#### **U.S. PRODUCERS' QUESTIONNAIRE**

# CORROSION-RESISTANT STEEL PRODUCTS FROM AUSTRALIA, BRAZIL, CANADA, MEXICO, NETHERLANDS, SOUTH AFRICA, TAIWAN, TURKEY, UNITED ARAB EMIRATES, AND VIETNAM

This questionnaire must be received by the Commission by <u>June 13, 2025</u>
See last page for instructions regarding how to file this questionnaire.

The information called for in this questionnaire is for use by the United States International Trade Commission in connection with its countervailing and antidumping duty investigations concerning corrosion-resistant steel products ("CORE") from Australia, Brazil, Canada, Mexico, Netherlands, South Africa, Taiwan, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, and Vietnam (Inv. Nos. 701-TA-733-736 and 731-TA-1702-1711 (Final)). The information requested in the questionnaire is requested under the authority of the Tariff Act of 1930, title VII. This report is mandatory and failure to reply as directed can result in a subpoena or other order to compel the submission of records or information in your firm's possession (19 U.S.C. § 1333(a)).

City			Stat	te	Zi	ip C	ode					
Website												
Has your fire	n produced CC	RE (as defined o	n next page)	in the Unit	ted St	tates	at any	time sii	nce Jan	uary 1,	2022?	
□ NO	(Sign the cer	ification below an	nd promptly ret	turn <b>only</b> th	nis pag	ge of	the que	stionnair	e to the	Comm	ission)	
☐ YES	(Complete a	parts of the ques	tionnaire, and	return the	entire	que	stionnai	e to the	Commi	ssion)		
-		the Commissi . (PIN: CORE;		-	-	_			_			
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#### PART I.--GENERAL INFORMATION

**Background.**—This proceeding was instituted in response to petitions filed on September 5, 2024, by Steel Dynamics, Inc., Fort Wayne, Indiana; Nucor Corporation, Charlotte, North Carolina; United States Steel Corporation, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Wheeling-Nippon Steel, Follansbee, West Virginia, and the United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union, AFL-CIO, CLC, Washington, D.C. Countervailing and antidumping duties may be assessed on the subject imports as a result of these proceedings if the Commission makes an affirmative determination of injury, threat, or material retardation, and if the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") makes an affirmative determination of subsidization and/or dumping. Pertinent information to this proceeding is available at:

- Questionnaires: https://usitc.gov/reports/active\_import\_injury\_questionnaires.
- Other case information: https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8223/investigation/8656.

**CORE.**—For purposes of this investigation, the products covered by the investigation are certain flatrolled steel products, either clad, plated, or coated with corrosion-resistant metals such as zinc, aluminum, or zinc-, aluminum-, nickel- or iron-based alloys, whether or not corrugated or painted, varnished, laminated, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances in addition to the metallic coating. The products covered include coils that have a width of 12.7 mm or greater, regardless of form of coil (e.g., in successively superimposed layers, spirally oscillating, etc.). The products covered also include products not in coils (e.g., in straight lengths) of a thickness less than 4.75 mm and a width that is 12.7 mm or greater and that measures at least 10 times the thickness. The products covered also include products not in coils (e.g., in straight lengths) of a thickness of 4.75 mm or more and a width exceeding 150 mm and measuring at least twice the thickness. The products described above may be rectangular, square, circular, or other shape and include products of either rectangular or non-rectangular cross-section where such cross-section is achieved subsequent to the rolling process, i.e., products which have been "worked after rolling" (e.g., products which have been beveled or rounded at the edges).

For purposes of the width and thickness requirements referenced above:

- (1) Where the nominal and actual measurements vary, a product is within the scope if application of either the nominal or actual measurement would place it within the scope based on the definitions set forth above, and
- (2) where the width and thickness vary for a specific product (e.g., the thickness of certain products with non-rectangular cross-section, the width of certain products with non-rectangular shape, etc.), the measurement at its greatest width or thickness applies.

Steel products included in the scope of the investigation are products in which: (1) iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; and (2) the carbon content is 2 percent or less, by weight.

Subject merchandise also includes corrosion-resistant steel that has been further processed in a third country, including but not limited to annealing, tempering, painting, varnishing, trimming, cutting, punching and/or slitting or any other processing that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the investigation if performed in the country of manufacture of the in-scope corrosion resistant steel.

