U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

GLASS WINE BOTTLES FROM CHILE, CHINA, AND MEXICO

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by <u>July 8, 2024</u> See last page for instructions regarding how to file this questionnaire.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing duty and antidumping duty investigations concerning glass wine bottles from Chile, China, and Mexico (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-703 and 731-TA-1661-1663 (Final)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Name of firm

City			State	Zip C	ode			
Website								
Has your firr 1, 2021?	n imported glas	s wine bottles (as def	ined on next pa	ge) from ar	ny country at	any time sino	ce January	
☐ NO	(Sign the cert	fication below and pron	nptly return only	this page of	the questionn	aire to the Cor	mmission)	
YES	(Complete all	parts of the questionna	ire, and return the	e entire que	stionnaire to t	he Commissio	n)	
		CE	RTIFICATION					
ge and belief of this certifice	and understand ation I also gr	supplied in respons that the information ant consent for the	se to this ques n submitted is s Commission, a	subject to nd its em	audit and ve ployees and	erification by contract pe	the Commi ersonnel, to	ssion. By use the
ge and belief of If this certifica- ion provided i	and understand ation I also gr	supplied in respond that the information ant consent for the naire and throughou	se to this ques n submitted is s Commission, a	subject to nd its em	audit and ve ployees and	erification by contract pe	the Commi ersonnel, to	ssion. By use the
ge and belief of this certification provided in mission on the adersigned, actually for develous and evaluation in the condition of the condit	and understand ation I also grant this question same or similar through the coceedings may be properly to the coceedings may be consorted to the coceeding or maint to the coceeding to the core government.	supplied in respond that the information ant consent for the naire and throughou	se to this quest n submitted is a Commission, a t this proceeding tted in responsions tused: (i) by the f this or a relatesonnel, and optract personnel,	subject to nd its em ng in any o e to this i e Commiss ed procee erations o	audit and ve ployees and other import- request for i sion, its emp ding, or (b) i f the Comn	erification by contract perinjury process information of loyees and Contraction in internal in internal inclusion includes	the Comminersonnel, to edings condum through offices, and vestigation and ender the commine the condum through the condumntal through t	use the ucted by nout this contract audits, 5 U.S.C.
ge and belief of this certification provided in mission on the adersigned, actually for develous and evaluation in the condition of the condit	and understand ation I also grantis question same or similar knowledge that coceedings may oping or mains ons relating to I.S. governmen sign appropria	supplied in response that the information and throughout merchandise. It information submit be disclosed to and aining the records of the programs, persections.	se to this quest n submitted is a Commission, a t this proceeding tted in respons I used: (i) by the f this or a relate sonnel, and optract personnel, eements.	subject to nd its em ng in any o e to this i e Commiss ed procee erations o	audit and ve ployees and other import- request for i sion, its emp ding, or (b) i f the Comn	erification by contract perinjury process information of loyees and Contraction in internal in internal inclusion includes	the Comminersonnel, to edings condum through offices, and vestigation and ender the commine the condum through the condumntal through t	use the ucted by nout this contract s, audits, 5 U.S.C.

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to petitions filed on December 29, 2023, by the U.S. Glass Producers Coalition, which is comprised of Ardagh Glass Inc. ("Ardagh"), Indianapolis, Indiana and the United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union ("USW"), Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Questionnaires and other information pertinent to this are available at following locations:

Questionnaires: https://usitc.gov/reports/active import injury questionnaires.

Other information: https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8167/investigation/8559

Glass wine bottles covered by this proceeding are certain narrow neck glass bottles, with a nominal capacity of 740 milliliters (25.02 ounces) to 760 milliliters (25.70 ounces); a nominal total height between 24.8 centimeters (9.75 inches) to 35.6 centimeters (14 inches); a nominal base diameter between 4.6 centimeters (1.8 inches) to 11.4 centimeters (4.5 inches); and a mouth with an outer diameter of between 25 millimeters (.98 inches) to 37.9 millimeters (1.5 inches); frequently referred to as a "wine bottle." In scope merchandise may include but is not limited to the following shapes: Bordeaux (also known as "Claret"), Burgundy, Hock, Champagne, Sparkling, Port, Provence, or Alsace (also known as "Germanic"). In scope glass bottles generally have an approximately round base and have shapes including but not limited to, straight-sided, a tapered slope from shoulder (i.e., the sloping part of the bottle between the neck and the body) to base, or a long neck with sloping shoulders to a wider base. The scope includes glass bottles, whether or not clear, whether or not colored, with or without a punt (i.e., an indentation on the underside of the bottle), and with or without design or functional enhancements (including, but not limited to, embossing, labeling, or etching). In scope merchandise is made of non-"free blown" glass, i.e., in scope merchandise is produced with the use of a mold and is distinguished by mold seams, joint marks, or parting lines. In scope merchandise is unfilled and may be imported with or without a closure, including a cork, stelvin (screw cap), crown cap, or wire cage and cork closure.

Excluded from the scope of the investigations are: (1) glass containers made of borosilicate glass, meeting United States Pharmacopeia requirements for Type 1 pharmaceutical containers; and (2) glass containers without a "finish" (i.e., the section of a container at the opening including the lip and ring or collar, threaded or otherwise compatible with a type of closure, including but not limited to a cork, stelvin (screw cap), crown cap, or wire cage and cork closure).

Glass wine bottles subject to the investigations are specified within the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under subheading 7010.90.5019. The HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes only. The written description of the scope of the investigations is dispositive.

Gross: 1 gross = 144 discrete glass containers.

<u>Importer</u>.--Any person or firm engaged, either directly or through a parent company or subsidiary, in importing glass wine bottles (as defined above) into the United States from a foreign manufacturer or through its selling agent.

<u>Reporting of information</u>.--If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

Confidentiality.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other importing proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>Valid number error messages.</u>--If you are completing this form in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (e.g., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 rather than \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in numeric form fields. The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete this form. Detailed instructions on how to resolve this issue is provided at the end of this questionnaire and is available upon request from Charles Cummings (202-708-1666, charles.cummings@usitc.gov).

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>--The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macro-enabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (https://www.usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is <u>optional</u>. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding (available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

Large wineries list.-- based on Wine Business Monthly top wineries in the United States in 2023.

