U.S. PRODUCERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

OVERHEAD DOOR COUNTERBALANCE TORSION SPRINGS FROM CHINA AND INDIA

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by November 12, 2024

See last page for instructions regarding how to file this questionnaire.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing duty and antidumping investigations concerning overhead door counterbalance torsion springs ("overhead door springs") from China and India (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-746-747 and 731-TA-1724-1725 (Preliminary)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

Address							
						de	
Website							
Has your firm January 1, 20	•	overhead door s	prings (as defii	ned on next	page) in th	e United States at a	any time sinc
□NO	(Sign the ce	ertification below	and promptly re	eturn only th	is page of th	e questionnaire to the	e Commission
YES	(Complete	all parts of the qu	iestionnaire, and	d return the	entire questi	onnaire to the Commi	ission)
at the infer	mation has	oin cumplied in		CATION	ionnairo io	complete and so	eract to the
and belief a this certificat n provided in	nd understa tion I also t this questio	ind that the inf grant consent onnaire and thi	response to ormation sub for the Comn roughout this	this quest mitted is su nission, an	bject to au d its empl	complete and cor odit and verification oyees and contrac ner import-injury pr	n by the Con t personnel,
and belief and this certificate on provided in a sistem on the sersigned, acknown or other professor (a) for develond evaluations; or (ii) by U.	nd understa tion I also this questic ame or simi nowledge to peeedings m ping or ma ns relating S. governme	and that the infigrant consent connaire and the illar merchandist hat information ay be disclosed intaining the reto the program	response to formation substruction submitted in to and used ecords of this ms, personne and contract p	this quest mitted is su nission, an proceeding n response : (i) by the or a relate l, and ope personnel, s	bject to aud its emploin any other to this recommissical proceedirations of	idit and verification oyees and contrac	n by the Con t personnel, coceedings c ion and thro nd Offices, c al investigat ncluding un
and belief and this certificate on provided in a sistem on the sersigned, acknown or other professor (a) for develoind evaluations; or (ii) by U.	nd understa tion I also this questic ame or simi nowledge to oceedings m ping or ma ns relating S. governme ign appropr	and that the infigrant consent onnaire and the illar merchandist hat information and be disclosed intaining the reto the programent employees or internal on the programent employees or internal	response to formation substruction submitted in to and used ecords of this ms, personne and contract p	this quest mitted is su nission, an proceeding n response : (i) by the or a relate l, and ope personnel, s	bject to aud its emploin any other to this recommissical proceedirations of	dit and verification oyees and contracter import-injury propertions of the contracter of the contracter of the commission in the commission in	n by the Con t personnel, coceedings c ion and thro nd Offices, c al investigat ncluding un

PART I.—GENERAL INFORMATION

Background.--This proceeding was instituted in response to a petition filed on October 29, 2024, by IDC Group, Inc., Minneapolis, Minnesota; Iowa Spring Manufacturing, Inc., Adel, Iowa; and Service Spring Corp., Maumee, Ohio. Countervailing and/or antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Pertinent information to this proceeding is available at:

Questionnaires: https://usitc.gov/reports/active import injury questionnaires. Other case information: https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8234/investigation/8655

<u>Overhead door springs</u> covered by this proceeding are helically wound, overhead door counterbalance torsion steel springs ("overhead door counterbalance torsion springs"). Overhead door counterbalance torsion springs are helical steel springs with tightly wound coils that store and release mechanical energy by winding and unwinding along the spring's axis by an angle, using torque to create a lifting force in the counterbalance assembly typically used to raise and lower overhead doors, including garage doors, industrial rolling doors, warehouse doors, trailer doors, and other overhead doors, gates, grates, or similar devices. The merchandise covered by these investigations covers all overhead door counterbalance torsion springs with a coil inside diameter of 15.8 millimeters ("mm") or more but not exceeding 304.8 mm (measured across the diameter from inner edge to inner edge); a wire diameter of 2.5 mm to 20.4 mm; a length of 127 mm or more; and regardless of the following characteristics:

- Wire type (including, but not limited to, oil-tempered wire, hard-drawn wire, music wire, galvanized or other coated wire);
- Wire cross-sectional shape (e.g., round, square, or other shapes);
- Coating (e.g., uncoated, oil- or water-based coatings, lubricant coatings, zinc, aluminum, zincaluminum, paint or plastic coating, etc.);
- Winding orientation (left-hand or right-hand wind direction);
- End type (including, but not limited to, looped, double looped, clipped, long length, mini warehouse, Barcol, Crawford, Kinnear, Wagner, rolling steel or barrel ends); and
- Whether the overhead door counterbalance torsion springs are fitted with hardware, including but not limited to fasteners, clips, and cones (winding or stationary cones.

For purposes of the diameters referenced above, where the nominal and actual measurements vary, a product is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set forth above.

The steel torsion springs included in the scope of these investigations are produced from steel in which: (1) iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less, by weight.

Subject merchandise includes cones or other fittings attached to or entered with the subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs. Subject merchandise also includes all subject overhead door counterbalance torsion springs entered as a part of overhead door kits, overhead door mounting or assembly kits, or as a part of a spring-operated motor assembly or as a part of a spring winder assembly kit for torsion springs. When counterbalance torsion springs are entered as a part of such kits, only the counterbalance spring and cones attached to or entered with the spring are within scope.

Subject merchandise also includes overhead door counterbalance torsion springs that have been further processed in a third country, including but not limited to cutting to length, attachment of hardware,

cones or end-fittings, inclusion in garage door kits or garage door mounting or assembly kits, or any other processing that would remove the merchandise from the scope of these orders if performed in the country of manufacture of the in-scope overhead door counterbalance torsion springs.

All products that meet the written physical description are within the scope of these investigations unless specifically excluded. The following products are specifically excluded from the scope of these investigations:

- Leaf springs (slender arc-shaped length of spring steel of a rectangular cross-section);
- Disc springs (conical springs consisting of a convex disc with the outer edge working against the center of the disc);
- Extension springs (close-wound round helical wire springs that store and release energy by resisting the external pulling forces applied to the spring's ends in the direction of its length);
- Compression springs (helical coiled springs with open wound active coils (such open winding is also known as pitch) that are designed to compress under load or force); and
- Spiral springs (torsion springs wound as concentric spirals such as a clock spring or mainspring).

