cleanup; (2) your firm's existing in place and readily available labor force; (3) availability of material inputs; and (4) any other constraints that may have limited your firm's ability to produce the reported products. Importantly, this capacity measure is the maximum "practical" production your firm could have achieved without hiring new personnel or expanding the number of shifts operated in the period.

"Practical glass wine bottles capacity" – The level of production of glass wine bottles that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain. The same assumptions apply to this capacity measure as for practical overall capacity, but only includes the portion of practical overall capacity allocated to the production of glass wine bottles based on the actual product mix experienced over the period.

"**Production**" – All production in your U.S. establishment(s), including production consumed internally within your firm and production for another firm under a toll agreement.

Takes into account	Installed overall capacity	Practical overall capacity	Practical glass wine bottles capacity
Existing capital investments	Yes	Yes	Yes
Product mix	Yes	Yes	Yes
Normal downtime, maintenance, repair and clean-up	No	Yes	Yes
Existing labor force	No	Yes	Yes
Availability of material inputs	No	Yes	Yes
Actual number of shifts and hours operated	No	Yes	Yes
Limited to glass wine bottles	No	No	Yes

II-3a. Production using same machinery.—Continued

Quantity (in gross)							
	(Calendar year	January-March				
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024		
Capacity measures: Installed overall capacity ¹							
Practical overall capacity ¹²							
Practical glass wine bottles capacity ^{3 4}	0	0	0	0	0		
Production of: Glass wine bottles ^{3 4}	0	0	0	0	0		
Other out-of-scope products: Other wine bottles of glass (i.e., >750 or <750 ML)							
Glass bottles other than for wine (e.g., beer, spirits, et cetera)							
All other non-bottle products ⁵							
Subtotal, all out-of-scope products	0	0	0	0	0		
Total production using same machinery or workers	0	0	0	0	0		

¹ Data reported for both "installed overall" and "practical overall" capacity should each individually be greater than data reported for total production (last line). Additionally, data reported for "installed overall" capacity should be greater than "practical overall" capacity in every period.

² Please provide details in your response to the question on capacity constraints in question II-3d below that explain the differences reported between "installed" overall capacity and "practical" overall capacity.

³ Data for this indicator will populate here once reported below in question II-8.

⁴ Data reported for practical glass wine bottles capacity should be greater than the data reported for production of glass wine bottles in each period, if not revise prior to submission to the Commission. Additionally, if your firm reports the production of no other products on the same machinery and using the same workers as glass wine bottles then "practical overall" and "practical glass wine bottles" capacity measures should be equal to each other.

⁵ Please identify these products: .

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u.s.	Producers	Questionn	aire – G	iass wine	bottles	trinai

II-3b.	Operating parametersThe properating parameters:	uctical overall capacity reported i	n II-3a is based on the following
	Hours per week	Weeks per year]
II-3c.	Capacity calculationsPlease de overall production capacities rep		calculate <i>installed</i> and <i>practical</i> nanges in reported capacities.

II-3d. Practical overall capacity constraints.--Please describe the constraint(s) that set the limit(s) on your firm's practical overall capacity over the period reported in question II-3a. If different constraints were binding over different periods reported, please specify when each constraint was limiting your reported practical overall capacity. If a constraint was not actually binding over the period reported, but was still a constraint to achieving the installed capacity level, indicate at what level it would have been binding.

(check as many as appropriate)		Description (If checked, please describe the details, timing, and duration of the constraint; leave completely blank if not applicable)
	Production bottlenecks	
	Existing labor force	
	Supply of material inputs	
	Fuel or energy	
	Storage capacity	
	Logistics/transportation	
	Other constraints (list the specific constraints in the description field)	

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U.S.	Producers	Questionnaire	– Glass Wine	Bottles (Fina	ш

Reaching installed overall capacityPlease describe and quantify the amount of time it would take and the additional actions that would be needed (e.g., hiring new workers, expanding shifts, procuring larger sources of raw material supply, etc.) for your firm to be able to fully utilize the reported installed overall capacity reported in II-3a.					
please would i	report, with need to be be dates on wh	the extent that your company is reporti pecificity: (1) which machines or equipn ought back into production for your plan ich such machines or equipment were la	nent (or other elements of produc nt to operate at full capacity, and		
(a)	•	able to switch production (capacity) beto ng the same equipment and/or labor? If yes—(i.e., have produced other products) Please identify other actual of	lucts or are able to produce other		
		products, ricuse identity care actuals	or potential products.		
(b)		ibe the factors that affect your firm's ab ost, relative price change, etc.), and the such shifts.			
(c) Please describe the amount of time and effort required to switch between different glass wine bottle designs/molds/colors for different production run, and indicate the impact of such switching has on the cost of production for glass wine bottles.					
	impact of st	ch switching has on the cost of producti	on for glass wine bottles.		

II-5.	Capacity checklistPlease check that the capacity numbers reported in question II-3a follow the
	Commission's relevant definitions for capacity.

Item	√ if Yes
Are all three capacity measures reported based on <u>currently installed</u> <u>machinery and equipment</u> (i.e., the reported capacity level would not require additional capital investments in order to achieve)?	
Are practical overall capacity and practical glass wine bottles capacity measures reported based on <u>existing labor force</u> (i.e., the reported capacity level would not require hiring additional production related workers or adding shifts)?	
Are practical overall capacity and practical glass wine bottles capacity measures based on the actual availability of material inputs?	
Do both practical overall capacity and practical glass wine bottles capacity measures account for <u>normal downtime</u> , <u>maintenance</u> , <u>repair and clean-up</u> activities?	
Does the difference between practical overall capacity and practical glass wine bottles capacity equal the portion of practical overall capacity that is dedicated to the production of out-of-scope products?	

Note: If your firm is not able to answer "yes" to any of the above criteria as it relates to your firm's reported capacity levels, please revise your capacity numbers to be in conformance with the appropriate definition prior to submission to the Commission.