- 1. E. & J. Gallo Winery 100 million (WBM Estimate)
- 2. The Wine Group 50 million
- 3. Trinchero Family Estates 20 million
- 4. Delicato Family Wines 17 million
- 5. Constellation Brands 11 million
- 6. Treasury Wine Estates 8 million
- 7. Bronco Wine Company 8 million
- 8. Ste. Michelle Wine Estates 7 million
- 9. Jackson Family Wines 6 million
- 10. Deutsch Family Wine & Spirits (Josh Cellars) 5 million
- 11. Vintage Wine Estates 3.5 million
- 12. Precept Wine 3.2 million
- 13. Bogle Family Wine Collection 2.7 million
- 14. WX Brands 2.6 million
- 15. Duckhorn Vineyards 2.1 million
- 16. Foley Family Wines 1.7 million
- 17. Korbel Champagne Cellars 1.7 million
- 18. C. Mondavi & Family 1.6 million
- 19. Viña Concha Y Toro (Fetzer Vineyards) 1.6 million
- 20. J. Lohr Vineyards & Wines 1.6 million
- 21. NakedWines.com 1.5 million
- 22. O'Neill Vintners & Distillers 1.2 million
- 23. Don Sebastiani & Sons 1 million
- 24. Boisset Collection 1 million
- 25. Scheid Family Wines 850,000
- 26. Rodney Strong Estates 820,000
- 27. JaM Cellars (John Anthony Family of Wines) 820,000
- 28. Oliver Winery & Vineyards 750,000
- 29. Riboli Family Wines 700,000
- 30. Wente Family Estates 660,000
- 31. Pernod Ricard USA 650,000
- 32. Domaine Chandon Estates & Wines (Moët Hennessy USA) 640,000
- 33. Hess Persson Estates 600,000
- 34. Terlato Wine Group 600,000
- 35. Purple Wine + Spirits 600,000
- 36. Michael David Winery 600,000
- 37. House of Smith 600,000
- 38. Duplin Winery 563,000
- 39. FirstLeaf 500,000

II S	Importers'	Questionn	aire - Glass	Wine	Bottles	(Final
0.5.	IIIIDUITEIS	Questioni	iaii e - Gias s	, vviiie	DULLIES	ti iiiai

I-1. <u>Reporting requirements</u>.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire for use by the Office of Management and Budget.

Hours	Dollars

Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 40 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please provide such comments to the Office of Investigations, import_injury@usitc.gov.

I-2a.	Establishments covered Provide the name and address of establishment(s) covered by this
	questionnaire.

"Establishment"Each facility of a firm involved in the importation of glass wine bottles, including
auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such
facilities.

U.S. In	nporters' Questionnaire - Glas	s Wine Bottles (Final)	Page 6			
I-2b.	<u>Stock symbol information.</u> If your firm or parent firm is publicly traded, please speci exchange and trading symbol:					
I-2c.	<u>External counsel.</u> If your firm or parent firm is represented by external counsel in relating proceeding, please specify the name of the law firm and the lead attorney(s).					
	Law firm:					
	Lead attorney(s):					
I-3.	OwnershipIs your firm ow	ned, in whole or in part, by any o	ther firm?			
	☐ No ☐ YesList	the following information, relatir	ng to the ultimate parent/owner.			
	Firm name	Country	Extent of ownership (percent)			
		,	,			
solely owned	or jointly owned, managed, o	otherwise controlled your firm;	ed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that and/or a firm that was solely or jointly r jointly owned, managed, or otherwise			
I-4.	that are engaged in importing	ng glass wine bottles from Chile, C	ed firms, either domestic or foreign, China, and Mexico into the United on Chile, China, and Mexico to the			
	☐ No ☐ YesList	the following information.				
	Firm name	Country	Affiliation			

solely o	ed firm" –A firm that or jointly owned, man I, managed, or othery lled your firm.	naged, or oth	nerwise (controlle	ed your firm;	and/or a firm	that w	as solely or joir	ntly
I-5.	Related producers. engaged in the prod	•		•		either domestio	or foi	reign, that are	
	□ No □	YesList the	followir	ng inforn	nation.				
	Firm name		Count	ry			Affi	iliation	
							-		-
									_
I-6a.	Importing operation bottles. The import answer may be app	er of record i			•		•	_	
	Importer of recor		s title to		Consigner imported p	ee of the		oms broker or tht forwarder	
		u import		idet(3)					
I-6b.	Type of importer bottles. The import answer may be app	er of record i			•			-	one
	Independent	importer r		Inde	pendent	Distributo related to			
	importer	foreign pro			tributor	foreign prod		Winery/Vine	yard
I-7.	ConsigneeIf your please list the consi		•		_				act).
	Firm name		Addre	ss			and	ntact person I phone nber	
									1

ige 8
٤

I-8.	FTZ or bonded warehousesPlease indicate whether your firm admits glass wine bottles into, or
	withdraws such merchandise from, foreign trade zones or bonded warehouses.

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise, as well as other savings. A foreign trade zone must be designated as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

"Bonded warehouse" is a secured facility supervised by U.S. customs, where dutiable landed imports are stored pending their re-export, or release after payment of import duties, taxes, and other charges. A bonded warehouse must be designed as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in 19 U.S.C. § 1555.

Item	No	Yes
Foreign trade zones		
Bonded warehouses		

I-9. Other trade actions.--To your knowledge, have the products subject to this proceeding been the subject of any other import relief proceedings in the United States or in any other countries?

No	Yes	If yes, Yes-Please specify.

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Charles Cummings (202-708-1666, charles.cummings@usitc.gov). **Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.**

II-1.		<u>Contact information</u> Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part II.						
	Name							
	Title							
	Email							
	Telephone							

II-2a. <u>Changes in operations.</u>--Has your firm experienced any changes in ownership or in the nature of its importing operations for glass wine bottles since January 1, 2021?

No	Yes	If yes, supply details as to the time, nature, and significance of such changes and describe reasons for the changes, including any underlying assumptions used.

II-2b. **COVID-19 pandemic.--**Has the COVID-19 pandemic or have any government actions taken to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus resulted in changes in your firm's supply chain arrangements, importation, employment, and shipments relating to glass wine bottles? In your response, please discuss the duration and timing of any such changes as they relate to your firm's operations.

No	If yes, describe these changes including the impact over time on the (a) supply chain, (b) importation and shipments, and (c) employment with respect to glass wine bottles.