Overhead door springs are currently imported under statistical reporting numbers 7320.20.5020, 7320.20.5045 and 7320.20.5060 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). They may also be classified under HTSUS subheading 8412.90.9085 if entered as parts of spring-operated motors. They may also be classified in HTSUS subheading 8412.80.1000 (spring-operated motors) if entered as part of a spring counterweight assembly for an overhead door. They may also be classified in HTSUS subheading 7308.90.9590, a basket category that includes metal garage doors entered with mounting accessories or assemblies. The HTSUS provisions are for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope is dispositive.

<u>Reporting of information</u>.—If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.--The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.--The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

Release of information.--The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were

divulged to unauthorized individuals. In addition, if your firm is a U.S. producer, the information you provide on your production and imports of overhead door springs and your responses to the questions in Part I of the producer questionnaire will be provided to the U.S. Department of Commerce, upon its request, for use in connection with (and only in connection with) its requirement pursuant to section 702(c)(4)/732(c)(4) of the Act (19 U.S.C. § 1671a(c)(4)/1673a(c)(4)) to make a determination concerning the extent of industry support for the petition requesting this proceeding. Any information provided to Commerce will be transmitted under the confidentiality and release guidelines set forth above. Your response to these questions constitutes your consent that such information be provided to Commerce under the conditions described above.

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>--The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macroenabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (https://www.usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is <u>optional</u>. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding (available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

U.S.	Producers'	Questionnaire -	Overhead dooi	springs	(Preliminary)
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I-1a.	Reporting requirementsPlease report below the actual number of hours required and the cost
	to your firm of completing this questionnaire for use by the Office of Management and Budget.

Hours	Dollars

No

Yes

I-2a.

Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 55 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please provide such comments to the Office of Investigations, import_injury@usitc.gov.

I-1b.	TAA information releaseIn the event that the U.S. International Trade Commission (USITC)
	makes an affirmative final determination in this proceeding, do you consent to the USITC's
	release of your contact information (company name, address, contact person, contact person's
	title, telephone number, email address) appearing on the front page of this questionnaire to the
	Departments of Commerce, Labor, and Agriculture, as applicable, so that your firm and its
	workers can be made eligible for benefits under the Trade Adjustment Assistance program?

<u>Establishments coveredProvide the city, state, zip code, and brief description of each</u>
establishment covered by this questionnaire. Firms operating more than one establishment

should combine the data for all establishments into a single report.

"<u>Establishment</u>"--Each facility of a firm involved in the <u>production</u> of overhead door springs, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such facilities.

City, State	Zip (5 digit)	Description
		City, State Zip (5 digit)

¹ Additional discussion on establishments consolidated in this questionnaire: _____.

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I-2b.	_		ion. If your ding symbol:		is publicly traded, ple	ease specify the
I-2c.		External counsel If your firm or parent firm is represented by external counsel in relation to this proceeding, please specify the name of the law firm and the lead attorney(s).				
	Law firm:					
	Lead atto	rney(s):				
I-3.	Petitioner petitioning No	-	our firm a pet	itioner in this proce	eeding or a member f	irm of the
I-4.	Petition su	pportDoes	s your firm su	upport or oppose th	e petition?	
Co	ountry	Investigat		Support	Oppose	Take no position
	China	Antidump				
	India	Antidump				
	China	Counterva				
	India	Counterva	illing duty			
I-5.	Ownership No			whole or in part, by	any other firm?	te parent/owner.
	Firm name		Co	untry		Extent of ownership (percent)
			I			1

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

No Yes	List the following information.	
Firm name	Country	Affiliation
engaged in the product	pes your firm have any related fir ion of overhead door springs?	ms, either domestic or foreign,
engaged in the product	•	ms, either domestic or foreign, i
engaged in the product	ion of overhead door springs?	ms, either domestic or foreign, to the second secon
engaged in the product	ion of overhead door springs?List the following information.	
engaged in the product	ion of overhead door springs?List the following information.	
engaged in the product	ion of overhead door springs?List the following information.	

PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Peter Stebbins (202-205-2039), peter.stebbins@usitc.gov). **Supply all data requested on a calendar-year basis.**

II-1.	Contact information. Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which
	Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted
	in Part II.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

II-2a. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the production of overhead door springs since January 1, 2021.

Check	as many as appropriate.	If checked, please describe the nature, timing / duration, and impact on operations of any such reported changes as well as the business reasons for them; leave completely blank if not applicable
	Plant openings	
	Plant closings	
	Prolonged shutdowns	
	Production curtailments	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Weather-related or force majeure events	
	Other (e.g., revised labor agreements, technology)	

II-2b. <u>COVID-19 pandemic.</u>—Has the COVID-19 pandemic or have any government actions taken to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus resulted in changes in your firm's supply chain arrangements, production, employment, and shipments relating to overhead door springs? In your response, please discuss the duration and timing of any such changes as they relate to your firm's operations.

No	If yes, describe these changes including the impact over time on the (a) supply chain, (b) production and shipments, and (c) employment with respect to overhead door springs.

II-3a. **Production using same machinery.--**Please report your firm's production of products using the same equipment, machinery, or employees as used to produce overhead door springs, and the combined capacity (both installed and practical capacity) on this shared equipment, machinery, or employees in the periods indicated.

"Installed overall capacity" – The level of production that your establishment(s) could have attained, assuming your firm's optimal product mix, and based solely on existing capital investments, i.e., machinery and equipment that is in place and ready to operate. This capacity measure does <u>not</u> take into account other constraints to production such as existing workforce constraints, availability of raw materials, or downtime for maintenance, repair, and clean-up. This capacity measure is sometimes referred to as "nameplate" or "theoretical" capacity.

"Practical overall capacity" – The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain, taking into account your firm's actual product mix over the period. This capacity measure is based on not only existing capital investments, i.e., machinery and equipment that is in place and ready to operate; but also non-capital investment constraints, such as (1) normal operating conditions, including normal downtime for maintenance, repair, and cleanup; (2) your firm's existing in place and readily available labor force; (3) availability of material inputs; and (4) any other constraints that may have limited your firm's ability to produce the reported products. Importantly, this capacity measure is the maximum "practical" production your firm could have achieved without hiring new personnel or expanding the number of shifts operated in the period.

"Practical overhead door springs capacity" – The level of production of overhead door springs that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain. The same assumptions apply to this capacity measure as for practical overall capacity, but only includes the portion of practical overall capacity allocated to the production of overhead door springs based on the actual product mix experienced over the period.

"Production" – All production in your U.S. establishment(s), including production consumed internally within your firm and production for another firm under a toll agreement.