II-6. <u>Tolling</u>.--Since January 1, 2021, has your firm been involved in a toll agreement regarding the production of glass wine bottles?

"Toll agreement"--Agreement between two firms whereby the first firm ("tollee") furnishes the raw materials and the second firm ("toller") uses the raw materials to produce a product that it then returns to the first firm with a charge for processing costs, overhead, etc.

No	Yes	
		If yes—Please complete the table below.

Does your firm act as the toller or tollee in this arrangement?	Toller:	Tollee:
Report the share of your firm's production of glass wine bottles that vincluded in this toll arrangement in 2023.	was	%
Please describe the activities performed in this tolling arrangement:		
Please indicate the name(s) of the firm(s) involved:		

II-7. Foreign trade zones	š
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(a) <u>Firm's FTZ operations</u>.--Does your firm produce glass wine bottles in and/or admit glass wine bottles into a foreign trade zone (FTZ)?

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise. A foreign trade zone must be designated as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

No	If yesDescribe the nature of your firm's operations in FTZs and identify the specific FTZ site(s).

(b) Other firms' FTZ operations.--To your knowledge, do any firms in the United States import glass wine bottles into a foreign trade zone (FTZ) for use in distribution of glass wine bottles and/or the production of downstream articles?

No	Yes	If yesIdentify the firms and the FTZs.	

II-8. **Shipments and inventory data.--**Report you firm's practical capacity, production, shipments, and inventories of domestically produced glass wine bottles during the specified periods.

"Production" – All production in your U.S. establishment(s), including production consumed internally within your firm and production for another firm under a toll agreement.

"Commercial U.S. shipments" – Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report <u>net values</u> (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

"Export shipments" – Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" — Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work-in-progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-8. Production, shipment, and inventory data.--Continued

	Calendar year			January-March	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Practical glass wine bottles capacity ¹ (quantity) (A)					
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (B)					
Production (quantity) (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					

¹ Report your firm's practical glass wine bottle capacity consistent with the definitions and instructions provided in question II-3a above.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, PRODUCTION, AND INVENTORY.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line B), plus production (i.e., line C), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather reflect your firm's actual records; and also provide explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
B + C - D - F - H - J - L = should equal					
zero ("0"), if not revise, or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:_____.

² Internal consumption and transfers to related firms must be valued at fair market value. If your firm uses a different basis for valuing these transactions in your records, please specify that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus, *etc.*):

[.] However, the data provided above in this table should be based on fair market value.

³ Identify your firm's principal export markets:

II-9. <u>Channels of distribution</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S.-produced glass wine bottles by channel of distribution and packaging type during the specific periods.

January 2023	r-March 2024
2023	2024

¹ Report your firm's shipments of glass wine bottles to 'large wineries' based on the winery itself producing more >=500,000 cases annually of bottled wine regardless of how many glass wine bottles your firm shipped to that customer. See list of large wineries based on Wine Business Monthly top wineries in the United States in 2023 excerpted in part I General Instructions.

² Explain what those other end users are :_____

II-9. **Channels of distribution**.--Continued.

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY CHANNEL AND .-- Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by customer type and packaging type (i.e., lines M through AB) in this question equal the quantities and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year	January-March		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Quantity: $M + O + Q + S + U + W + Y + AA - D - F - H = should equal zero ("0"), if not revise, or provide an explanation.1$	0	0	0	0	0
Value: N + P + R + T + V + X + Z +AB - E - G - I = should equal zero ("0"), if not revise, or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:_____.

II-10. <u>US shipments by type.</u>—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S.-produced glass wine bottles in calendar year 2023 by product type and weight of bottle.

Quantity (<i>in gr</i>	oss) and value (in	\$1,000)			
	Calendar year 2023 Weight of empty bottle				
		501 grams to 700			
Item	<=500 grams	grams	>700 grams		
U.S. shipments in 2023: 750 mL Claret style (Bordeaux style) wine bottles, green color:					
Quantity (AC)					
Value (AD)					
750 mL Burgundy style wine bottles, green color: Quantity (AE)					
Value (AF)					
750 mL flint color wine bottles: Quantity (AG)					
Value (AH)					
750 mL wine bottles of other styles or colors: Quantity (AI)					
Value (AJ)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type (i.e., lines AC through AJ) in this question equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) for calendar year 2023 in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation item	2023
Quantity: $AC + AE + AG + AI - D - F - H = zero$ ("0"), if not revise.	0
Value: AD + AF + AH + AJ – E – G – I = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-12.	<u>Production method</u> Please indicate which production methods your firm uses to produce glass wine bottles in the United States (check all that apply):
	Press and blow method Blow and blow method Other (please describe):

II-13. **Employment data**.--Report your firm's employment-related data related to the production of glass wine bottles and provide an explanation for any trends in these data.

"Production and Related Workers" (PRWs) includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Average number employed may be computed by adding the number of employees, both full time and part time, for the 12 pay periods ending closest to the 15th of the month and divide that total by 12. For the January to March periods, calculate similarly and divide by 3.

If your firm had the same number of PRWs in all calendar year and had not experienced any changes in PRWs in the most recent interim period, you would have the same number of PRWs for the interim periods, regardless of whether the interim periods are Jan-Mar (Q1), Jan-June (Q1+Q2), or Jan-Sept (Q1+Q2+Q3)."

"Hours worked" includes time paid for sick leave, holidays, and vacation time. Include overtime hours actually worked; do not convert overtime pay to its equivalent in straight time hours.