115	Importers'	Questionnaire	- Glass Wine	Rottles	(Final)
u.s.	IIIIDUI LEIS	Questionnane	- Glass Wille	DULLIES	ırııaı,

S	_	erchandi	5" are imports for wheeler, but delivery of the	•	•		
	No	Yes					
			If yes, fill out the	table below.			
					Period		
	Sou	ırce	Apr-Jun 2024	Jul-Sep 202	24 Oct-Dec 2	024	Jan-Mar 202
				Qua	ntity (<i>in gross</i>)		
(Chile						
(China						
	Mexico						
All other sources							
<u>lı</u>	mports in	the 12-i	month period prece etween December 20 s in 2023 combined)	022 and Novem		•	-
<u>lı</u>	mports in	the 12-i		022 and Novem		•	-
<u>lı</u>	mports in rom any s irst eleve	n the 12-1 source be n months	etween December 20 s in 2023 combined)	022 and Novem		e last mo	onth in 2022 a
<u>lı</u>	mports in rom any s irst eleve	n the 12-1 source be n months	etween December 20 s in 2023 combined)	022 and Novem	ber 2023? (i.e., the	e last mo	onth in 2022 a
<u>lı</u>	mports in rom any s irst eleve	n the 12-1 source be n months	etween December 20 s in 2023 combined)	022 and Novem	ber 2023? (i.e., the	source.	onth in 2022 a
li ff	mports in rom any s irst eleve	n the 12-1 source be n months	If yes, report the	022 and Novem	ber 2023? (i.e., the	source.	onth in 2022 a
	mports in from any s first elever	n the 12-1 source be n months	If yes, report the	022 and Novem	ber 2023? (i.e., the	source.	onth in 2022 a
li f	mports in from any sirst elever	n the 12-1 source be n months	If yes, report the	022 and Novem	ber 2023? (i.e., the	source.	onth in 2022 a
li fi	mports in from any strict elever No Chile China	yes	If yes, report the	022 and Novem	ber 2023? (i.e., the	source.	onth in 2022 a

Definitions

"Imports" – Those products identified for Customs purposes as imports for consumption for which your firm was the importer of record (i.e., was responsible for paying any import duty).

"Import quantities" —Quantities reported should be net of returns.

"Import values" — Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States).

"Commercial U.S. shipments"— Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Export shipments"— Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" -- Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work in progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-5a. <u>U.S. imports from Chile</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of glass wine bottles imported from Chile by your firm during the specified periods.

Chile

Quantity (in gross), value (in \$1,000)							
	Calendar year Ja						
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024		
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)							
Imports: ¹							
Bulk packed: Quantity (B)							
Value (C)							
Case packed: Quantity (D)							
Value (E)							
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)							
Value (G)							
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (H)							
Value² (I)							
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (J)							
Value² (K)							
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (L)							
Value (M)							
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)							
¹ Please identify the foreign producer ² Internal consumption and transfers basis for valuing these transactions in year the data provided above in this table sh	to related firms rour records, pleas ould be based on	nust be valued at se specify that bas	sis (e.g., cost, cost	•			

II-5a. U.S. imports from Chile.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year		January-March		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero ("0") or provide an					
explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

II-5b. <u>Channels of distribution: Chile.</u>--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Chile by channel of distribution and packaging type during the specified periods.

Chile

C	Quantity (in gro	oss) and value	(in 1,000)		
	Calendar years			January	_/ -March
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
U.S. shipments: to <u>Distributors</u> : Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (O)					
Value (P)					
Case packed: Quantity (Q)					
Value (R)					
to <u>Large wineries¹:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (S)					
Value (T)					
Case packed: Quantity (U)					
Value (V)					
to <u>Small or medium wineries</u> : Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (W)					
Value (X)					
Case packed: Quantity (Y)					
Value (Z)					
to <u>All other end users²:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (AA)					
Value (AB)					
Case packed: Quantity (AC)					
Value (AD)					

¹ Report your firm's shipments of glass wine bottles to 'large wineries' based on the winery itself producing more >=500,000 cases annually of bottled wine regardless of how many glass wine bottles your firm shipped to that customer. See list of large wineries based on Wine Business Monthly top wineries in the United States in 2023 excerpted in part I General Instructions.

² Explain what those other end users are :_____

II-5b. **Channels of distribution: Chile**.--Continued.

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY CHANNEL AND .-- Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by customer type and packaging requirement (i.e., lines O through V) in this question equal the quantities and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year	January-March		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Quantity: O + Q + S + U + W + Y + AA + AC - D - F - H = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0
Value: $P + R + T + V + X + Z + AB + AD - E - G - I = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1$		0	0	0	0

II-5c. <u>U.S. shipments by type: Chile</u>.—Report your firm's 2023 U.S. shipments of imports from Chile of glass wine bottles (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) by product type and weight of bottle.

Chile

Quantity (in gross) and value (in \$1,000)						
Calendar year 2023						
	Weight of empty bottle					
		501 grams to 700				
Item	<=500 grams	grams	>700 grams			
U.S. shipments in 2023:						
750 mL Claret style (Bordeaux style) wine						
bottles, green color:						
Quantity (AE)						
Value (AF)						
750 mL Burgundy style wine bottles, green						
color:						
Quantity (AG)						
Value (AH)						
750 mL flint color wine bottles:						
Quantity (AI)						
Value (AJ)						
750 mL wine bottles of other styles or						
colors:						
Quantity (AK)						
Value (AL)						

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type (i.e., lines AE through AL) in this question equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) for calendar year 2023 in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation item	2023
Quantity: $AE + AG + AI + AK - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.$	0
Value: AF + AH + AJ + AL – E – G – I = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-6a. <u>U.S. imports from China</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of glass wine bottles imported from China by your firm during the specified periods.

China

		Calendar year		January	-March
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)					
Imports:1					
Bulk packed: Quantity (B)					
Value (C)					
Case packed: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)					
Value (G)					
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (J)					
Value² (K)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (L)					
Value (M)					
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)					
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in youthe data provided above in this table should be a support of the data provided above in the data provided above	to related firms r our records, pleas ould be based on	e specify that bas	sis (e.g., cost, cost	•	

II-6a. U.S. imports from China.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>—Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero ("0") or provide an					
explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

II-6b. <u>Channels of distribution: China</u>.-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Chile by channel of distribution and packaging type during the specified periods.

China

Quantity (in gross) and value (in 1,000)						
	(Calendar years		January	-March	
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
U.S. shipments: to <u>Distributors</u> : Bulk packed: Quantity (O)						
Value (P)						
Case packed: Quantity (Q)						
Value (R)						
to <u>Large wineries¹:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (S)						
Value (T)						
Case packed: <i>Quantity</i> (U)						
Value (V)						
to <u>Small or medium wineries</u> : Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (W)						
Value (X)						
Case packed: Quantity (Y)						
Value (Z)						
to <u>All other end users²:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (AA)						
Value (AB)						
Case packed: Quantity (AC)						
Value (AD)						

¹ Report your firm's shipments of glass wine bottles to 'large wineries' based on the winery itself producing more >=500,000 cases annually of bottled wine regardless of how many glass wine bottles your firm shipped to that customer. See list of large wineries based on Wine Business Monthly top wineries in the United States in 2023 excerpted in part I General Instructions.

² Explain what those other end users are :_____

II-6b. **Channels of distribution: China**.--Continued.

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY CHANNEL AND .-- Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by customer type and packaging requirement (i.e., lines O through V) in this question equal the quantities and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year			January-March		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
Quantity: $O + Q + S + U + W + Y + AA +$ AC - D - F - H = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0	
Value: $P + R + T + V + X + Z + AB + AD - E - G - I = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1$	0	0	0	0	0	

II-6c. <u>U.S. shipments by type: China</u>.—Report your firm's 2023 U.S. shipments of imports from China of glass wine bottles (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) by product type and weight of bottle.