Takes into account	Installed overall capacity	Practical overall capacity	Practical overhead door springs capacity
Existing capital investments	Yes	Yes	Yes
Product mix	Yes	Yes	Yes
Normal downtime, maintenance, repair and clean-up	No	Yes	Yes
Existing labor force	No	Yes	Yes
Availability of material inputs	No	Yes	Yes
Actual number of shifts and hours operated	No	Yes	Yes
Limited to overhead door springs	No	No	Yes

II-3a. Production using same machinery.—Continued

	Quantity (in pounds)			
	Calendar year			January-June	
ltem	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Capacity measures: Installed overall capacity ¹					
Practical overall capacity ¹²					
Practical overhead door springs capacity ^{3 4}	0	0	0	0	0
Production of: Overhead door springs 3 4	0	0	0	0	0
Out-of-scope products: Extension springs					
Other out-of-scope products ⁵					
Subtotal, out-of-scope production	0	0	0	0	0
Total production using same machinery or workers	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Data reported for both "installed overall" and "practical overall" capacity should each individually be greater than data reported for total production (last line). Additionally, data reported for "installed overall" capacity should be greater than "practical overall" capacity in every period.

II-3b. **Operating parameters.--**The *practical* overall capacity reported in II-3a is based on the following operating parameters:

Hours per week	Weeks per year

II-3c.	<u>Capacity calculations.</u> Please describe the methodology used to calculate <i>installed</i> and <i>practical</i> overall production capacities reported in II-3a, and explain any changes in reported capacities.				

² Please provide details in your response to the question on capacity constraints in question II-3d below that explain the differences reported between "installed" overall capacity and "practical" overall capacity.

³ Data for this indicator will populate here once reported below in question II-8.

⁴ Data reported for practical overhead door springs capacity should be greater than the data reported for production of overhead door springs in each period, if not revise prior to submission to the Commission. Additionally, if your firm reports the production of no other products on the same machinery and using the same workers as overhead door springs then "practical overhead overhead door springs" capacity measures should be equal to each other.

⁵ Please identify these products: _____.

II-3d. Practical overall capacity constraints.--Please describe the constraint(s) that set the limit(s) on your firm's practical overall capacity over the period reported in question II-3a. If different constraints were binding over different periods reported, please specify when each constraint was limiting your reported practical overall capacity. If a constraint was not actually binding over the period reported, but was still a constraint to achieving the installed capacity level, indicate at what level it would have been binding.

Constraint (check as many as appropriate)		Description (If checked, please describe the details, timing, and duration of the constraint; leave completely blank if not applicable)
	Production bottlenecks	
	Existing labor force	
	Supply of material inputs	
	Fuel or energy	
	Storage capacity	
	Logistics/transportation	
	Other constraints (list the specific constraints in the description field)	

procuring	larger so	actions that would be needed (e.g., hiring new workers, expanding shifts, urces of raw material supply, etc.) for your firm to be able to fully utilize the overall capacity reported in II-3a.
overall ca of produc capacity,	pacity, ple ction) wou and (2) th	erall capacityTo the extent that your company is reporting excess installed ease report, with specificity: (1) which machines or equipment (or other elend ld need to be brought back into production for your plant to operate at full e specific dates on which such machines or equipment were last used by you werhead door springs.
(a) Is	-	able to switch production (capacity) between overhead door springs and ot sing the same equipment and/or labor?
No	Yes	If yes—(i.e., have produced other products or are able to produce other products) Please identify other actual or potential products.
(b) P		cribe the factors that affect your firm's ability to shift capacity between prod cost, relative price change, etc.), and the degree to which these factors enhanced in such shifts.

II-5.	Capacity checklistPlease check that the capacity numbers reported in question II-3a follow the
	Commission's relevant definitions for capacity.

Item	√ if Yes
Are all three capacity measures reported based on <u>currently installed</u> <u>machinery and equipment</u> (i.e., the reported capacity level would not require additional capital investments in order to achieve)?	
Are practical overall capacity and practical overhead door springs capacity measures reported based on <i>existing labor force</i> (i.e., the reported capacity level would not require hiring additional production related workers or adding shifts)?	
Are practical overall capacity and practical overhead door springs capacity measures based on the actual availability of material inputs?	
Do both practical overall capacity and practical overhead door springs capacity measures account for <u>normal downtime</u> , <u>maintenance</u> , <u>repair and clean-up</u> activities?	
Does the difference between practical overall capacity and practical overhead door springs capacity equal the portion of practical overall capacity that is dedicated to the production of out-of-scope products?	

Note: If your firm is not able to answer "yes" to any of the above criteria as it relates to your firm's reported capacity levels, please revise your capacity numbers to be in conformance with the appropriate definition prior to submission to the Commission.

II-6. <u>Tolling</u>.--Since January 1, 2021, has your firm been involved in a toll agreement regarding the production of overhead door springs?

"Toll agreement"-- Agreement between two firms whereby the first firm ("tollee") furnishes the raw materials and the second firm ("toller") uses the raw materials to produce a product that it then returns to the first firm with a charge for processing costs, overhead, etc.

No	Yes	
		If yes—Please complete the table below.

Does your firm act as the toller or tollee in this arrangement?	Toller:	Tollee:
Report the share of your firm's production of overhead door springs that was included in this toll arrangement in 2023.		%
Please describe the activities performed in this tolling arrangement	::	
Please indicate the name(s) of the firm(s) involved:		

II-7. Foreign trade zone	es
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(a) <u>Firm's FTZ operations</u>.--Does your firm produce overhead door springs in and/or admit overhead door springs into a foreign trade zone (FTZ)?

"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise. A foreign trade zone must be designated as such pursuant to the rules and procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.

No	If yesDescribe the nature of your firm's operations in FTZs and identify the specific FTZ site(s).

(b) Other firms' FTZ operations.--To your knowledge, do any firms in the United States import overhead door springs into a foreign trade zone (FTZ) for use in distribution of overhead door springs and/or the production of downstream articles?

No	Yes	If yesIdentify the firms and the FTZs.

II-8. **Production, shipments, and inventory data.-**-Report your firm's practical capacity, production, shipments and inventories of U.S.-produced overhead door springs during the specified periods.

"Production" – All production in your U.S. establishment(s), including production consumed internally within your firm and production for another firm under a toll agreement.