"Wages paid" – Total wages paid before deductions of any kind (e.g., withholding taxes, old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, union dues, bonds, etc.). Include wages paid directly by your firm for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Average number of PRWs (number)					
Hours worked by PRWs (1,000 hours)					
Wages paid to PRWs (\$1,000)					

Ε	xplanation of	trends:			

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0.5.	ribuuceis	Questionnane -	– Giass Will	e butties	(Filla)

<u>Transfers to related firms</u> If your firm reported transfers to related firms in question II-8, please identify the firm(s) and indicate the nature of the relationship between your firm and the related firms (e.g., joint venture, wholly owned subsidiary), whether the transfers were priced at market value or by a non-market formula, whether your firm retained marketing rights to all transfers, and whether the related firms also processed inputs from sources other than your firm.					
Internal consumption/transfers to related firmsD transfer to a related firm any portion of its glass wind and H of question II-8?	•				
No- Do not complete questions II-14b and II-14c	Yes- Complete questions II-14b and II-14c				
	please identify the firm(s) and indicate the nature of related firms (e.g., joint venture, wholly owned subs market value or by a non-market formula, whether y transfers, and whether the related firms also process firm. Internal consumption/transfers to related firmsD transfer to a related firm any portion of its glass wind and H of question II-8?				

II-15b. <u>Captive production use.</u>—Please report the share of your firm's internal consumption and/or transfers to related firms for the uses identified below for the specified periods. These data should reconcile with the quantities reported in question II-8 (lines F and H) for the specified periods.

Quantity (in gross)							
	Calendar year			January-March			
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024		
Internal consumption or transfers to related firms: Sold as is (re-entry into merchant market) (i.e., as an empty bottle)							
Assembled into other products ¹ (e.g., filled with wine)							
¹ Please describe these products:							

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CAPTIVE PRODUCTION USE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for sold as is and assembled into other products in each time period equal the quantity reported for internal consumption and/or transfers to related firms for U.S. shipments (i.e., line F and H) in question II-8 in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
"Sold as is" + "Assembled into other products" – F – H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-15c. Glass wine bottles share contribution to downstream product.—Does your firm or a related firm produce other downstream products using your firm's U.S.-produced glass wine bottles?

No	Yes	If yes—Please report the share that glass wine bottles accounts for of
		downstream product.

Material inputs used in glass wine bottles production	Share of <u>value</u> accounted for in downstream product (percent)	Share of the <i>quantity</i> accounted for in downstream product (percent)
Glass wine bottles		
All other material inputs (e.g., wine)		
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0	0.0

II-16.	PurchasesHas your firm purchased glass wine bottles produced in the United States or in
	other countries since January 1, 2021? (Do not include imports for which your firm was the
	importer of record. These should be reported in an importer questionnaire.)

"Purchase" – A transaction to buy product from a U.S. corporate entity such as another U.S. producer, a U.S. distributor, or a U.S. firm that has directly imported the product.

"Import" —A transaction to buy from a foreign supplier where your firm is the importer of record.

No	If yesReport such purchases in the table below and explain the reasons for your firms' purchases.

Note: If your firm served as the importer of record for any purchases from foreign suppliers, either for your own account or as a service for another entity, those purchases are to be considered "imports" not "purchases" and **should not** be included in the table below

	(Quantity	in gross)			
	Ca	alendar year	January-March		
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Purchases from U.S. importers of glass wine bottles from— Chile					
China					
Mexico					
Subject sources	0	0	0	0	C
All other sources ¹					
Purchases from domestic producers ²					
Purchases from other sources ³					
Purchases from all sources	0	0	0	0	0

² Please list the name of the U.S. producer(s) from which your firm purchased this product: _____.

³ Please list the name of the firm(s) from which your firm purchased this product: _____.

II-16. Purchases of imports from subject sources. -- If your firm reported purchases from U.S. importers of glass wine bottles from Chile, China, or Mexico at any time since January 1, 2021, report those purchases by the individual importer of record and subject source.

Purchases of subject imports

Quantity (in gross)									
		(Calendar yea	r	January-March				
Importer of record	Subject source	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024			
Grand total:		0	0	0	0	0			

II-17. Purchases of imports from subject sources.—Continued.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF PURCHASES FROM SUBJECT SOURCES</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for your firms purchases of imports from subject sources reported in this question (i.e., "total purchases of imports from subject sources") in each time period equal the quantity reported for your firm's purchases from subject sources in each time period in the previous question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year		January	-March
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Purchases from subject sources in					
this table – purchases from subject					
sources in previous table = zero					
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-18. <u>Imports.</u>--Since January 1, 2021, has your firm imported glass wine bottles?

	No	Yes	
			If yes <u>COMPLETE AND RETURN A U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE</u>
II-19.			If your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II box was not provided, please note the question number and the

explanat	ion in the space إ	provided below. I	Please also use th	is space to high	light any issues
firm had	in providing the	data in this section	on.		

Other (specify):

PART III.--FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Address questions on this part of the questionnaire to Jessica Lee (202-205-2055,

essica	.Lee@us	sitc.gov).		,	,			
II-1.	<u>Contact information</u> .—Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part III.							
	Name							
	Title							
	Email							
	Teleph	one						
II-2.	<u>Accou</u>	nting system.—Briefly describ	e your firm's f	financial acco	ounting syste	m.		
	A.1.	When does your firm's fiscal						
		If your firm's fiscal year chan	iged since Jan	uary 1, 2021,	explain belo	w:		
	A.2. B.1.	Note: Annual-year financial data in this section (i.e., in questions III-9a, III-9b, III-9d, III-12a, and III-13a) are being requested on a calendar year basis. However, if providing this data on a calendar-year basis is unduly burdensome or provides results that are not reliable, fiscal-year based data are acceptable. Please indicate whether the results in this section are provided on a calendar-year basis (including firms with a calendar-year based fiscal year) or on a fiscal-year basis that does not align with the calendar year. Calendar-year basis Fiscal-year basis (does not align with the calendar year) Describe the lowest level of operations (e.g., plant, division, company-wide) for which financial statements are prepared that include glass wine bottles:						
	B.2.	Does your firm prepare profi	it/loss statem	ents for glass	wine bottles	5:		
	B.3.	Please indicate the type and by your firm. Please check re			f financial sta	atements pre	pared	
					Frequ	uency		
			Check all			Semi-		
		Financial statements	that apply	Monthly	Quarterly	annually	Annually	
		Audited						
		Unaudited	╽	H			H	
		Annual reports	╽					
		SEC Forms 10-K / 10-Q						
		SEC Form 20-F						

B.4. Please indicate the primary accounting basis used by your firm.