All products that meet the written physical description are within the scope of the investigation unless specifically excluded. The following products are outside of and/or specifically excluded from the scope of the investigation:

- Flat-rolled steel products either plated or coated with tin, lead, chromium, chromium oxides, both tin and lead ("terne plate") or both chromium and chromium oxides ("tin free steel"), whether or not painted, varnished or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances in addition to the metallic coating;
- Clad products in straight lengths of 4.7625 mm or more in composite thickness and of a width which exceeds 150 mm and measures at least twice the thickness;
- Certain clad stainless flat-rolled products, which are three-layered corrosion-resistant carbon steel flat-rolled products less than 4.75 mm in composite thickness that consist of a carbon steel flat-rolled product clad on both sides with stainless steel in a 20%–60%–20% ratio; and

Also excluded from the scope of the antidumping duty investigation on corrosion resistant steel from Taiwan are any products covered by the existing antidumping duty order on corrosion-resistant steel from Taiwan. See *Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from India, Italy, the People's Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and Taiwan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Determination for India and Taiwan, and Antidumping Duty Orders, 81 FR 48390 (July 25, 2016); Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from Taiwan: Notice of Third Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value Pursuant to Court Decision and Partial Exclusion from Antidumping Duty Order, 88 FR 58245 (August 25, 2023).* 

Also excluded from the scope of the antidumping duty investigation on corrosion-resistant steel from the United Arab Emirates and the antidumping duty and countervailing duty investigations on corrosionresistant steel from the Socialist Republic of Vietnam are any products covered by the existing antidumping and countervailing duty orders on corrosion-resistant steel from the People's Republic of China and the Republic of Korea and the antidumping duty order on corrosion-resistant steel from Taiwan. See Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from India, Italy, the People's Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and Taiwan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Determination for India and Taiwan, and Antidumping Duty Orders, 81 FR 48390 (July 25, 2016); see also Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from India, Italy, Republic of Korea and the People's Republic of China: Countervailing Duty Order, 81 FR 48387 (July 25, 2016). This exclusion does not apply to imports of corrosion-resistant steel that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption in the United States for which the relevant importer and exporter certifications have been completed and maintained and all other applicable certification requirements have been met such that the entry is entered into the United States as not subject to the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on corrosion-resistant steel from the People's Republic of China, the antidumping and countervailing duty orders on corrosionresistant steel from the Republic of Korea, or the antidumping duty order on corrosion-resistant steel from Taiwan.

The products subject to the investigation are currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under item numbers: 7210.30.0030, 7210.30.0060, 7210.41.0000, 7210.49.0030, 7210.49.0040, 7210.49.0045, 7210.49.0091, 7210.49.0095, 7210.61.0000, 7210.69.0000, 7210.70.6030, 7210.70.6060, 7210.70.6090, 7210.90.6000, 7210.90.9000, 7212.20.0000, 7212.30.1030, 7212.30.1090, 7212.30.3000, 7212.30.5000, 7212.40.1000, 7212.40.5000, 7212.50.0000, 7212.60.0000, 7225.91.0000, 7225.92.0000, 7226.99.0110, and 7226.99.0130.

The products subject to the investigation may also enter under the following HTSUS item numbers: 7210.90.1000, 7215.90.1000, 7215.90.3000, 7215.90.5000, 7217.20.1500, 7217.30.1530, 7217.30.1560, 7217.90.1000, 7217.90.5030, 7217.90.5060, 7217.90.5090, 7225.99.0090, 7226.99.0180, 7228.60.6000, 7228.60.8000, and 7229.90.1000.

The HTSUS subheadings above are provided for convenience and customs purposes only. The written description of the scope of the investigation is dispositive.