"Commercial U.S. shipments" – Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report <u>net values</u> (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" —A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

"Export shipments" – Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" — Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work-in-progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

II-8. Production, shipment, and inventory data.--Continued

Quantity (<i>in</i>	Quantity (in pounds) and value (in dollars)			T	
	Calendar year			January-June	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Practical overhead door springs capacity ¹ (quantity) (A)					
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (B)					
Production (quantity) (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: ² Quantity (F)					
Value ² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: ² Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: ³ Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					

¹ Report your firm's practical overhead door springs capacity consistent with the definitions and instructions included in question II-3a.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, PRODUCTION, AND INVENTORY.</u>.--Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line B), plus production (i.e., line C), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather reflect your firm's actual records; and also provide explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar year		Januar	y-June
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
B + C - D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero					
("0") or provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0

¹ Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:_____.

² Internal consumption and transfers to related firms must be valued at fair market value. If your firm uses a different basis for valuing these transactions in your records, please specify that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus, *etc.*):

. However, the data provided above in this table should be based on fair market value.

³ Identify your firm's principal export markets: .

II-9. <u>Channels of distribution</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S.-produced overhead door springs by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

	Quantit	y (in pounds)			
		Calendar year		January-June	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
U.S. shipments:					
to Distributors (M)					
to End users (N)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line D, F, H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year		Januar	y-June
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-10. <u>U.S. shipments by level of assembly.</u>--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S. produced overhead door springs by the level of assembly (e.g., overhead door kits, overhead door mounting or assembly kits) during the specified periods. For those U.S.-produced overhead door springs shipped as part of a kit, please report only the quantity and value of the overhead door springs, rather than the kit in its entirety.

Q	uantity (in pou	inds) and value	(in dollars)		
		Calendar year		Januar	y-June
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
U.S. shipments of: Overhead door springs with or without cones, not in kits or further assembled: Quantity (O)					
Value (P)					
Overhead door springs in kits: Quantity (Q)					
Value (R)					
Overhead door springs as parts of components (e.g., motors, counterweight assemblies) or as parts of garage doors: Quantity (S)					
Value (T)					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY LEVEL OF ASSEMBLY</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities (i.e., lines O, Q, and S) and values (i.e., lines P, R, and T) reported for U.S. shipments by level of assembly in each time period equal the quantity (i.e., lines D, F, H) and values (i.e., lines E, G, I) reported for U.S. shipments in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year		Januar	y-June
Reconciliation item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Quantity: $O + Q + S - D - F - H = zero$					
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0
Value: P + R + T – E – G – I = zero					
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-11. <u>U.S. shipments by wire diameter and spring length</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S.-produced overhead door springs by wire diameter and spring length in calendar year 2023.

Qua	ntity (in pounds)		
		Calendar year 2023	
Wire diameter (down) and spring length (across)	>=5" and <40" length	>= 40" and <80" length	>=80" length
U.S. shipments: >= 2.5 mm and <5.1 mm wire diameter (U)			
>= 5.1 mm and <12.7 mm wire diameter (V)			
>= 12.7 mm and <=20.4 mm wire diameter (X)			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY WIRE DIAMETER AND SPRING LENGTH</u>.--Please ensure that the quantity reported for U.S. shipments by wire diameter and spring length in this question (i.e., lines U, V, an X across all columns) equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H) in 2023 from question II-8. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation	Calendar year 2023
U + V + X (across all columns) – D – F – H (in the	
calendar year 2023 column) = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0

Explanation of trends:

II-12. **Employment data**.--Report your firm's employment-related data related to the production of overhead door springs in your U.S. establishments and provide an explanation for any trends in these data.

"Production and Related Workers" (PRWs) includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Average number employed may be computed by adding the number of employees, both full time and part time, for the 12 pay periods ending closest to the 15th of the month and divide that total by 12. For the January to June periods, calculate similarly and divide by 6.

"Hours worked" includes time paid for sick leave, holidays, and vacation time. Include overtime hours actually worked; do not convert overtime pay to its equivalent in straight time hours.

"Wages paid" – Total wages paid before deductions of any kind (e.g., withholding taxes, old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, union dues, bonds, etc.). Include wages paid directly by your firm for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave.

		Calendar year		Januar	y-June
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Average number of PRWs (number)					
Hours worked by PRWs (hours)					
Wages paid to PRWs (dollars)					

<u>Transfers to related firms</u> If your firm reported transfers to related firms in question II-8, please identify the firm(s) and indicate the nature of the relationship between your firm and the related firms (e.g., joint venture, wholly owned subsidiary), whether the transfers were priced a market value or by a non-market formula, whether your firm retained marketing rights to all transfers, and whether the related firms also processed inputs from sources other than your firm.

II-14.	<u>Purchases</u> Has your firm purchased overhead door springs produced in the United States or in
	other countries since January 1, 2021? (Do not include imports for which your firm was the
	importer of record. These should be reported in an importer questionnaire.)

"Purchase" - A transaction to buy product from a U.S. corporate entity such as another U.S. producer, a U.S. distributor, or a U.S. firm that has directly imported the product.

"Import" -A transaction to buy from a foreign supplier where your firm is the importer of record.

No	If yesReport such purchases in the table below and explain the reasons for your firms' purchases.

Note: If your firm served as the importer of record for any purchases from foreign suppliers, either for your own account or as a service for another entity, those purchases are to be considered "imports" not "purchases" and should not be included in the table below

	(Quantity i	n pounds)			
	С	alendar year	1	January-June	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Purchases from U.S. importers of overhead door springs from— China					
India					
Subject sources	0	0	0	0	0
All other sources ¹					
Purchases from domestic producers ²	Purchases from domestic producers ²				
Purchases from other sources ³					
Purchases from all sources	0	0	0	0	0
¹ Please list the name of the nonsubject	: importer(s) fro	om which your	firm purchase	ed this product	:

² Please list the name of the U.S. producer(s) from which your firm purchased this product: _____.

³ Please list the name of the firm(s) from which your firm purchased this product: _____.

II-15. <u>Purchases of imports from subject sources</u>.--If your firm reported purchases from U.S. importers of overhead door springs from China or India at any time since January 1, 2021, report those purchases by the individual importer of record and subject source.

Purchases of subject imports

Quantity (in pounds)						
		Calendar year		January-June		
Importer of record	Subject source	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Grand total:		0	0	0	0	0

II-15. Purchases of imports from subject sources.—Continued.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF PURCHASES FROM SUBJECT SOURCES</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities reported for your firms purchases of imports from subject sources reported in this question (i.e., "total purchases of imports from subject sources") in each time period equal the quantity reported for your firm's purchases from subject sources in each time period in the previous question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	Calendar year			January-June	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Purchases from subject sources in					
this table – purchases from subject					
sources in previous table = zero					
("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-16. Imports.--Since January 1, 2021, has your firm imported overhead door springs?