Accounting basis	Check one
U.S. GAAP	
IFRS	
Tax – cash	
Tax – accrual	
Other (specify):	

III-3.	<u>Cost accounting system.</u> —Briefly describe your firm's cost accounting system (e.g., standard cost, job order cost, etc.).

III-4. **Product listing.**—Please list the products your firm produces in the facilities in which it produces glass wine bottles and provide the share of net sales accounted for by these products in 2023.

Products	Share of sales in 2023
Glass wine bottles	%
	%
	%
	%
	%

U.S. Pro	oducers' Qı	uestionnai	re – Glass \	Wine Bottles (Final)			Page 30
III-5.	any servic	es) used ir of transact	the produ	—Does your firm purd ection of glass wine bo en related firms, divis	ottles from any relate	ed suppliers (e.	g.,
	YesC	ontinue to	question I	II-6. NoCon	tinue to question III-	·8a.	
III-6.	bottles th	at your fir	m purchase	—Please identify the estrom related supplices from related supplices." please report t	ers and that are refle	ected in questic	ns III-9a
						Share of total	
	Input			Related supplier		COGS in 2023	
							%
							%
							%
							%
	the narrat	ive box.		differs by input, plea			
	Dalatada			ost valuation method	d	Check all that	tapply
	Cost plus	supplier's	cost				
			r nrice to a	pproximate fair mark	ret value		
	Other (sp		i price to a	pproximate fair mark	et varae		
			d differ by	input, please describe	e:		
III-7b.	purchased	l from rela results on	ited supplie	outs from related supers, as identified in III- bottles) in a manner	-6, were reported in	III-9a and/or III-	-9b
	Yes	No		vide an explanation a		sis used for thes	se inputs
			•				

III-8. Cost assignment/allocation basis.—Briefly describe the assignment/allocation bases used by your firm to assign the costs and expenses listed below for glass wine bottles in the normal course of business and in the financial results reported in questions III-9a and/or III-9b (e.g., actual costs, standard costs, percentage of COGS, percentage of sales, etc.).

	Assignment/allocation bases used for glass wine bottles—				
Cost/expense	In the normal course of business	In the financial results at III-9a and/or III-9b			
Raw materials					
Direct labor					
Other factory costs					
SG&A expenses					
Interest expense					
Other income/expenses					

III-9a. <u>Operations on glass wine bottles</u>.—Report the revenue and related cost information requested below on the glass wine bottles operations of your firm's U.S. establishment(s). Include only sales (whether domestic or exports) and costs related to your U.S. manufacturing operations. <u>Do not</u> report any revenue or cost data related to the resale of purchased product.

Net sales—Report all commercial sales, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms, whether these are domestic sales or exports. Report net sales values less discounts, returns, allowances, and prepaid freight, in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment. The freight costs associated with delivering the product to your customer should not be included.

Note: If the financial data are reported on a calendar-year basis, the total net sales quantities and values should match the total shipment quantities and values reported in Part II of this questionnaire (see question III-14 for a reconciliation grid).

Internal consumption—Product consumed internally by your firm. Report internal consumption at fair market value even if this is not how these transactions are valued in your own books and records. This would commonly be estimated based on the company's commercial sales of similar product or market knowledge.

Transfers to related firms—Sales made to related firms. Report transfers to related firms at fair market value even if this is not how these transactions are valued in your own books and records. This would commonly be estimated based on the company's commercial sales of similar product or market knowledge.

Costs and expenses—Include costs and expenses associated with all reported net sales (i.e., for both domestic and export commercial sales, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms). If any freight costs were removed from net sales values, ensure the associated costs are removed from the applicable cost/expense line.

Inputs from related suppliers—Any inputs purchased from related suppliers should be reported in a manner consistent with your firm's accounting books and records.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the financial data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the financial data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (financial statements, including internal profit-and-loss statements for the division or product group that includes glass wine bottles, as well as specific statements and worksheets) used to compile these data.

III-9a. Operations on glass wine bottles.—Continued

Quai	ntity (in gross) a	and value (in	\$1,000)		
		Years			y-March
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Net sales quantities:					
Commercial sales					
Internal consumption					
Transfers to related firms					
Total net sales quantities	0	0	0	0	0
Net sales values: Commercial sales					
Internal consumption					
Transfers to related firms					
Total net sales values	0	0	0	0	0
Cost of goods sold (COGS): Raw materials					
Direct labor					
Other factory costs					
Energy costs					
Total COGS	0	0	0	0	0
Gross profit or (loss)	0	0	0	0	0
SG&A expenses					
Operating income (loss)	0	0	0	0	0
Other expenses and income:					
Interest expense					
All other expense items	<u> </u>				
All other income items					
Net income or (loss) before				_	_
income taxes	0	0	0	0	0

III-9b. Operations on glass wine bottles – U.S. commercial sales and commercial export sales only (collectively "open market sales"). —Report the revenue and related cost information requested below on the glass wine bottle operations of your firm's U.S. establishment(s) for all open market sales.

The net open market sales lines are pulled from the commercial sales lines in question III-9a. They will populate automatically in this table once the commercial sales lines are completed in question III-9a.

COGS, SG&A expenses, and other expenses/income should include those costs and expenses associated with (or allocated to) your firm's open market sales of glass wine bottles. Costs and expenses associated with internal consumption or transfers to related firms should not be included in this table.