<u>Automotive CORE Products</u>.—A subset of CORE products defined as corrosion-resistant steel sheet products for use in the manufacture of passenger automobiles, buses, trucks, ambulances or hearses or chassis therefor, or parts thereof, or accessories or parts thereof consisting of non-passivated hot-dipped galvanized and hot-dipped galvanneal steels with the following coating weight designations:

Automotive Steel Coating Weight Designations							
Hot Dipped Galvanized	Hot Dipped Galvanneal						
50G - 50G (50-70)T	30A - 30A						
40G - 40G (40-60)S	40A - 40A (40-60)T						
50GR - 50GR	40AR - 40AR						
55G - 55G	45(30)A - 45(30)A						
60G - 60G	45(45)A - 45(45)A						
60G(60-110)T	45(46)A - 45(46)A						
60GM - 60GM	45A - 45A						
60GR - 60GR	45AE - 45AE						
66(90)G - 66(90)G	45AU - 45AU						
70(70)G - 70(70)G	50(50)A - 50(50)A						
70G(70-120)T	55A - 55A						
70GR - 70GR	60(46)A - 60(46)A						
77G - 77G (100-140)S	60A(45-65)T						
90G - 90G							
90G(90-120)S							
90G - 90G (90-130)T							
90GR - 90GR							
98G - 98G							
98GR - 98GR							
99G - 99G (75-100)S							

#### <u>Automotive CORE Products.</u>—Continued

And aluminized steels produced to the following OEM specifications or their equivalents:

Aluminized Coatings						
Sales Unit	Specification (Order Specification)					
Auto-Daimler	MBN 11257					
Auto-FCA	AM1115 DUCTIBOR (R) 500					
	AM1115 DUCTIBOR 500P (R)					
	MS.50001					
	MS-11418 S					
Auto-Ford	A 463					
	WSS-M1A357					
	WSS-M1A358					
Auto-General Motors	For Conversion to GMW14400					
	GMW14400					
	GMW16066					
	GMW2					
Auto-Honda	AM0020					
	AM1329					
	AM1329 USIBOR (R) 1500 HONDA					
Auto-Mazda	MES MM 101M					
	SPCA20CBT					
Auto-Renault-Nissan	NES M2032					
	RNES-B-00010					
Auto-Rivian	RMS-1022					
	MBN 11257					
Auto-Subaru	SAC440HP					
	SAC500HP					
Auto-Tesla	TM-2014					
Auto-Toyota	TSG3107G					
	TSG3123G					
	TSG3122G					
Auto-Volkswagen	TL 4225					
Auto-Volvo	VCS 5730.3					

<u>Brass-coated CORE Products</u>.—A subset of CORE products defined as certain flat-rolled steel products, either clad, plated, or coated with <u>brass alloys</u>, whether or not corrugated or painted, varnished, laminated, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances in addition to the metallic coating.

<u>Taiwan, subject imports.</u>--U.S. imports of CORE from Taiwan that are not covered by the scope of the existing antidumping duty order on imports of CORE from Taiwan. Specifically, {a} CORE imports that were produced and exported by Yieh Phui Enterprise Co., Ltd. (Yieh Phui) and Synn Industrial Co., Ltd. (Synn) single entity (collectively, Yieh Phui/Synn) and {b} other imports, typically products with a higher alloy content than "micro-alloy" products, not covered by the scope of the existing antidumping duty order on imports of CORE from Taiwan.

<u>Taiwan, nonsubject imports.</u>--U.S. imports of CORE from Taiwan that are covered by the existing antidumping duty order on imports of CORE from Taiwan.

**Reporting of information**.—If information is not readily available from your records, provide carefully prepared estimates. If your firm is completing more than one questionnaire (i.e., a producer, importer, and/or purchaser questionnaire), you need not respond to duplicated questions.

<u>Confidentiality</u>.—The commercial and financial data furnished in response to this questionnaire that reveal the individual operations of your firm will be treated as confidential by the Commission to the extent that such data are not otherwise available to the public and will not be disclosed except as may be required by law (see 19 U.S.C. § 1677f). Such confidential information will not be published in a manner that will reveal the individual operations of your firm; however, general characterizations of numerical business proprietary information (such as discussion of trends) will be treated as confidential business information only at the request of the submitter for good cause shown.

<u>Verification</u>.—The information submitted in this questionnaire is subject to audit and verification by the Commission. To facilitate possible verification of data, please keep all files, worksheets, and supporting documents used in the preparation of the questionnaire response. Please also retain a copy of the final document that you submit.

**Release of information**.—The information provided by your firm in response to this questionnaire, as well as any other business proprietary information submitted by your firm to the Commission in connection with this proceeding, may become subject to, and released under, the administrative protective order provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. § 1677f) and section 207.7 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR § 207.7). This means that certain lawyers and other authorized individuals may temporarily be given access to the information for use in connection with this proceeding or other import-injury proceedings conducted by the Commission on the same or similar merchandise; those individuals would be subject to severe penalties if the information were divulged to unauthorized individuals.