China

Quantity (in gross) and value (in \$1,000)					
Quantity (in g	Calendar year 2023				
	V	Veight of empty bott	le		
		501 grams to 700			
ltem	<=500 grams	grams	>700 grams		
U.S. shipments in 2023:					
750 mL Claret style (Bordeaux style) wine					
bottles, green color:					
Quantity (AE)					
Value (AF)					
750 mL Burgundy style wine bottles, green					
color:					
Quantity (AG)					
Value (AH)					
750 mL flint color wine bottles:					
Quantity (AI)					
Value (AJ)					
750 mL wine bottles of other styles or					
colors:					
Quantity (AK)					
Value (AL)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type (i.e., lines AE through AL) in this question equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) for calendar year 2023 in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation item	2023
Quantity: $AE + AG + AI + AK - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.$	0
Value: AF + AH + AJ + AL – E – G – I = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-7a. <u>U.S. imports from Mexico</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of glass wine bottles imported from Mexico by your firm during the specified periods.

Mexico

	Quantity (<i>in g</i>	gross), value (in	\$1,000)			
	Calendar year			January-March		
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)						
Imports:1						
Bulk packed: Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
Case packed: Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (F)						
Value (G)						
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (H)						
Value² (I)						
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (J)						
Value² (K)						
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (L)						
Value (M)						
End-of-period inventories: (quantity) (N)						
¹ Please identify the foreign producers ² Internal consumption and transfers to basis for valuing these transactions in youthe data provided above in this table shouth in the data provided above in the data provided above in the data provided above in the table shouth is dentify your firm's principal export in the data provided above in th	to related firms nour records, pleas ould be based on	nust be valued at se specify that ba	sis (e.g., cost, cost	•		

II-7a. U.S. imports from Mexico.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero ("0") or provide an					
explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

II-7b. Channels of distribution: Mexico. -- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Chile by channel of distribution and packaging type during the specified periods.

Mexico

Quantity (in gross) and value (in 1,000)						
	(Calendar years		January	-March	
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
U.S. shipments: to <u>Distributors</u> : Bulk packed: Quantity (O)						
Value (P)						
Case packed: Quantity (Q)						
Value (R)						
to <u>Large wineries¹:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (S)						
Value (T)						
Case packed: <i>Quantity</i> (U)						
Value (V)						
to <u>Small or medium wineries</u> : Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (W)						
Value (X)						
Case packed: Quantity (Y)						
Value (Z)						
to <u>All other end users²:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (AA)						
Value (AB)						
Case packed: Quantity (AC)						
Value (AD)						

¹ Report your firm's shipments of glass wine bottles to 'large wineries' based on the winery itself producing more >=500,000 cases annually of bottled wine regardless of how many glass wine bottles your firm shipped to that customer. See list of large wineries based on Wine Business Monthly top wineries in the United States in 2023 excerpted in part I General Instructions.

² Explain what those other end users are :_____

II-7b. **Channels of distribution: Mexico**.--Continued.

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY CHANNEL AND .-- Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by customer type and packaging requirement (i.e., lines O through V) in this question equal the quantities and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year			January-March		
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
Quantity: O + Q + S + U + W + Y + AA + AC - D - F - H = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0	
Value: $P + R + T + V + X + Z + AB + AD - E - G - I = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1$		0	0	0	0	

II-7c. <u>U.S. shipments by type: Mexico</u>.—Report your firm's 2023 U.S. shipments of imports from Mexico of glass wine bottles (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) by product type and weight of bottle.

Mexico

Quantity (in gross) and value (in \$1,000)						
	Calendar year 2023					
	,	Neight of empty bott	le			
		501 grams to 700				
Item	<=500 grams	grams	>700 grams			
U.S. shipments in 2023: 750 mL Claret style (Bordeaux style) wine bottles, green color: Quantity (AE)						
Value (AF)						
750 mL Burgundy style wine bottles, green color: Quantity (AG)						
Value (AH)						
750 mL flint color wine bottles: Quantity (AI)						
Value (AJ)						
750 mL wine bottles of other styles or colors: Quantity (AK)						
Value (AL)						

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type (i.e., lines AE through AL) in this question equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) for calendar year 2023 in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation item	2023
Quantity: $AE + AG + AI + AK - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.$	0
Value: AF + AH + AJ + AL – E – G – I = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

II-8a. <u>U.S. imports from all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's imports and your firm's shipments and inventories of glass wine bottles imported from all other sources by your firm during the specified periods.

All other sources

(list sources b	y country	

Quantity (in gross), value (in \$1,000)						
		Calendar year	T	January	-March	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (A)						
Imports:1						
Bulk packed:						
Quantity (B)						
Value (C)						
Case packed:						
Quantity (D)						
Value (E)						
U.S. shipments:						
Commercial shipments:						
Quantity (F)						
Value (G)						
Internal consumption:2						
Quantity (H)						
Value² (I)						
Transfers to related firms: ²						
Quantity (J)						
Value² (K)						
Export shipments: ³						
Quantity (L)						
Value (M)						
End-of-period inventories:						
(quantity) (N)						
¹ Please identify the foreign produce ² Internal consumption and transfers basis for valuing these transactions in y	to related firms r	nust be valued at				

³ Identify your firm's principal export markets: _____.

II-8a. U.S. imports from all other sources.—Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, IMPORTS, AND INVENTORIES.</u>--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line N) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line A), plus imports (i.e., lines B and D), less total shipments (i.e., lines F, H, J, and L). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather actually reflect your firm's records; and also provide any likely explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
A + B + D - F - H - J - L - N = should equal zero ("0") or provide an					
explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

II-8b. <u>Channels of distribution: all other sources</u>.-- Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e. inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of imports from Chile by channel of distribution and packaging type during the specified periods.

All other sources

C	Quantity (in gro	oss) and value	(in 1,000)		
	(Calendar years		January	/-March
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
U.S. shipments: to <u>Distributors</u> : Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (O)					
Value (P)					
Case packed: <i>Quantity</i> (Q)					
Value (R)					
to <u>Large wineries¹:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (S)					
Value (T)					
Case packed: Quantity (U)					
Value (V)					
to <u>Small or medium wineries</u> : Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (W)					
Value (X)					
Case packed: Quantity (Y)					
Value (Z)					
to <u>All other end users²:</u> Bulk packed: <i>Quantity</i> (AA)					
Value (AB)					
Case packed: Quantity (AC)					
Value (AD)					

¹ Report your firm's shipments of glass wine bottles to 'large wineries' based on the winery itself producing more >=500,000 cases annually of bottled wine regardless of how many glass wine bottles your firm shipped to that customer. See list of large wineries based on Wine Business Monthly top wineries in the United States in 2023 excerpted in part I General Instructions.