Quantity (in gross) and value (in \$1,000)							
		Years		Januar	January-March		
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024		
Net open market sales quantities	0	0	0	0	0		
Net open market sales values	0	0	0	0	0		
Cost of goods sold (COGS): Raw materials							
Direct labor							
Other factory costs							
Energy costs							
Total COGS	0	0	0	0	0		
Gross profit or (loss)	0	0	0	0	0		
SG&A expenses							
Operating income (loss)	0	0	0	0	0		
Other expenses and income: Interest expense							
All other expense items							
All other income items							
Net income or (loss) before							
income taxes	0	0	0	0	0		

III-9c.	Financial data reconciliation Certain line items from questions III-9a and III-b, including total
	net sales quantities and values, net open market sales quantities and values, total COGS, gross
	profit (or loss), operating profit (or loss), and net income (or loss), have been calculated based
	on the data submitted in other line items. Are the data in these calculated line items correct
	according to your firm's financial records ignoring non-material differences that may arise due
	to rounding?

Yes	No	expense line items should report positive numbers (i.e., expenses are positive, and incomes or reversals are negative in these lines – instances of the latter should be rare in these lines). The income line item should also, in most instances, be a positive number (i.e., income is positive, and expenses or reversals are negative in this line). If, after reviewing and potentially revising the feeder data your firm has provided, the differences between your records and the calculated line items persist, please identify and discuss the differences in the space below.
		If noIf the calculated line items do not show the correct data, please double check the feeder data for data entry errors and revise. Also, check signs accorded to the post operating income line items. The two

III-9d. Raw materials.—Please report the share of total raw material costs in 2023 (reported in III-9a) for the following raw material inputs:

		Procurement method		
Input	Share of total raw material costs (percent)	Primarily produced by your firm	Primarily purchased by your firm	
Cullet				
Silica				
Soda ash				
Limestone				
Other raw material inputs ¹				
Total (should sum to 100 percent)	0.0			

¹ If there are notable or significant raw material inputs included within the "other material inputs" category, please list those here and provide the share of the total raw material costs for which they account:

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U.S.	Producers	Questionnaire	– Glass Wine	Bottles (Fina	ш

III-9e.	Internal consumption/transfers to relate description regarding the way in which in were valued for the financial results in quand non-commercial sales, describe the raverage unit values ("AUVs"), and cost/es	nternal consu uestion III-9a reason for an	imption and/ . If your firm ly differences	or transfers t reported bot in profitabili	o related firn h commercia ity, net sales	ns
III-9f.	<u>Depreciation expense</u> .—Please report th within the reported financial results at qu		a and III-9b.	expense tha	it is included	
			Years		January-March	
	Depreciation expense	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
In	cluded in question III-9a (total market)					
In	cluded in question III-9b (open market)					
III-9g. III-9h.	Depreciation expense classification. — Plot and/or III-9b (e.g., other factory costs, SG expense reported above. Energy cost classification. — For the energlease indicate where these costs are classification.	G&A expense	s, etc.) that in	tions III-9a a	epreciation	

	contracts contracts	have had of for glass wasts change	s and profitability.— Please describe the effect, if any, long-term sales on your glass wine bottles profitability. Specifically, how do long-term sales vine bottles affect your profitability when raw material, direct labor, or other (whether from a change in the underlying costs or a change in production ts)?
II-9j.	impacted	by any ma	ack(s) on glass wine bottle financial performance.— Was your firm licious cyberattacks that impacted your firm's glass wine bottle operations, , at any time since January 1, 2021?
	, ,	,	,
			If yes—Please describe any operational impacts of the cyberattack(s) on your firm's glass wine bottle operations and describe and quantify the extent to which the incident(s) impacted the financial results reported in
	No	Yes	questions III-9a and III-9b.

III-10a. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the glass wine bottles financial results (TOTAL MARKET).—Please report all material (significant) nonrecurring items (charges and gains) that are included in the reported results at question III-9a. If a nonrecurring item is not product-specific and was allocated to the results at question III-9a, please report only the allocated amount rather than the aggregate amount of the item.

Note: The Commission's objective here is to gather information on <u>material (significant)</u> nonrecurring items that impacted the reported financial results for glass wine bottles in questions III-9a.

	Years			January	y-March	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
			Value (<i>\$1,000</i>)			
Nonrecurring item 1						
Nonrecurring item 2						
Nonrecurring item 3						
Nonrecurring item 4						
Nonrecurring item 5						
Nonrecurring item 6						
Nonrecurring item 7						

III-10b. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the glass wine bottles financial results.—In this table, please provide a brief description of each nonrecurring item reported above and indicate the specific line item within question III-9a in which the nonrecurring item is classified.

	Description of the nonrecurring item	Location (i.e., line item) of the within question III-9a
Nonrecurring item 1		
Nonrecurring item 2		
Nonrecurring item 3		
Nonrecurring item 4		
Nonrecurring item 5		
Nonrecurring item 6		
Nonrecurring item 7		

III-10c. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the glass wine bottles financial results (OPEN MARKET).—Please report all material (significant) nonrecurring items (charges and gains) that are included in the reported results at question III-9b (open market). If a nonrecurring item is not product-specific and was allocated to the results at question III-9b, please report only the allocated amount rather than the aggregate amount of the item.

Note: The Commission's objective here is to gather information on <u>material</u> (significant) nonrecurring items that impacted the reported financial results for glass wine bottles in question III-9b.

	Years			January	-March
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
			Value (<i>\$1,000</i>)		
Nonrecurring item 1					
Nonrecurring item 2					
Nonrecurring item 3					
Nonrecurring item 4					
Nonrecurring item 5					
Nonrecurring item 6					
Nonrecurring item 7					

III-10d. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the glass wine bottles financial results.—In this table, please provide a brief description of each nonrecurring item reported above and indicate the specific line item within question III-9b in which the nonrecurring item is classified.