"Importer" – The person or firm primarily liable for the payment of any duties on the merchandise, or an authorized agent acting on his behalf.

No	Yes	
		If yes <u>COMPLETE AND RETURN A U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE</u>

II-17.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part II for which a narrative box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section.

PART III.--FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Address guestions on this part of the guestionnaire to David Boyland (202-708-4725,

<u>Contact information</u> .—Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted				
in Part	, and the second se			
Name				
Title				
Email				
Teleph	one			
Accour	nting system. —Briefly describe your firm's financial accounting system. When does your firm's fiscal year end (month and day)?			
Λ.1.	If your firm's fiscal year changed since January 1, 2021, explain below:			
A.2.	Note: Calendar-year data are required for the annual-year financial data in this section (i.e., in questions III-9a, III-9d, III-12a, and III-13a). However, if providing this data on a calendar-year basis is unduly burdensome or provides results that are not reliable, fiscal-year based data are acceptable. Please indicate whether the results in this section are provided on a calendar-year basis (including firms with a calendar-year based fiscal year) or on a fiscal-year basis that does not align with the calendar year.			
	☐ Calendar-year basis ☐ Fiscal-year basis (does not align with the calendar year)			
B.1.	Describe the lowest level of operations (e.g., plant, division, company-wide) for which financial statements are prepared that include overhead door springs:			
B.2.	Does your firm prepare profit/loss statements for overhead door springs: No			

III-2.	Accounting	system	Continued

B.3. Please indicate the type and frequency (if applicable) of financial statements prepared by your firm. Please check relevant items below.

		Frequency			
	Check all			Semi-	
Financial statements	that apply	Monthly	Quarterly	annually	Annually
Audited					
Unaudited					
Annual reports					
SEC Forms 10-K / 10-Q					
SEC Form 20-F					
Other (specify):					

B.4. Please indicate the primary accounting basis used by your firm.

Accounting basis	Check one
U.S. GAAP	
IFRS	
Tax – cash	
Tax – accrual	
Other (specify):	

III-3.	Cost accounting system.—Briefly describe your firm's cost accounting system (e.g., standard
	cost, job order cost, etc.).

U.S.	Producers'	Questionnaire -	Overhead	door s	prings	(Preliminary)
		•				· ,,

III-4. **Product listing.**—Please list the products your firm produces in the facilities in which it produces overhead door springs and provide the share of net sales accounted for by these products in 2023.

Products	Share of sales in 2023
Overhead door springs	%
Extension springs	%
	%
	%
	%

III-5.	<u>Inputs from related suppliers</u> .—Does your firm purchase inputs (raw materials, labor, energy,
	or any services) used in the production of overhead door springs from any related suppliers
	(e.g., inclusive of transactions between related firms, divisions and/or other components within the same company)?
	YesContinue to question III-6. NoContinue to question III-8a.

III-6.	Inputs from related suppliers.—Please identify the inputs used in the production of overhead
	door springs that your firm purchases from related suppliers and that are reflected in question
	III-9a For "Share of total COGS" please report this information by relevant input for 2023

Input	Related supplier	Share of total COGS in 2023		
		%		
		%		
		%		
		%		

III-7a.	Valuation method used for inputs from related suppliers.—Please indicate the purchase cost
	valuation method used for the inputs from related suppliers, as recorded in the company's own
	accounting system. If the basis differs by input, please check all that apply and explain further in
	the parrative hox

Purchase cost valuation method ¹	Check all that apply
Related supplier's cost	
Cost plus	
Negotiated transfer price to approximate fair market value	
Other (specify):	
¹ If the methods used differ by input, please describe:	

III-7b.	Valuation method used for inputs from related suppliers.—Please confirm that the inputs
	purchased from related suppliers, as identified in III-6, were reported in III-9a (financial results
	on overhead door springs) in a manner consistent with the firm's accounting books and records.

Yes	If no—Provide an explanation and the valuation basis used for these inputs in question III-9a.

III-8. <u>Cost assignment/allocation basis</u>.—Briefly describe the assignment/allocation bases used by your firm to assign the costs and expenses listed below for overhead door springs in the normal course of business and in the financial results reported in question III-9a (e.g., actual costs, standard costs, percentage of COGS, percentage of sales, etc.).

	sed for overhead door springs—			
Cost/expense	In the normal course of business	In the financial results at III-9a		
Raw materials				
Direct labor				
Other factory costs				
SG&A expenses				
Interest expense				
Other income/expenses				

III-9a. <u>Operations on overhead door springs</u>.—Report the revenue and related cost information requested below on the overhead door springs operations of your firm's U.S. establishment(s). Include only sales (whether domestic or exports) and costs related to your U.S. manufacturing operations. <u>Do not</u> report any revenue or cost data related to the resale of purchased product.

Net sales—Report all commercial sales, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms, whether these are domestic sales or exports. Report net sales values less discounts, returns, allowances, and prepaid freight, in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment. The freight costs associated with delivering the product to your customer should not be included.

Note: If the financial data are reported on a calendar-year basis, the total net sales quantities and values should match the total shipment quantities and values reported in Part II of this questionnaire (see question III-14 for a reconciliation grid).

Internal consumption—Product consumed internally by your firm. Report internal consumption at fair market value even if this is not how these transactions are valued in your own books and records. This would commonly be estimated based on the company's commercial sales of similar product or market knowledge.

Transfers to related firms—Sales made to related firms. Report transfers to related firms at fair market value even if this is not how these transactions are valued in your own books and records. This would commonly be estimated based on the company's commercial sales of similar product or market knowledge.

Costs and expenses—Include costs and expenses associated with all reported net sales (i.e., for both domestic and export commercial sales, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms). If any freight costs were removed from net sales values, ensure the associated costs are removed from the applicable cost/expense line.

Inputs from related suppliers—Any inputs purchased from related suppliers should be reported in a manner consistent with your firm's accounting books and records.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the financial data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the financial data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (financial statements, including internal profit-and-loss statements for the division or product group that includes overhead door springs, as well as specific statements and worksheets) used to compile these data.