² Explain what those other end users are :_____

II-8b. **Channels of distribution: all other sources**.--Continued.

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY CHANNEL AND .-- Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by customer type and packaging requirement (i.e., lines O through V) in this question equal the quantities and value reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Quantity: O + Q + S + U + W + Y + AA + AC - D - F - H = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0
Value: $P + R + T + V + X + Z + AB + AD - E - G - I = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation.1$		0	0	0	0

II-8c. <u>U.S. shipments by type: all other sources</u>.—Report your firm's 2023 U.S. shipments of imports from all other sources of glass wine bottles (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) by product type and weight of bottle.

All other sources

Quantity (in qu	ross) and value (in ;	\$1.000\				
Quantity (in g	and talde (m)	Calendar year 2023				
	Weight of empty bottle					
	501 grams to 700					
ltem	<=500 grams	grams	>700 grams			
U.S. shipments in 2023:						
750 mL Claret style (Bordeaux style) wine						
bottles, green color:						
Quantity (AE)						
Value (AF)						
750 mL Burgundy style wine bottles, green						
color:						
Quantity (AG)						
Value (AH)						
750 mL flint color wine bottles:						
Quantity (AI)						
Value (AJ)						
750 mL wine bottles of other styles or						
colors:						
Quantity (AK)						
Value (AL)						

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE.</u>--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type (i.e., lines AE through AL) in this question equal the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D through I) for calendar year 2023 in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation item	2023
Quantity: $AE + AG + AI + AK - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not revise.$	0
Value: AF + AH + AJ + AL – E – G – I = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

All other sources

II-8d. <u>Imports of glass wine bottles by country.</u>--Please report your firm's imports of glass wine bottles by country during the specified periods.

	Quantity (in gro	oss) and value (in \$1,000)		
		Calendar year			
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Imports:1					
Canada:					
Quantity (AM)					
Value (AN)					
India:					
Quantity (AO)					
Value (AP)					
Taiwan:					
Quantity (AQ)					
Value (AR)					
Turkey:					
Quantity (AS)					
Value (AT)					
Australia:					
Quantity (AU)					
Value (AV)					
All other sources:					
Quantity (AW)					
Value (AX)					
¹ Please identify the foreign pro-	ducers, if known:				

II-8d. <u>Imports of glass wine bottles by country.—Continued</u>

RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY CHANNEL AND .-- Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. imports of glass wine bottles (i.e., lines AM through AX) in this question equal the quantities and value reported for U.S. imports (i.e., lines B through E) in part "a" of this question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Quantity: AM + AO + AQ + AS + AU + AW - B - D = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0
Value: AN + AP + AR + AT + AV + AX – C – E = should equal zero ("0") or provide an explanation. ¹	0	0	0	0	0

II-10.	<u>Transfers to related firms.</u> If your firm reported transfers to related firms in any of the data tables in part II, please identify the firm(s) and indicate the nature of the relationship between your firm and the related firms (e.g., joint venture, wholly owned subsidiary) and whether the transfers were priced at market value or by a non-market formula.			

II-10a. Out-of-scope imports of glass wine bottles.--Please report your firm's imports of any out-of-scope products (i.e., products other than glass wine bottles as defined on page 2) imported under the primary HTS number in the specified periods.

Quantity (in gross) and value (in \$1,000)						
	Calendar year			January	-March	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
U.S. imports of out-of-scope merchandise ¹ reported under primary HTS number ² imported from:						
Chile: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
China: Quantity						
Value Mexico: Quantity						
Value						
Canada: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
India: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
France: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
Taiwan: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
Germany: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
Italy: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
Turkey: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						
Australia: <i>Quantity</i>						
Value						

All other sources: Quantity						
Value						
¹ Please describe: ² The primary HTS number is: 7010 90 5010						

II-11.

II-10b. <u>Out-of-scope imports of glass wine bottles.</u>--Please report your firm's imports of any out-of-scope products (i.e., products other than glass wine bottles as defined on page 2) imported under the primary HTS number in the specified periods.

Quantity (in gross)			
Item	December 1, 2022 – November 30, 2023		
U.S. imports of out-of-scope merchandise ¹ reported under the primary HTS number ²			
imported from:			
Chile:			
China:			
Mexico:			
Canada:			
India:			
France:			
Taiwan:			
Germany:			
Italy:			
Turkey:			
Australia:			
All other sources:			
¹ Please describe: ² The primary HTS number is: 7010.90.5019.			
Other explanationsIf your firm would like to furth which a narrative response box was not provided, prexplanation in the space provided below. Please also had in providing the data in this section.	lease note the question number and the		

PART III.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Lauren McLemore (202-205-3489, <u>Lauren.McLemore@usitc.gov</u>).

III-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in part III.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

PRICE DATA

- III-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2021 of the following products your firm imported from Chile, China, and/or Mexico:
 - **Product 1.--** 750 mL, Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 16.0 to 17.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain white, unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - **Product 2.--** 750 mL, Burgundy style wine bottle, weighing 13.5 to 14.5 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain white, unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - **Product 3.--**750 mL, Tapered (also referred to as Reverse Tapered) Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 22.0 to 24.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case-packed (in 12-bottle, plain white unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - **Product 4.--** 750 mL, Burgundy style wine bottle, weighing 25.5 to 27.5 ounces, flint color (includes all variations of flint including by not limited to superflint, high flint, extra flint), without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain white unprinted, corrugated boxes)
 - **Product 5.--** 750 mL, Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 29.5 to 31.5 ounces, green color, without frosting, coating, or other decoration, case packed (in 12-bottle, plain-white, unprinted, corrugated boxes)

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S. point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

During January 2021-March 2024, did your firm import from Chile, China, Mexico, and/or Canada
(nonsubject) and sell to unrelated U.S. customers any of the above listed products (or any products that
were competitive with these products)?

YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-3.

III-2a. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Chile and sold by your firm.

Chile

Report data in *gross* and <u>actual dollars</u> (not 1,000s).

	(Quar	ntity in gross	s, value in dolla	irs)		
	Produ	ict 1	Produ	ict 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2024:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales	values less all disco	ounts, allowand	ces, rebates, prepa	id freight, and t	he value of returne	ed goods),

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

NoteIf your firm's	product does not	t exactly meet the produ	uct specifications l	but is competitive v	ب with the specified	product, provide a
description of your f	irm's product. Al	lso, please explain any a	nomalies in your f	firm's reported pric	ing data.	

Product 1:

Product 2:

Product 3:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2a. **Price data**.--continued.

Chile

Report data in gross and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in gross, v	alue <i>in dollars</i>)	•		
	Produ	ct 4	Product 5		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2021:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2022:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2023:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2024:					
January-March					

f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

Note.--If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:

Product 5:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2b. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from China and sold by your firm.