<u>D-GRIDS tool.</u>—The Commission has a tool that firms can use to move data from their own MS Excel compilation files into self-contained data tables within this MS Word questionnaire, thereby reducing the amount of cell-by-cell data entry that would be required to complete this form. This tool is a macroenabled MS Excel file available for download from the Commission's generic questionnaires webpage (<a href="https://www.usitc.gov/trade\_remedy/question.htm">https://www.usitc.gov/trade\_remedy/question.htm</a>) called the "D-GRIDs tool." Use of this tool to help your firm complete this questionnaire is <u>optional</u>. Firms opting to use the D-GRIDs tool to populate their data into this questionnaire will need the D-GRIDs specification sheet PDF file specific to this proceeding (available on the case page which is linked under the "Background" above) which includes the necessary references relating to this questionnaire, as well as the macro-enable MS Excel D-GRIDs tool itself from the generic questionnaires page. More detailed instructions on how to use the D-GRIDs tool are available within the D-GRIDs tool itself.

I-1a. Reporting requirements.--Please report below the actual number of hours required and the cost to your firm of completing this questionnaire for use by the Office of Management and Budget.

Hours	Dollars

Public reporting burden for this questionnaire is estimated to average 55 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering data, and completing and reviewing the questionnaire.

We welcome comments regarding the accuracy of this burden estimate, suggestions for reducing the burden, and any suggestions for improving this questionnaire. Please provide such comments to the Office of Investigations, <a href="mailto:import injury@usitc.gov">import injury@usitc.gov</a>.

I-1b. <u>Type of production</u>.--Please identify which type of CORE production your firm conducts.

Produ	ction of	Description	Check all that apply
CORE		Production of certain flat-rolled steel products, either clad, plated, or coated with corrosion-resistant metals such as zinc, aluminum, or zinc-, aluminum-, nickel- or iron-based alloys, whether or not corrugated or painted, varnished, laminated, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances in addition to the metallic coating (as defined on page 2).	(Already checked on page 1)
CORE subset:	Automotive CORE products	Production of corrosion-resistant steel sheet products for use in the manufacture of passenger automobiles, buses, trucks, ambulances or hearses or chassis therefor, or parts thereof, or accessories or parts thereof (as defined on page 4).	
CORE subset: Brass-coated CORE products		Production of certain flat-rolled steel products, either clad, plated, or coated with <u>brass alloys</u> , whether or not corrugated or painted, varnished, laminated, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances in addition to the metallic coating (as defined on page 5).	
CORE subset: All other CORE		Production of CORE products other than automotive CORE products or brass-coated CORE products.	

#### Instructions. -

- (a) Firms should report their CORE operations, including production of automotive CORE products, brass-coated CORE products, and all other CORE products in Part I through Part VI.
- (b) Firms which produce automotive CORE products or brass-coated CORE products should also report them separately in Part VII.

The following schematic reflects how the Commission is asking firms to report their operations in this questionnaire.

	CORE				
Item	Automotive CORE products	Brass-coated CORE products	All other CORE Products		
Part I: General information	$\square$				
Part II: Trade and related information	$\square$				
Part III: Financial information	$\square$				
Part IV: Pricing and market factors	$\square$				
Part V: Sufficient production related activities	$\square$				
Part VI: Like product comparisons	$\square$				
Part VII: Like product operations	$\square$	Ø			

I-2a. <u>Establishments covered</u>.--Provide the city, state, zip code, and brief description of each establishment covered by this questionnaire. Firms operating more than one establishment should combine the data for all establishments into a single report.

"<u>Establishment</u>"--Each facility of a firm involved in the <u>production</u> of CORE, including auxiliary facilities operated in conjunction with (whether or not physically separate from) such facilities.

Establishments covered <sup>1</sup>	City, State	Zip (5 digit)	Description
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
<sup>1</sup> Additional discu	ssion on establishments co	nsolidated in this questic	onnaire:

I-2b.	Stock symbol informationIf your firm or parent firm is publicly traded, please specify the
	stock exchange and trading symbol:

I-2c.	<b>External counsel.</b> If your firm or parent firm is represented by external counsel in relation to
	this proceeding, please specify the name of the law firm and the lead attorney(s).