III-9a. **Operations on overhead door springs**.—**Continued**

Quantity (in pounds) and value (in dollars)						
	Calendar years			January-June		
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
Net sales quantities:						
Commercial sales						
Internal consumption						
Transfers to related firms						
Total net sales quantities	0	0	0	0	0	
Net sales values: Commercial sales						
Internal consumption						
Transfers to related firms						
Total net sales values	0	0	0	0	0	
Cost of goods sold (COGS): Raw materials						
Direct labor						
Other factory costs						
Total COGS	0	0	0	0	0	
Gross profit or (loss)	0	0	0	0	0	
SG&A expenses						
Operating income (loss)	0	0	0	0	0	
Other expenses and income: Interest expense						
All other expense items						
All other income items						
Net income or (loss) before						
income taxes	0	0	0	0	0	

III-9b.	<u>Financial data reconciliation</u> Certain line items from question III-9a, including total net sales
	quantities and values, total COGS, gross profit (or loss), operating profit (or loss), and net
	income (or loss), have been calculated based on the data submitted for other line items. Are the
	data in these calculated line items correct according to your firm's financial records ignoring
	non-material differences that may arise due to rounding?

		If noIf the calculated line items do not show the correct data, please double check the feeder data for data entry errors and revise. Also, check signs accorded to the post operating income line items. The two expense line items should report positive numbers (i.e., expenses are positive, and incomes or reversals are negative in these lines – instances of the latter should be rare in these lines). The income line item should also, in most instances, be a positive number (i.e., income is positive, and expenses or reversals are negative in this line).
Yes	No	provided, the differences between your records and the calculated line items persist, please identify and discuss the differences in the space below.

110	Draducare'	Questionnaire -	Overboad d	oor carings	(Draliminary)
U.S.	Producers	Questionnaire –	Overnead d	oor springs	(Prejiminary)

III-9c.	Raw materials.—Please report the share of total raw material costs in 2023 (reported in III-9a
	for the following raw material inputs:

		Procureme	ent method
Input	Share of total raw material costs (percent)	Primarily produced by your firm	Primarily purchased by your firm
Steel wire			
Other raw material inputs ¹			
Total (should sum to 100 percent)	0.0		
¹ If there are notable or significant raw material inputs included within the "other material inputs" category, please list those here and provide the share of the total raw material costs for which they account:			

III-9d. <u>Depreciation expense</u>.—Please report the amount of depreciation expense that is included within the reported financial results at question III-9a.

	Calendar years			January-June	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Depreciation expense (in \$1,000)					

III-9e.	<u>Depreciation expense classification</u> .—Please indicate the line item(s) within question III-9a (e.g., other factory costs, SG&A expenses, etc.) that include the depreciation expense reported above.

III-10a. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the overhead door springs financial results.—Please report all material (significant) nonrecurring items (charges and gains) that are included in the reported results at question III-9a. If a nonrecurring item that is not product-specific was allocated to the results at question III-9a, please report the allocated value, below, rather than the aggregate amount.

Note: The Commission's objective here is to gather information on <u>material (significant)</u> nonrecurring items which impacted the reported financial results for overhead door springs in question III-9a.

	Calendar years			January-June	
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
		,	Value (<i>in dollars</i>)		
Nonrecurring item 1					
Nonrecurring item 2					
Nonrecurring item 3					
Nonrecurring item 4					
Nonrecurring item 5					
Nonrecurring item 6					
Nonrecurring item 7					

III-10b. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the overhead door springs financial results.—In this table, please provide a brief description of each nonrecurring item reported above and indicate the specific line item within question III-9a in which the nonrecurring item is classified.

	Description of the nonrecurring item	Location (i.e., line item) within question III-9a
Nonrecurring item 1		
Nonrecurring item 2		
Nonrecurring item 3		
Nonrecurring item 4		
Nonrecurring item 5		
Nonrecurring item 6		
Nonrecurring item 7		

III-11.	Classification of identified nonrecurring items (charges and gains) in the accounting books and
	records of the company.—If non-recurring items were reported in question III-10 above, please
	identify where your company recorded these items in your accounting books and records in the
	normal course of business, just as responses to question III-10 identify the specific line items in
	question III-9a where these items are reported.

III-12a. <u>Asset values</u>.—Report the total assets (i.e., <u>both current and long-term assets</u>) associated with

the production, warehousing, and sale of overhead door springs. If your firm does not maintain

some or all of the specific asset information necessary to calculate total assets for overhead door springs in the normal course of business, please estimate this information based upon a method (such as production, sales, or costs) that is consistent with relevant cost allocations used in question III-9a.

Note: Total assets should reflect the <u>net amount of assets</u> (i.e., after any accumulated depreciation and allowances deducted) and should be <u>allocated to overhead door springs</u> if these assets are also related to other products.

Value (in dollars)			
	Calendar year ended		
Item	2021	2022	2023
Total assets (net)			

III-12b.	<u>Description of asset values</u> .—Please provide explanations for any substantial changes in total
	asset value during the period; e.g., due to write-offs, major purchases, and revaluations. Also
	describe the main asset categories (both current and long-term) included in the above response.

III-13a. <u>Capital expenditures and research and development ("R&D") expenses</u>.—Report your firm's capital expenditures and research and development expenses for overhead door springs.

Value (in dollars)						
	C	alendar years	January-June			
Item	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024	
Capital expenditures						
R&D expenses						

III-13b.	<u>Description of reported capital expenditures</u> .—Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's reported capital expenditures. If no capital expenditure data were reported, please explain the reason.				
III-13c.	<u>Description of reported R&D expenses</u> .—Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's reported R&D expenses.				

III-14a. <u>Data consistency and reconciliation</u>. — The quantities and values of total net sales reported in question III-9a should reconcile with the total shipments reported in question II-8 (including export shipments) for the annual-year periods as long as they are reported on the same calendar-year basis. The interim-period data should reconcile whether the financial data are on a calendar- or fiscal-year basis.

If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0") this indicates the total net sales quantities and values do not match the total shipments quantities and values.

	Calendar years			January-June	
Reconciliation	2021	2022	2023	2023	2024
Quantity: Trade data from question II-8 (lines D, F, H, and J) less financial total net sales quantity data from question III-9a, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0
Value: Trade data from question II-8 (lines E, G, I, and K) less financial total net sales value data from question III-9a, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0

Is the financial data in question III-9a reported on a calendar-year basis? Yes—Complete question III-14b. No— Complete question III-15							
III-14b. <u>Data consistency and reconciliation (calendar-year based financial data)</u> .—Do the data in question III-9a reconcile with the data in question II-8 (i.e., the calculated fields are returning zeros in the table above) <u>for all periods</u> ?							
	Yes	No	If no, please	explain.			