China

	(Qua	ntity <i>in gross</i>	, value <i>in doll</i>	ars)		
	Produ	uct 1	Produ	uct 2	Produ	ict 3
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2024:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shi occurred. ² Pricing product definitions	pment. Please subt	ract any discour	nts, rebates, and			
Note If your firm's product doe: description of your firm's produc						duct, provide
Product 1:						
Product 2:						
Product 3:						

III-2b. **Price data**.--continued.

China

Report data in gross and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in gross, v	alue in dollars)			
	Produ	ct 4	Product 5		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	ity Value	
2021:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2022:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2023:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2024:					
January-March					

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

Note.--If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:

Product 5:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2c. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² imported from Mexico and sold by your firm.

Mexico

	(Quai	ntity <i>in gross</i>	, value in dollo	ars)		
	Produ	uct 1	Produ	uct 2	Product 3	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2024:						
January-March						
¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of ship occurred. ² Pricing product definitions and a product definitions and a product definitions.	ment. Please subt	ract any discour	nts, rebates, and			
Note -If your firm's product does description of your firm's product						luct, provide a
Product 1:						
Product 2:						
Product 3:						

III-2c. **Price data**.--continued.

Mexico

Report data in gross and actual dollars (not 1,000s).

	(Quantity in gross, v	alue in dollars)			
	Produ	ct 4	Product 5		
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
2021:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2022:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2023:					
January-March					
April-June					
July-September					
October-December					
2024:					
January-March					

¹ Net values (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods), f.o.b. your firm's U.S. point of shipment. Please subtract any discounts, rebates, and returns from the quarter in which the sale occurred.

Note.--If your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

Product 4:

Product 5:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-2d.	Price data checklist Please check that the pricing data in questions III-2a through III-2c have been
	correctly reported.

In actual dollars (<i>not</i> \$1,000) and gross? Valued f.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., exclude U.S. inland transportation costs)? Reported net of all discounts, rebates, and returns (deducted from the quarter in	
costs)?	
Reported net of all discounts, rebates, and returns (deducted from the quarter in	
which the original sale occurred)?	
Reported for commercial U.S. shipments only (i.e., exclude internal consumption, transfers, and exports)?	
Less than or equal to the quantities and values reported in part II for commercial U.S. shipments in each period?	
Explanation(s) for any boxes not checked:	

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

PURCHASE COST DATA

- III-3. <u>Imports for internal use or repackaging.--</u>This question requests quarterly quantity and landed-duty paid value data for your firm's imports of the products defined below for internal use or repackaging from Chile, China, Mexico, and/or nonsubject source Canada since January 1, 2021.
 - Product 6.-- 750 mL, Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 16.0 to 17.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, bulk packed
 - **Product 7.--** 750 mL, Burgundy style wine bottle, weighing-13.5 to 14.5 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, bulk packed
 - **Product 8.--**750 mL, Tapered (also referred to as Reverse Tapered) Claret style (also referred to as Bordeaux) wine bottle, weighing 22.0 to 24.0 ounces, all colors, without embossing, frosting, coating, or other decoration, bulk packed

During January 2021-March 2024, did your firm import any of the products listed above from Chile, China, Mexico, and/or Canada (nonsubject) for internal consumption or repackaging?

YesPlease complete the following table(s) as appropriate.
NoSkip to question III-4.

III-3a. <u>Imports for internal use or repackaging.--</u>Report below the import data¹ for pricing products² imported from Chile and used by your own firm or repackaged and sold.

Please note that values should be <u>landed</u>, <u>duty-paid</u> (<u>LDP</u>) and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid by your firm (i.e., should be net of all returns, discounts, allowances, and rebates).

Chile

	(Qua	ntity in gross,	, value <i>in doll</i>	ars)		
	Product 6		Product 7		Product 8	
Period of importation	Quantity	LDP value	Quantity	LDP value	Quantity	LDP value
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2024:						
January-March						
1 LDB value (i.e., landed duty			المالمة المنتقاميا			

¹ LDP value (i.e., landed duty-paid values): Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States). See "Import values" definition in Part II (Trade and Related Information – Definitions).

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 6:
Product 7:
Product 8:

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-3b. <u>Imports for internal use or repackaging.--</u>Report below the import data¹ for pricing products² imported from Chile and used by your own firm or repackaged and sold.

Please note that values should be <u>landed</u>, <u>duty-paid</u> (<u>LDP</u>) and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid by your firm (i.e., should be net of all returns, discounts, allowances, and rebates).

China

Prod					
Product 6		Product 7		Product 8	
Quantity	LDP value	Quantity	LDP value	Quantity	LDP value
					Quantity LDP value Quantity LDP value Quantity

¹ LDP value (i.e., landed duty-paid values): Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States). See "Import values" definition in Part II (Trade and Related Information – Definitions).

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 6:
Product 7:
Product 8:

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-3c. <u>Imports for internal use or repackaging.--</u>Report below the import data¹ for pricing products² imported from Chile and used by your own firm or repackaged and sold.

Please note that values should be <u>landed</u>, <u>duty-paid</u> (<u>LDP</u>) and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid by your firm (i.e., should be net of all returns, discounts, allowances, and rebates).

Mexico

	(Qua	ntity in gross,	value <i>in doll</i>	ars)		
	Product 6		Product 7		Product 8	
Period of importation	Quantity	LDP value	Quantity	LDP value	Quantity	LDP value
2021:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2022:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2023:						
January-March						
April-June						
July-September						
October-December						
2024:						
January-March						

¹ LDP value (i.e., landed duty-paid values): Values reported should be landed, duty-paid values at the U.S. port of entry, including ocean freight and insurance costs, brokerage charges, and import duties (i.e., all charges except inland freight in the United States). See "Import values" definition in Part II (Trade and Related Information – Definitions).

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide
description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

description of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.
Product 6:
Product 7:
Product 8:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part III.

III-3d.	Purchase cost data checklistPlease check that the purchase cost data in question III-3(a) have	been
	correctly reported.	

Are the purchase cost data reported above:	√ if Yes
In actual dollars (not \$1,000) and gross?	
Valued at landed duty-paid import value (i.e., value at the U.S. border after clearing Customs)?	
Reported only for imports used for internal consumption or for your firm's retail sale?	
Less than or equal to the quantities and values reported in part II for imports in each period?	
Explanation(s) for any boxes not checked:	

Complete these questions only if your firm reported data on the previous page, otherwise skip to question III-4.

The following questions ask about the costs/benefits (not included in the LDP values reported above) that factor into your firm's decision to import glass wine bottles rather than purchase from a U.S. producer or importer of glass wine bottles.