	Description of the nonrecurring item	Location (i.e., line item) of the within question III-9b
Nonrecurring item 1		
Nonrecurring item 2		
Nonrecurring item 3		
Nonrecurring item 4		
Nonrecurring item 5		
Nonrecurring item 6		
Nonrecurring item 7		

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III-11.	Classification of identified nonrecurring items (charges and gains) in the accounting books and records of the company.—If non-recurring items were reported in question III-10 above, please identify where your company recorded these items in your accounting books and records in the normal course of business, just as responses to question III-10 identify the specific line items in questions III-9a and III-9b where these items are reported.							
III-12a.	Asset values. — Report the total assets (i.e., both current and long-term assets) associated with glass wine bottles. In addition to assets that can be directly associated with glass wine bottles (e.g., PP&E, inventories, accounts receivable, etc.), an allocable portion of assets that are not product-specific should also be included (e.g., cash, investments, certain intangible assets, etc.). For asset categories that are not specific to glass wine bottles, or for any asset category for which your firm does not have records that allow you to specifically identify assets related to glass wine bottles, please estimate an allocable amount based upon a method that is consistent with relevant cost allocations used in questions III-9a/b (e.g., sales revenue, costs, production, etc.). Note: Total assets should reflect the net amount of assets (i.e., after any accumulated depreciation and allowances are deducted). The Commission's objective here is to determine what							
	wine bottles.	the equivalent of a bottom-line asset value would be on a balance sheet that was specific to glass wine bottles.						
		Value (in \$1	,000)					
			Years					
	Item	2021	2022	2023				
Total assets								
III-12b.	Description of asset values.—Please provide explanations for changes in total asset value during the period (e.g., due to write-offs, major purchases, and revaluations). Also describe the main asset categories (both current and long-term) included in the above response.							

III-13a. <u>Capital expenditures and research and development ("R&D") expenses</u>.—Report your firm's capital expenditures and research and development expenses for glass wine bottles.

Value (<i>in \$1,000</i>)					
	Years January-March				
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Capital expenditures					
R&D expenses					

III-13b.	<u>Description of reported capital expenditures</u> .—Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's reported capital expenditures. If no capital expenditure data were reported, please explain the reason.
III-13c.	<u>Description of reported R&D expenses</u> .—Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's reported R&D expenses.

III-14a. <u>Data consistency and reconciliation</u>.—The quantities and values of total net sales reported in question III-9a should reconcile with the total shipments reported in question II-8 (including export shipments) for the annual-year periods as long as they are reported on the same calendar-year basis. The interim-period data should reconcile whether the financial data are on a calendar- or fiscal-year basis.

If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0") this indicates the total net sales quantities and values do not match the total shipments quantities and values.

	Years			January-March		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
Quantity: Trade data from question II-8 (lines D, F, H, and J) less financial total net sales quantity data from question III-9a, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0	
Value: Trade data from question II-8 (lines E, G, I, and K) less financial total net sales value data from question III-9a, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0	

Are the financial data in question III-9a reported on a calendar-year basis?					
Yes—Complete question III-14b. No— Complete question III-14c.					
4b. Data consistency and reconciliation (calendar-year based financial data).—Do the data in question III-9a reconcile with the data in question II-8 (i.e., the calculated fields are returning zeros in the table above) for all periods?					
Yes	No	If no – please check the reported shipments and net sales data at questions II-8 and III-9a. If you have ensured they are reported correctly, and the data still do not reconcile, please explain.			
Data consistency and reconciliation (non-calendar-year based financial data).—Do the data in question III-9a reconcile with the data in question II-8 (i.e., the calculated fields are returning zeros) for the January-March periods?					
Yes	No	If no – please check the reported shipments and net sales data at questions II-8 and III-9a. If you have ensured they are reported correctly, and the data still do not reconcile, please explain.			

Other

If your responses to any of the items in questions III-15, III-16, and III-17 differ by country or by market (i.e., open vs. total), please describe these differences and, as applicable, indicate which country or countries your response refers to in the relevant form fields.

III-15. <u>Effects of imports on investment</u>.—Since January 1, 2021, has your firm experienced any actual negative effects on its return on investment or the scale of capital investments as a result of imports of glass wine bottles from China, Mexico, or Chile?

No	Yes			
		If yes, my firm has experienced actual negative effects as follows.		
	(checi	k as many as appropriate)	(please describe)	
	Cancellation, postponement, or rejection of expansion projects			
		Denial or rejection of investment proposal		
		Reduction in the size of capital investments		
		Return on specific investments negatively impacted		

III-16.	Effects of imports on growth and development. — Since January 1, 2021, has your firm
	experienced any actual negative effects on its growth, ability to raise capital, or existing
	development and production efforts (including efforts to develop a derivative or more advanced
	version of the product) as a result of imports of glass wine bottles from China, Mexico, or Chile?

version c	ii tile pro	duct) as a result of imports o	i glass wille bottles from China, Mexico, of Chine:		
No	Yes				
		If yes, my firm has experienced actual negative effects as follows.			
	(chec	ck as many as appropriate)	(please describe)		
		Rejection of bank loans			
		Lowering of credit rating			
		Problem related to the issue of stocks or bonds			
		Ability to service debt			
		Other			

U.S. Pr	oducers' Qu	uestionnai	re – Glass Wine Bottles (Final) Page	45		
III-17.	<u>Anticipated effects of imports</u> Does your firm anticipate any negative effects due to imports of glass wine bottles from China, Mexico, or Chile?					
	No	Yes	If yes, my firm anticipates negative effects as follows.			
III-18.	Effects on financial performance of COVID-19.—Has the COVID-19 pandemic, or any government actions taken to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus, affected the financial performance of your firm's operations on glass wine bottles as reported in question III-9a? In your response, please include the duration and timing of any impacts as they relate to your firm's financial performance.					
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe these effects.			
III-19.	for which explanation	a narrative on in the s	If your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part box was not provided, please note the question number and the pace provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues you gethe data in this section.			

PART IV.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Lauren McLemore (202-205-3489, lauren.mclemore@usitc.gov).