Law firm:	
Lead attorney(s):	

				DUSI	ness Proprie	etury			
U.S. Pro	oducers' Qu	uestionr	naire - CORE (I	inal)				Page	e 10
I-3.	Petitioner petitioning		•	a petiti	oner in this	proceed	ling or a membe	er firm of the	
	No		Yes						
I-4a.	Petition su	upport.	Does your fi	m sup	port or oppo	se the p	etition?		
Co	ountry	ı	nvestigation t	ype	Suppo	ort	Oppose	Take no posit	tion
ı	Brazil	C	ountervailing	duty					
С	anada	С	ountervailing	duty					
N	⁄lexico	С	ountervailing	duty					
Vi	ietnam	С	ountervailing	duty					
Αι	ustralia		Antidumping o	duty					
ı	Brazil		Antidumping o	duty					
С	anada		Antidumping o	duty					
N	/lexico		Antidumping o	duty					
Net	herlands		Antidumping o	duty					
Sou	th Africa		Antidumping o	duty					
Т	aiwan		Antidumping o	duty					
Т	urkey		Antidumping (	duty					
United A	Arab Emirat	tes ,	Antidumping (	duty					
Vi	ietnam	,	Antidumping (	duty					
I-4b.		ubset o	f CORE produ		•		•	ons differ based on ess-coated products	
	No	Yes	If yes, descri			ort of the	e petitions diffe	ers based on the typ	эе
I-5.	<u>Ownershi</u>	<u>p</u> Is yo	our firm owned	d, in wh	nole or in pa	rt, by an	y other firm?		
	☐ No		YesList the	follow	ving informa	tion, rel	ating to the ulti	mate parent/owner	r.
		Firm na	ıme		Co	ountry		Extent of ownersh	nip

Firm name	Country	Extent of ownership (percent)

"Related firm" — A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

Country	Affiliation
ollowing information.	
Country	Affiliation

#### PART II.--TRADE AND RELATED INFORMATION

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Alejandro Orozco (202-205-3177, <u>Alejandro.Orozco@usitc.gov</u>). **Supply all data requested on a <u>calendar-year</u> basis**.

II-1.	•	nationPlease identify the responsible aff may contact that individual regardin	individual and the manner by which ng the confidential information submitted
	Name		
	Title		
	Email		
	Telephone		

II-2. <u>Changes in operations.</u>—Please indicate whether your firm has experienced any of the following changes in relation to the production of CORE since January 1, 2022.

Check	as many as appropriate.	If checked, please describe the nature, timing / duration, and impact on operations of any such reported changes as well as the business reasons for them; leave completely blank if not applicable.
	Plant openings	
	Plant closings	
	Prolonged shutdowns	
	Production curtailments	
	Relocations	
	Expansions	
	Acquisitions	
	Consolidations	
	Weather-related or force majeure events	
	Other (e.g., revised labor agreements, technology)	

II-3a. Production using same machinery.--Please report your firm's production of products using the same equipment, machinery, or employees as used to produce CORE, and the combined capacity (both installed and practical capacity) on this shared equipment, machinery, or employees in the periods indicated.

"Installed overall capacity" – The level of production that your establishment(s) could have attained, assuming your firm's optimal product mix, and based solely on existing capital investments, i.e., machinery and equipment that is in place and ready to operate. This capacity measure does <u>not</u> take into account other constraints to production such as existing workforce constraints, availability of raw materials, or downtime for maintenance, repair, and clean-up.

"Practical overall capacity" – The level of production that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain, taking into account your firm's actual product mix over the period. This capacity measure is based on not only existing capital investments, i.e., machinery and equipment that is in place and ready to operate; but also non-capital investment constraints, such as (1) normal operating conditions, including normal downtime for maintenance, repair, and cleanup; (2) your firm's existing in place and readily available labor force; (3) availability of material inputs; and (4) any other constraints that may have limited your firm's ability to produce the reported products. Importantly, this capacity measure is the maximum "practical" production your firm could have achieved without hiring new personnel or expanding the number of shifts operated in the period.

"Practical CORE capacity" – The level of production of CORE that your establishment(s) could reasonably have expected to attain. The same assumptions apply to this capacity measure as for practical overall capacity, but only includes the portion of practical overall capacity allocated to the production of CORE based on the actual product mix experienced over the period.