III-3e. Additional costs for your firm's imports of glass wine bottles for your firm's internal use or repackaging.—

i.	Did your firm incur any additional costs by importing glass wine bottles rather than purchasing from a U.S. producer or importer (e.g., logistical or supply chain management costs, warehousing/inventory carrying costs, insurance or other risk management fees, demurrage fees, indirect and overseas costs)?
	☐ No ☐ Yes—Please answer parts ii, iii, and iv.
ii.	Please provide an estimate of the total additional cost incurred (as a percentage compared to LDP value) when importing glass wine bottles rather than purchasing from a U.S. producer or importer. (Report only the portion that is related to your firm's importing activities, either directly or indirectly, and not already included in the LDP value. Do NOT include any costs that also would be incurred if your firm purchased the product from a U.S producer or importer.) percent compared to LDP value.

II S	Importers'	Questionnaire	- Glass Wine	Bottles	(Final)
U.J.	IIIIDULLEIS	Questionnane	- Glass Wille	DULLIES	. i iiiai <i>i</i>

III-3f.	Additional costs for y	your firm's imports of	f glass wine bottles for	your firm's internal use or
	repackaging.— conti	nued.	-	•

iii. Please identify and explain the specific additional costs incurred by your firm and estimate each cost (in percent) compared to the cost of importing. (Only report costs and the portion of each cost that was related to your firm's importing activities for #abbrproduct, either directly or indirectly, and that are not already included in the LDP value. Do NOT report costs that your firm would incur when purchasing glass wine bottles from a U.S. producer or importer.)

Costs	Estimated percentage compared to LDP value (percent)	Explanation
	%	
	%	
	%	
	%	

Briefly describe how your firm's additional costs (beyond the purchase price) by it glass wine bottles directly compare with the additional costs your firm incurs when purchasing from a U.S. producer or U.S. importer. Decision basis.—To which source(s) does your firm compare costs in determining whether import glass wine bottles? Check all that apply. Decision basis.—To which source(s) does your firm compare costs in determining whether import glass wine bottles? Check all that apply. Neither U.S. importers U.S. producers Denefits of importing glass wine bottles. Briefly identify the benefits of importing glass wine bottles instead of purchasing	glass wine bottles directly compare with the additional costs your firm incurs with purchasing from a U.S. producer or U.S. importer. Decision basis.—To which source(s) does your firm compare costs in determining wheth import glass wine bottles? Check all that apply. Neither U.S. importers U.S. producers OUS. producers OUS. producers OUS. producers
Weither U.S. importers U.S. importers U.S. producers Description Benefits of importing glass wine bottles.	U.S. importers U.S. producers U.S. producers U.S. producers
Weither U.S. importers U.S. importers U.S. producers Description Benefits of importing glass wine bottles.	U.S. importers U.S. producers U.S. producers U.S. producers
U.S. importers U.S. producers nor U.S. producers Benefits of importing glass wine bottles.	U.S. importers U.S. producers nor U.S. producers
bottles from a U.S. importer or from a U.S. producer.	 Briefly identify the benefits of importing glass wine bottles instead of purchasin

III-3i. Benefits of importing glass wine bottles.--continued

ii. Is it your firm's experience that the glass wine bottles your firm imported from Chile, China, and/or Mexico are priced lower than they would be if your firm purchased from a U.S. importer or U.S. producer?

Imports are priced lower when	No	Yes (If yes to either, please answer parts iii and iv.)
Not including the additional costs above		
Including the additional costs above		

iii. Please estimate your firm's savings by importing glass wine bottles instead of purchasing from a U.S. producer or U.S. importer since January 1, 2021 (as a percent of the purchase price from the U.S. importer or U.S. producer). For your estimate, compare the price of purchasing from a U.S. importer or U.S. producer to the cost of direct imports (including the additional costs described above in III-3b).

Factors	Estimated savings (percent of purchase price from U.S. importer/producer)
U.S. producer	%
U.S. importer	%

iv. What methods or experience did you base the estimates in III-3fiii (i.e. based on previous transactions with U.S. producers and/or U.S. importers, market research, etc.) Check all that apply.

Reported estimates in III-3fiii based on	√ if Yes
Previous company transactions	
Market research	
Other – Please explain	

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of these data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

III- 4. <u>Purchases from U.S. producers or U.S. importers.</u>-- Has your firm purchased glass wine bottles from U.S. producers or U.S. importers at any time since January 1, 2021?

No
YesPlease visit https://usitc.gov/reports/active import injury questionnaires and complete a Purchaser Questionnaire as well.

III-5.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of glass wine
	bottles (check all that apply)?

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

III-6. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

III-7. **Pricing terms.**--On what basis are your firm's prices of imported glass wine bottles from Chile, China, and/or Mexico usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

III-8. Contract versus spot.-- Approximately what shares of your firm's sales of its glass wine bottles from Chile, China, and/or Mexico in 2023 were on the basis of (1) short-term contracts, (2) annual contracts, (3) long-term contracts, and (4) spot sales?

		Туре о	f sale			
Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum to 100.0%	d o
Share of 2022 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

III-9. <u>Contract provisions.</u>--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for glass wine bottles imported from Chile, China, and/or Mexico (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
3.1.5/ 5.1 p.1.55	Both			
Indexed to raw	Yes			
material costs ¹	No			
Not applicab	le			
¹ Please identify the in	dexes used:	·		

III-10. <u>Lead times.</u>—What is your firm's share of sales of its glass wine bottles imported from Chile, China, and/or Mexico from inventory and produced to order, and the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of its imported glass wine bottles?

Source	Share of 2022 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From your firm's U.S. inventory	%	
From foreign manufacturers' inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.

Other.—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.

porte	rs' Questionnaire - Glass Wine Bottles (Final)				Page 55
<u>Ship</u>	ping information.—				
(a)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your fine Your firm Purchaser (check one)	rm's custor	mers' lo	cation	ıs?
(b)	When your firm sells glass wine bottles imported from where is it shipped? Point of importation Storage facility (check or		ina, and	d/or M	lexico, from
(c)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's s from Chile, China, and/or Mexico that are delivered t U.S. point of shipment.	_			•
	Distance from your firm's U.S. point of shipment	Shar	e		
	Within 100 miles		%		
	101 to 1,000 miles		%		
	Over 1,000 miles		%		
	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0	%		
	graphical shipmentsIn which U.S. geographic market a les imported from subject countries since January 1, 202 Geographic area		•	oply)?	-
Noi	rtheast.–CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.]	
Mic WI.	dwest.–IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and]_	
	atheast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, and WV.				
Cer	ntral Southwest.–AR, LA, OK, and TX.				
Mo	untains.—AZ. CO. ID. MT. NV. NM. UT. and WY.			ī	

III-13. Inland transportation costs.—What is the approximate percentage of the cost of glass wine bottles imported from Chile, China, and/or Mexico that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs? _____ percent.