IV-1. <u>Contact information</u>.--Please identify the individual that Commission staff may contact regarding the confidential information submitted in Part IV.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

PRICE DATA

- IV-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2021 of the following products produced by your firm.
 - **Product 1.--** 750 mL, Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 16.0 to 17.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain white, unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - **Product 2.--** 750 mL, Burgundy style wine bottle, weighing 13.5 to 14.5 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain white, unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - **Product 3.--**750 mL, Tapered (also referred to as Reverse Tapered) Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 22.0 to 24.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case-packed (in 12-bottle, plain white unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - Product 4.-- 750 mL, Burgundy style wine bottle, weighing 25.5 to 27.5 ounces, flint color (includes all variations of flint including by not limited to superflint, high flint, extra flint), without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain white unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - **Product 5.--** 750 mL, Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 29.5 to 31.5 ounces, green color, without frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain-white, unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - Product 6.-- 750 mL, Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 16.0 to 17.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, bulk packed
 - **Product 7.--** 750 mL, Burgundy style wine bottle, weighing-13.5 to 14.5 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, bulk packed
 - **Product 8.--**750 mL, Tapered (also referred to as Reverse Tapered) Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 22.0 to 24.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, bulk packed

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S. point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

IV-2a. During January 2021-March 2024, did your firm produce and sell to unrelated U.S. customers	any
of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?	

YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question IV-3.

IV-2b. **Price data.**--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² produced and sold by your firm.

Report data in *gross* and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

	(Quan	tity <i>in gross</i>	, value <i>in dolle</i>	ars)		
Product 1 Product 2 Product 3						
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2024:						
January-March						

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly	\prime meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product,
provide a description of your firm's product.	Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 1:	
Product 2:	
Product 3:	

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV.

IV-2b. **Price data.--**continued.

Report data in *gross* and *actual dollars* (not 1,000s).

(Quantity in gross, value in dollars)						
	Prod	uct 4	Product 5		Product 6	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2024:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of sh occurred. ² Pricing product definitions	ipment. Please su	btract any disco	ounts, rebates, a			
Note -If your firm's product doe provide a description of your firm						
Product 4:						
Product 5:						
Product 6:						

IV-2b. **Price data.--**continued.

Report data in gross and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in gross, v	alue in dollars)					
Product 7 Product 8							
Period of shipment	Quantity Value		Quantity	Value			
2021:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2022:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2023:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2024:							
January-March							

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

Note.—If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 7:

Product 8:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV.

IV-2c.	Price data checklistPlease check that the pricing data in question IV-2(b) have been correctly
	reported.

	Are the price data reported above:	√ if Yes			
	In actual dollars (not \$1,000) and actual gross?				
	Valued f.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., exclude U.S. inland transportation costs)?				
	Reported net of all discounts, rebates, and returns (deducted from the quarter in which the original sale occurred)?				
	Reported for commercial U.S. shipments only (i.e., exclude internal consumption, transfers, and exports)?				
	Less than or equal to the quantities and values reported in part II for commercial U.S. shipments in each period?				
	Explanation(s) for any boxes not checked:				
V-2d.	Pricing data methodologyPlease describe the method and the kinds of documents/that were used to compile your price data.	records			

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

11 C	Droducors'	Questionnaire	Glace Wind	. Bottles	/Einal
U.S.	Producers	Questionnaire	– Giass Wine	Bottles	(Final)

IV-3.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of glass wine
	bottles (check all that apply)?

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

IV-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

IV-5. **Pricing terms.**--On what basis are your firm's prices of domestic glass wine bottles usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

IV-6. <u>Contract versus spot.</u>--Approximately what shares of your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced glass wine bottles in 2023 were on the basis of (1) short-term contracts, (2) annual contracts, (3) long-term contracts, and (4) spot sales?

	Type of sale					
ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum to 100.0%	d o
Share of 2023 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

IV-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for U.S.-produced glass wine bottles (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)			
Average contract duration	No. of days		365				
Price renegotiation	Yes						
(during contract period)	No						
	Quantity						
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price						
3.1.5/ 5.1 p.1.55	Both						
Indexed to raw	Yes						
material costs ¹	No						
Not applicable							
¹ Please identify the in	¹ Please identify the indexes used:						

IV-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales of its U.S.-produced glass wine bottles from inventory and produced to order, and the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced glass wine bottles?

Source	Share of 2023 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

IV-9.	Shipping	information	1

(a)	Who generally a	arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations?
	Your firm	Purchaser (check one)

(b) Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of glass wine bottles that are delivered the following distances from its production facility.

Distance from production facility	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

IV-10. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>—In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold its U.S.-produced glass wine bottles since January 1, 2021 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	√ if applicable
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.	
MidwestIL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.	
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.	
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.	
Mountains.—AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.	
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.	
Other.—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.	

IV-11.	<u>Inland transportation costs.</u> —What is the approximate percentage of the cost of	U.Sproduced
	glass wine bottles that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs?	percent

IV-12. <u>End uses.</u>--List the end uses of the glass wine bottles that your firm manufactures. For each enduse product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by glass wine bottles and other inputs?

		Share of total cost of end use product accounted for by		
Find was must deat	Class wine heatles	Oth on in muto	(should sum to	
End-use product	Glass wine bottles Other inputs		100.0% across)	
	%	%	0.0 %	
	%	%	0.0 %	
	%	%	0.0 %	