If your responses to any of the items in questions III-15, III-16, and III-17 differ by country, please describe these differences and, as applicable, indicate which country or countries your response refers to in the relevant form fields.

III-15. <u>Effects of imports on investment</u>.—Since January 1, 2021, has your firm experienced any actual negative effects on its return on investment or the scale of capital investments as a result of imports of overhead door springs from China and India?

	1	1				
No	Yes					
		If yes, my firm has experienced actual negative effects as follows:				
	(chec	k as many as appropriate)	(please describe)			
		Cancellation, postponement, or rejection of expansion projects				
		Denial or rejection of investment proposal				
		Reduction in the size of capital investments				
		Return on specific investments negatively impacted				
		Other				

III-16.	Effects of imports on growth and development. — Since January 1, 2021, has your firm
	experienced any actual negative effects on its growth, ability to raise capital, or existing
	development and production efforts (including efforts to develop a derivative or more advanced
	version of the product) as a result of imports of overhead door springs from China and India?

	•	, ,	1 5			
No	Yes					
		If yes, my firm has experier	f yes, my firm has experienced actual negative effects as follows:			
	(chec	k as many as appropriate)	(please describe)			
		Rejection of bank loans				
		Lowering of credit rating				
		Problem related to the issue of stocks or bonds				
		Ability to service debt				
		Other				

U.S. Pr	oducers' Qu	uestionnai	re – Overhead door springs (Preliminary)	Page 3
III-17.	<u>Anticipated effects of imports</u> .—Does your firm anticipate any negative effects due to imports of overhead door springs from China and India?			
	No	Yes	If yes, my firm anticipates negative effects as follows:	
III-18.	Effects on financial performance of COVID-19.—Has the COVID-19 pandemic, or any government actions taken to contain the spread of the COVID-19 virus, affected the financial performance of your firm's operations on overhead door springs as reported in question III-9a? In your response, please include the duration and timing of any impacts as they relate to your firm's financial performance.			
	No	Yes	If yes, please describe these effects.	
III-19.	III for whice	ch a narrat	.—If your firm would like to further explain a response to a questive box was not provided, please note the question number an pace provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any g the data in this section.	d the

PART IV.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Tana von Kessler (202-205-2389, tana.vonkessler@usitc.gov).

IV-1. <u>Contact information</u>.--Please identify the individual that Commission staff may contact regarding the confidential information submitted in Part IV.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

PRICE DATA

IV-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2021 of the following products produced by your firm.

Product 1.-- Residential garage door torsion spring with the following characteristics:

- a. Wire diameter 0.207" 0.234"
- b. Inner diameter 1.750" 2.625"
- c. Overall length 20" 40"
- d. Left wound or right wound
- e. Description stenciled on spring
- f. Aluminum castings/cones installed

Product 2.-- Residential garage door torsion spring with the following characteristics:

- a. Wire diameter 0.243" 0.262"
- b. Inner diameter 1.750" 2.625"
- c. Overall length 20" 40"
- d. Left wound or right wound
- e. Description stenciled on spring
- f. Aluminum castings/cones installed

Product 3.-- Commercial garage door torsion spring with the following characteristics:

- a. Wire diameter 0.273" 0.362"
- b. Inner diameter 2.500" 6.000"
- c. Overall length 35" 65"
- d. Left wound or right wound
- e. Description stenciled on spring
- f. Aluminum castings/cones installed

Product 4.-- Long length spring with the following characteristics:

- a. Wire diameter 0.192" 0.437"
- b. Inner diameter 1.750" 6.000"
- c. Overall length 96" 144"
- d. Left wound or right wound
- e. Description stenciled on spring
- f. Plain ends no aluminum castings/cones installed

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b., U.S. point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates). Do not report overhead door springs sold as part of a kit. The weight and value of the cone should be included in the data reported for products 1, 2, and 3.

IV-2a.	dataDuring January 2021-June 2024, did your firm produce and sell to unrelated U.S. mers any of the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these cts)?
	YesPlease complete the following pricing data table as appropriate.
	NoSkip to question IV-3.

IV-2b. Price data.--Report below the quarterly price data¹ for pricing products² produced and sold by your firm.

Report data in *pounds* (not 1,000 pounds) and *actual dollars* (not \$1,000s).

		(Qua	ntity <i>in pound</i>	<i>ls,</i> value <i>in</i>	dollars)			
Product 1 Product 2 Product 3				uct 3	Product 4			
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
2021:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2022:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2023:								
January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
2024:								
January-March								
April-June								
April-June ¹ Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmen								b. your

Product 4:

NoteIf your firm's product does not exactly meet the product specifications but is competitive with the specified product, provide a description
of your firm's product. Also, please explain any anomalies in your firm's reported pricing data.

or your min's product. Also, prease explain any anomalies in your min's reported prioring data.
Product 1:
Product 2:
Product 3:

² Pricing product definitions are provided on the first page of Part IV.

IV-2c. <u>Price data checklist.</u>--Please check that the pricing data in question IV-2b have been correctly reported.

Are the price data reported above:	√ if Yes		
In actual dollars (not \$1,000s) and actual pounds (not 1,000 pounds)?			
Valued f.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., exclude U.S. inland transportation costs)?			
Reported net of all discounts, rebates, and returns (deducted from the quarter in which the original sale occurred)?			
Reported for commercial U.S. shipments only (i.e., exclude internal consumption, transfers, and exports)?			
Less than or equal to the quantities and values reported in Part II for commercial U.S. shipments in each period?			
Excluded any overhead door springs sold as part of a kit or otherwise attached with out-of-scope merchandise (other than cones)?			
Explanation(s) for any boxes not checked:			
IV-2d. Pricing data methodologyPlease describe the method and the kinds of documents/r that were used to compile your price data.	records		

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

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IV-3.	Price settingHow does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of overhead
	door springs (check all that apply)?

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

IV-4. <u>Discount policy</u>.--Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

IV-5. **Pricing terms.**—On what basis are your firm's prices of domestic overhead door springs usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

IV-6. Contract versus spot.--Approximately what shares of your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced overhead door springs in 2023 were on the basis of (1) short-term contracts, (2) annual contracts, (3) long-term contracts, and (4) spot sales?