III-14. **End uses.**--List the end uses of the glass wine bottles that your firm imports. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by glass wine bottles and other inputs?

		t of end-use product ted for by	Total
			(should sum to
End-use product	Glass wine bottles	Other inputs	100.0% across)
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

	End use in which this			nanges in the price of this substitute ed the price for glass wine bottles?
Substitute	substitute is used	No	Yes	Explanation

Select one box per row.

Market	Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	Explanation and factors
Within the United States						
Outside the United States						

	Product c	<u>hanges</u>	Have there been any significant changes in the product range, product mix or
	marketing	g of glass v	vine bottles since January 1, 2021?
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe.
18.			the glass wine bottles market subject to business cycles, either during the year res, describe.
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including any changes since January 1, 2021.
19.		to glass	petition. Is the glass wine bottles market subject to conditions of competition wine bottles other than the business cycles described in the previous question?
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including any changes since January 1, 2021.
20.	any time I order enti the quant	petween J ry," declin ity promis	Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply glass wine bottles a anuary 1, 2021 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlle ing to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less than sed, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments, impact from changes in II-2a, etc.)?
	iii operati	ons nsteu	111 11 2u, ccc.j.
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including the reason, timing, and duration of the constraint.
			If yes, please describe, including the reason, timing, and duration of the
-21. <u>l</u>	No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including the reason, timing, and duration of the
21. <u>I</u>	No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including the reason, timing, and duration of the constraint. Since January 1, 2021, has your firm refused, declined, or turned down any

ı	S	Important'	Questionnaire -	Glass Wine	Rottles	(Einal)
u		minomers	Ouesnonnaire -	· Giass wille	Domes	trillan

III-22.	Minimum production runs size and costs.—What is the minimum production run size at which your
	firm has filled a purchaser's order in 2023? Please describe that production run size, the factors that
	affect your firm's ability to make that size economical, and, more generally, describe the
	relationship of production run size to the cost of production for an order of glass wine bottles for
	your firm. If there are differences among your firm's different facilities in the minimum production
	run size at which your firm has filled a purchaser's order in 2023, please report separate information
	for each facility and describe the differences.

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-23. Minimum production runs size and costs (new designs).-- Is there a production run size at which your firm cannot economically make a new glass wine bottle design (i.e., one that would require a new mold, new glass input, et cetera)? If yes, please describe that production run size, the factors that affect that minimum run size, and, more generally, describe the relationship of production run size to the cost of production for an order of glass wine bottles for your firm.

No	Yes	If yes, please describe.

III-24. <u>Raw materials.</u>— Have glass wine bottles raw material prices steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2021?

Select one box per row.

Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for glass wine bottles.

III-25. <u>Interchangeability.</u>— How often is glass wine bottles produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., are they used in the same types of applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Chile	China	Mexico	Other countries
United States				
Chile				
China				
Mexico				

For any country-pair producing glass wine bottles that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude the interchangeable use of glass wine bottles produced in the countries:

III-26. <u>Factors other than price.</u>— How often are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support and customer service, packaging, lead times, storage capability, *etc.*) between glass wine bottles produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	Chile	China	Mexico	Other countries
United States				
Chile				
China				
Mexico				

For any country-pair for which factors other than price are *always* or *frequently* a significant factor in your firm's sales of glass wine bottles, identify the country-pair and the relevant factors other than price, and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

III-27.	Role of section 301 tariffs Did the tariffs on Chinese-origin products under section 301, or changes
	in these tariffs, have an impact on the glass wine bottles market in the United States, including any
	effects on glass wine bottles cost, price, supply, and/or demand, since January 1, 2021?

Yes	Yes No Don't know	
If yes, please describe the important the timing of such impacts.	pact on cost, price, supply, and	d/or demand, and include

III-28. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for glass wine bottles since January 1, 2021. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments of glass wine bottles that each of these customers accounted for in 2023.

Customer's name		Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2023 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

III-29.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section.				

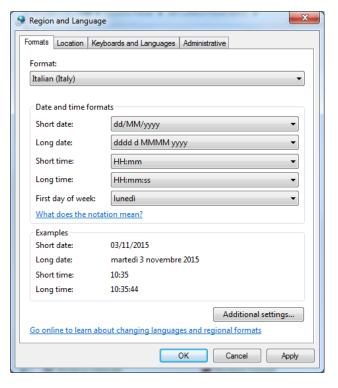
Correcting valid number error messages.—If you are completing this questionnaire in a country that uses periods (".") to delineate multiples of 1000 (i.e., one million would appear as \$1.000.000 instead of as \$1,000,000), you may be unable to enter in numbers greater than 999 in the numeric form fields. This issue stems from your computer's number formatting setting (i.e., not the MS Word document itself, but the computer from which you are opening up the document). In the United States commas (",") delineate multiples of 1000 and periods (".") delineate fractions less than one. Many EU and other countries use the reverse where multiples of 1000 are delineated with periods (".") and fractions less than one are delineated with commas (","). The U.S. International Trade Commission's questionnaires are set-up in the United States with the U.S. number formatting. When this formatting interacts with a computer set to EU or other country number formatting, we believe this may cause this issue.

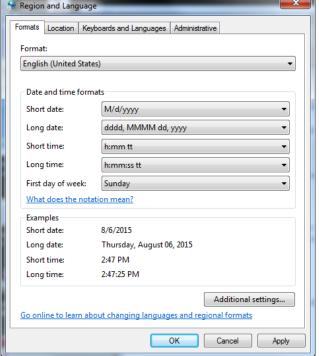
The solution to this data entry issue is to temporarily change your operating system's number formatting to be consistent with the U.S. number formatting system while you complete the questionnaire.

To temporarily change your computer's number settings to U.S. settings, please do the following (for Microsoft Windows Operating system):

- START
- Control Panel
- Region and Language (under Clock, Language, and Region category)
- Format tab
- Change the Format from your existing one (e.g., "Italian (Italy)") to "English (United States)" (see screen shots below)

When you do this the number "twelve million dollars and thirty five cents" would change from \$12.000.000,35 (Italy format) to \$12,000,000.35 (U.S. format), and then there will be no conflict with the USITC importer questionnaire form. When you finish reporting the data then you can close the questionnaire and switch back to Italy (or your country) settings.





HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at: https://usitc.gov/reports/active_import_injury_questionnaires.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission for further instructions.

• **Upload via Secure Drop Box.**—Upload the MS Word questionnaire along with a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1) through the Commission's secure upload facility:

Web address: https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/ Pin: GLASS

• E-mail.—E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to charles.cummings@usitc.gov; include a scanned copy of the signed certification page (page 1). Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure drop-box system and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm did not import this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned copy to the Commission.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.—If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1802). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7).