"Production" – All production in your U.S. establishment(s), including production consumed internally within your firm and production for another firm under a toll agreement.

Takes into account	Installed overall capacity	Practical overall capacity	Practical CORE capacity
Existing capital investments	Yes	Yes	Yes
Product mix	Yes	Yes	Yes
Normal downtime, maintenance, repair and clean-up	No	Yes	Yes
Existing labor force	No	Yes	Yes
Availability of material inputs	No	Yes	Yes
Actual number of shifts and hours operated	No	Yes	Yes
Limited to CORE	No	No	Yes

#### II-3a. **Production using same machinery.**—**Continued**

Quantity (in short tons)						
		Calendar year		January	-March	
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
Capacity measures: Installed overall capacity <sup>1</sup>						
Practical overall capacity <sup>12</sup>						
Practical CORE capacity <sup>3 4</sup>	0	0	0	0	0	
Production of: CORE <sup>3 4</sup>	0	0	0	0	O	
Other products <sup>5</sup>						
Total production using same machinery or workers	0	0	0	0	0	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data reported for both "installed overall" and "practical overall" capacity should each individually be greater than data reported for total production (last line). Additionally, data reported for "installed overall" capacity should be greater than "practical overall" capacity in every period.

II-3b. **Operating parameters.--**The *practical* overall capacity reported in II-3a is based on the following operating parameters:

Hours per week	Weeks per year

II-3c.	<u>Capacity calculations</u> Please describe the methodology used to calculate <i>installed</i> and <i>practical</i> overall production capacities reported in II-3a, and explain any changes in reported capacities.				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Please provide details in your response to the question on capacity constraints in question II-3d below that explain the differences reported between "installed" overall capacity and "practical" overall capacity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Data for this indicator will populate here once reported below in question II-10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data reported for practical CORE capacity should be greater than the data reported for production of CORE in each period, if not revise prior to submission to the Commission. Additionally, if your firm reports the production of no other products on the same machinery and using the same workers as CORE then "practical overall" and "practical CORE" capacity measures should be equal to each other.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Please identify these products: \_\_\_\_\_.

II-3d. Practical overall capacity constraints.--Please describe the constraint(s) that set the limit(s) on your firm's practical overall capacity over the period reported in question II-3a. If different constraints were binding over different periods reported, different applications (e.g., automotive), or different coatings (e.g., brass), please specify when each constraint was limiting your reported practical overall capacity. If a constraint was not actually binding over the period reported, but was still a constraint to achieving the installed capacity level, indicate at what level it would have been binding.

traint k as many as appropriate)	<b>Description</b> (If checked, please describe the details, timing, and duration of the constraint; leave completely blank if not applicable)
Production bottlenecks	
Existing labor force	
Supply of hot-rolled steel	
Supply of cold-rolled steel	
Supply of other material inputs	
Fuel or energy	
Storage capacity	
Logistics/transportation	
Other constraints (list the specific constraints in the description field)	

		rerall capacityTo the extent that your company is reporting excess installed
of produc	tion) wo	ease report, with specificity: (1) which machines or equipment (or other elem uld need to be brought back into production for your plant to operate at full
capacity, plant to p		ne specific dates on which such machines or equipment were last used by you ORE.
	L. C. C.	
Product s		
(a) Is	your firn	an able to switch production (capacity) between CORE and other products using equipment and/or labor?
(a) Is	your firn	n able to switch production (capacity) between CORE and other products using equipment and/or labor?
(a) Is	your firn	n able to switch production (capacity) between CORE and other products using
(a) Is	your firn	n able to switch production (capacity) between CORE and other products using equipment and/or labor?  If yes—(i.e., have produced other products or are able to produce other
(a) Is	your firn	n able to switch production (capacity) between CORE and other products using equipment and/or labor?  If yes—(i.e., have produced other products or are able to produce other
(a) Is the No	your firm ne same e  Yes  Lease des	n able to switch production (capacity) between CORE and other products using equipment and/or labor?  If yes—(i.e., have produced other products or are able to produce other

U.S.	Producers'	Questionnaire	- CORF	(Final)

II-5.	Capacity checklistPlease check that the capacity numbers reported in question II-3a follow the
	Commission's relevant definitions for capacity.