] No	YesPle	ease fill o	ut the table	2.		
				Have changes in the price of this substitue affected the price for glass wine bottles			•	
	Substitute		End use in w substitute					
1.								
2.								
3.								
one box		ne principa	d lower, or stea al factors that h	adily decr	eased since	e January 1, 2022 changes in dema	higher, not changed, 1? Explain any trends and and.	
t one box	describe th	ne principa	d lower, or stea al factors that h	adily decr	eased since	e January 1, 2022 changes in dema	1? Explain any trends and	
Mai	describe the per row.	Stead increa	d lower, or stea al factors that h	dily decr	eased since	e January 1, 202	1? Explain any trends and	
Ma i	describe the per row.	Stead increa	d lower, or stea al factors that h	ndily decr	eased since ted these	e January 1, 2022 changes in dema	1? Explain any trends and	
Ma i hin the U	describe the per row. rket United States Jnited State	Stead increases	d lower, or stea al factors that h lily Fluctuate ase up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	1? Explain any trends and	
Ma lthin the Uside the U	describe the per row. rket United States Jnited State	Stead increases	d lower, or stead al factors that had lily ase up	No change any sign since Janu	Fluctuate down ifficant chauary 1, 202	Steadily decrease Inges in the product of the prod	1? Explain any trends and and. Explanation and	
Ma lthin the Uside the U	describe the per row. rket United States United State Product che or marketi	Stead increases angles of glass	d lower, or stead al factors that had lily Fluctuate up Have there been s wine bottles s	No change any sign since Janu	Fluctuate down ifficant chauary 1, 202	Steadily decrease Inges in the product of the prod	1? Explain any trends and and. Explanation and	
Ma lhin the Uside the U	describe the per row. rket United States United State Product che or marketi No Business c	Stead increases	d lower, or stead al factors that he lily Fluctuate up Have there been s wine bottles stead of the lily of the lil	No change and any sign since Janu	Fluctuate down ifficant chauary 1, 202	Steadily decrease Inges in the production of th	1? Explain any trends and and. Explanation and	

U.S. Pro	ducers' Qu	uestionnai	re – Glass Wine Bottles (Final)	Page 56			
	<u>Conditions of competition.</u> Is the glass wine bottles market subject to conditions of competition distinctive to glass wine bottles other than the business cycles described in the previous question? If yes, describe.						
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including any changes since January 1, 2021.	,			
			Since January 1, 2021, has your firm refused, declined, or turned dove to order size?	vn any			
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe. Please include details about the size of the c type of orders, and customers.	rders,			
	your firm factors that the relation bottles for minimum	has filled a at affect yo nship of p your firm productio	runs size and costs.—What is the minimum production run size at was purchaser's order in 2023? Please describe that production run size, our firm's ability to make that size economical, and, more generally, deroduction run size to the cost of production for an order of glass wines. If there are differences among your firm's different facilities in the narun size at which your firm has filled a purchaser's order in 2023, please mation for each facility and describe the differences.	the escribe			
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe.				
	V-20. Minimum production runs size and costs (new designs) Is there a production run size at which your firm cannot economically make a new glass wine bottle design (i.e., one that would require a new mold, new glass input, et cetera)? If yes, please describe that production run size, the factors that affect that minimum run size, and, more generally, describe the relationship of production run size to the cost of production for an order of glass wine bottles for your firm.						
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe.				

115	Producers'	Questionnaire -	Glace Wine	Rottles	(Final)
U	Producers	ODESHOIDARE -	- WIASS VVIIIE	, DOLLIES	Trillai

IV-21.	Supply constraintsHas your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply glass wine
	bottles at any time between January 1, 2021 (examples include placing customers on allocation
	or "controlled order entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers,
	delivering less than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments
	impact from changes in operations listed in II-2a, etc.)?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including the reason, timing, and duration of the constraint.

IV-22. <u>Raw materials.</u>— Have glass wine bottles raw material prices steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2021?

Select one box per row.

Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for glass wine bottles.

IV-23. <u>Interchangeability</u>.—How often is glass wine bottles produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., are they used in the same types of applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Chile	China	Mexico	Other countries
United States				
Chile				
China				
Mexico				

For any country-pair producing glass wine bottles that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude the interchangeable use of glass wine bottles produced in the countries:

115	Producers'	Questionn:	aire – Glass	Wine	Rottles	(Final)
U.J.	ribuuceis	Questioning	311 C — Giass	vviiie	DULLIES	(Fillal)

IV-24. <u>Factors other than price</u>.—How often are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support and customer service, packaging, lead times, storage capability, *etc.*) between glass wine bottles produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Chile	China	Mexico	Other countries			
United States							
Chile							
China							
Mexico							
For any country-pair for which factors other than price are <i>always</i> or <i>frequently</i> a significant factor in your firm's sales of glass wine bottles, identify the country-pair and the relevant factors other than price, and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:							

IV-25. Role of section 301 tariffs.-- Did the tariffs on Chinese-origin products under section 301, or changes in these tariffs, have an impact on the glass wine bottles market in the United States, including any effects on glass wine bottles cost, price, supply, and/or demand, since January 1, 2021?

If yes, please describe the impact on cost, price, supply, and/or demand, and include the timing of such impacts.					

IV-26. <u>Customer identification</u>.--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for glass wine bottles since January 1, 2021. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments of glass wine bottles that each of these customers accounted for in 2023.

Cu	stomer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2023 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

U.S. Producers	' Questionnaire –	Glass Wine	Bottles (Fir	nal)
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IV-27.	Com	petition	from	imp	orts

(a)	<u>Lost revenue</u> Since January 1, 2021: To avoid losing sales to competitors selling glass
	wine bottles from Chile, China, and/or Mexico, did your firm:

Item	No	Yes
Reduce prices		
Roll back announced price increases		

(b) <u>Lost sales.</u>--Since January 1, 2021: Did your firm lose sales of glass wine bottles to imports of this product from Chile, China, and/or Mexico,?

No	Yes

(c) The submission of lost sales/lost revenue allegations is to be completed only by NON-PETITIONERS.

If your firm indicated "yes" to any of the above, your firm can provide the Commission with additional information by downloading and completing the lost sales/lost revenues worksheet at http://usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm. Note that the Commission may contact the firms named to verify the allegations reported.

Is your firm submitting the lost sales/lost revenues worksheet?

No—Please explain.
Yes—Please complete the worksheet and submit via the Commission dropbox. https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ . (PIN: GLASS)

IV-28.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part
	IV for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and
	the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues
	your firm had in providing the data in this section.

HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at: https://usitc.gov/reports/active_import_injury_questionnaires.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Secure Drop Box.</u>—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: GLASS

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to charles.cummings@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm does not produce this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1802). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7).