	Type of sale					
ltem	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum to 100.0%	d o
Share of 2023 sales	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

IV-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for U.S.-produced overhead door springs (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No		ries (multiple (m 12 deliveries for 12 fo months)	
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
3.1.5, 5.1 p.1.55	Both			
Indexed to raw	Yes			
material costs ¹	No			
Not applicab	le			
¹ Please identify the in	idexes used:			

IV-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What share of your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced overhead door springs was from inventory and produced to order, and what was the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced overhead door springs?

Source	Share of 2023 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
From inventory	%	
Produced to order	%	
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

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<u>ı</u> .

(a)	Who generally	arranges the transportation to your firm's customers'	locations?
	Your firm	Purchaser (check one)	

(b) Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of overhead door springs that are delivered the following distances from its production facility.

Distance from production facility	Share
Within 100 miles	%
101 to 1,000 miles	%
Over 1,000 miles	%
Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

IV-10. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>—In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold its U.S.-produced overhead door springs since January 1, 2021 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	√ if applicable
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.	
MidwestIL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.	
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.	
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.	
Mountains.–AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.	
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.	
Other .—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.	

IV-11.	. Inland transportation costs.—What is the approximate percentage of the contract of the contr	entage of the cost of U.S	produced
	overhead door springs that is accounted for by U.S. inland tra	ansportation costs?	percent

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IV-12. <u>End uses.--</u>List the end uses of the overhead door springs that your firm manufactures. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by overhead door springs and other inputs?

	Share of total cost		
End-use product	Overhead door springs Other inputs		Total (should sum to 100.0% across)
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %
	%	%	0.0 %

IV-13.	3. <u>Substitutes.</u> Can other products be substituted for overhead door springs?						
	☐ No	YesPlease fill out tl	ne tak	ole.			
		End use in which this	Have changes in the price of this substitution affected the price for overhead door spring				
	Substitute	substitute is used	No	Yes	Explanation		
1.							
2.							
3.							

IV-14. <u>Demand trends.--</u> Has demand within the United States and outside of the United States (if known) for overhead door springs steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2021? Explain any trends and describe the principal factors that have affected these changes in demand.

Select one box per row.

Market	Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	Explanation and factors
Within the United States						
Outside the United States						

U.S. Pr	oducers' Qu	estionnai	re – Over ł	nead door springs (Preliminary)	Page 48		
IV-15.	<u>Product changes.</u> Have there been any significant changes in the product range, product mix, or marketing of overhead door springs since January 1, 2021?						
	No	Yes	If yes, ple	ease describe and quantify if possible.			
IV-16.	Business cy			ead door springs market subject to business cycles, e s, describe.	ither during		
	No	Yes	If yes, ple	ease describe, including any changes since January 1	, 2021.		
IV-17.	competitio previous qu	n distinct uestion?	ive to ove If yes, deso		scribed in the		
	No	Yes	it yes, pie	ease describe, including any changes since January 1	., 2021.		
IV-18.	springs at a "controlled delivering I	any time s I order er ess than	since Janua ntry," decli the quanti	firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply over ary 1, 2021 (examples include placing customers on a ning to accept new customers or renew existing cust ty promised, being unable to meet timely shipment of tions listed in II-2a, etc.)?	allocation or comers,		
ı	Period	No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including the reason, timing duration of the constraint.	रु, and		
2021							
2022							
2023							
1		1	1	I .			

IV-19. Raw materi	als
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(a) Have overhead door springs raw material prices steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2021?

Select one box per row.

Factor	Steadily increase	Fluctuate up	No change	Fluctuate down	Steadily decrease	Explain, noting how raw material price changes have affected your firm's selling prices for overhead door springs.
Cost of raw materials						
(a) How have the material cost:			•	orted steel/	'aluminum _l	oroducts impacted raw
(b) How have the firm's sales p			•	orted steel/	aluminum Į	oroducts impacted your

IV-20. <u>Interchangeability</u>.—How often are overhead door springs produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	India	Other countries
United States			
China			
India			

For any country-pair producing overhead door springs that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude the interchangeable use of overhead door springs produced in the countries:

IV-21. **Factors other than price.**—How often are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between overhead door springs produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = such differences are *always* significant
- F = such differences are *frequently* significant
- S = such differences are *sometimes* significant
- N = such differences are *never* significant
- 0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	China	India	Other countries
United States			
China			
India			

For any country-pair for which factors other than price are *always* or *frequently* a significant factor in your firm's sales of overhead door springs, identify the country-pair and the relevant factors other than price, and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

IV-24. <u>Customer identification.</u>--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for overhead door springs since January 1, 2021. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments of overhead door springs that each of these customers accounted for in 2023.

Cu	stomer's name	Contact person	Email	Telephone	City	State	Share of 2023 sales (%)
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							

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IV-25.	Com	petition	from	imports	
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(a)	Lost revenue Since January 1, 2021: To avoid losing sales to competitors selling
	overhead door springs from China and India, did your firm:

Item	No	Yes
Reduce prices		
Roll back announced price increases		

(b) <u>Lost sales.</u>--Since January 1, 2021: Did your firm lose sales of overhead door springs to imports of this product from China and India?

No	Yes

(c) The submission of lost sales/lost revenue allegations is to be completed only by NON-PETITIONERS.

If your firm indicated "yes" to any of the above, your firm can provide the Commission with additional information by downloading and completing the lost sales/lost revenues worksheet at http://usitc.gov/trade_remedy/question.htm. Note that the Commission may contact the firms named to verify the allegations reported.

Is your firm submitting the lost sales/lost revenues worksheet?

	No—Please explain.
	Yes—Please complete the worksheet and submit via the Commission dropbox.
	https://dropbox.usitc.gov/oinv/. (select Lost Sales-Lost Revenues)

IV-26.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part
	IV for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and
	the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues
	your firm had in providing the data in this section.

HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at:

https://usitc.gov/reports/active import injury questionnaires.

Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission of further instructions.

• <u>Upload via Commission's secure submission portal</u>.— The questionnaire must be uploaded in two formats: (1) a Microsoft Word 97-2003 document; and (2) a PDF copy of the complete questionnaire with a signature on the first page. Please include any attachments at the end of the PDF (e.g., APO certification, additional comments, etc.).

Web address: https://usitc.gov/qportal Pin: DOOR Phase: Preliminary

• E-mail.— E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to <u>peter.stebbins@usitc.gov</u>; include a PDF copy of the complete questionnaire with a signature on the first page. Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure submission portal and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

If your firm does not produce this product, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned PDF copy via the Commission's secure submission portal or email.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.— If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1802). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.