Item	√ if Yes
Are all three capacity measures reported based on <u>currently installed</u> <u>machinery and equipment</u> (i.e., the reported capacity level would not require additional capital investments in order to achieve)?	
Are practical overall capacity and practical CORE capacity measures reported based on <u>existing labor force</u> (i.e., the reported capacity level would not require hiring additional production related workers or adding shifts)?	
Are practical overall capacity and practical CORE capacity measures based on the actual availability of material inputs?	
Do both practical overall capacity and practical CORE capacity measures account for <u>normal downtime, maintenance, repair and clean-up</u> activities?	
Does the difference between practical overall capacity and practical CORE capacity equal the portion of practical overall capacity that is dedicated to the production of out-of-scope products?	

Note: If your firm is not able to answer "yes" to any of the above criteria as it relates to your firm's reported capacity levels, please revise your capacity numbers to be in conformance with the appropriate definition prior to submission to the Commission.

II-6. <u>Hot-rolled steel production</u>.--Does your firm produce the hot-rolled steel used in your firm's production of CORE?

No	If yesReport the share of your firm's production of CORE in 2024 that used hot-rolled steel produced by your firm.

II-7. <u>Cold-rolled steel production</u>.--Does your firm produce the cold-rolled steel used in your firm's production of CORE?

No	Yes	If yesReport the share of your firm's production of CORE in 2024 that used cold-rolled steel produced by your firm.

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U.S. Pı	roducers'	Questionnai	re - CORE (Final)		Page 18			
II-8.		Since Janua ion of CORE	ary 1, 2022, has your firm been involved in a toll ?	agreement reg	garding the			
	raw mat	terials and tl	Agreement between two firms whereby the first he second firm ("toller") uses the raw materials first firm with a charge for processing costs, ove	to produce a pi				
	No	Yes						
			If yes—Please complete the table below.					
	Does ye	our firm act	as the toller or tollee in this arrangement?	Toller:	Tollee:			
		the share of ement in 202	f your firm's production of CORE that was includ 24.	ed in this toll	%			
	Please	describe the	activities performed in this tolling arrangement	::				
	Please	indicate the	name(s) of the firm(s) involved:					
II-9.	<u>Foreign</u>	trade zones	<u>)</u>					
		-	pperationsDoes your firm produce CORE in and le zone (FTZ)?	d/or admit COF	RE into a			
	"Foreign trade zone" is a designated location in the United States where firms utilize special procedures that allow delayed or reduced customs duty payments on foreign merchandise. A foreign trade zone must be designated as such pursuant to the rules an procedures set forth in the Foreign-Trade Zones Act.							
	No Yes If yesDescribe the nature of your firm's operations in FTZs and identify the specific FTZ site(s).							
		import COR	' FTZ operationsTo your knowledge, do any fin E into a foreign trade zone (FTZ) for use in distril of downstream articles?					
	No	Yes	If vesIdentify the firms and the FTZs.					

II-10. <u>Production, shipments, and inventory data.</u>--Report your firm's practical capacity, production, shipments, and inventories of domestically produced CORE during the specified periods.

"Production" – All production in your U.S. establishment(s), including production consumed internally within your firm and production for another firm under a toll agreement.

"Commercial U.S. shipments" – Shipments made within the United States as a result of an arm's length commercial transaction in the ordinary course of business. Report <u>net values</u> (i.e., gross sales values less all discounts, allowances, rebates, prepaid freight, and the value of returned goods) in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment.

"Internal consumption" – Product consumed internally by your firm. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Transfers to related firms" – Shipments made to related firms. Such transactions are valued at fair market value.

"Related firm" – A firm that your firm solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled; a firm that solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm; and/or a firm that was solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled by a firm that also solely or jointly owned, managed, or otherwise controlled your firm.

"Export shipments" – Shipments to destinations outside the United States, including shipments to related firms.

"Inventories" — Finished goods inventory, not raw materials or work-in-progress.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the trade data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the trade data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as production and sales schedules, inventory records, etc.) used to compile these data.

#### II-10. Production, shipment, and inventory data.--Continued

	Calendar year			January-March	
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Practical CORE capacity¹ (Quantity) (A)					
Beginning-of-period inventories (Quantity) (B)					
Production of CORE (Quantity) (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: Quantity (D)					
Value (E)					
Internal consumption: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (F)					
Value² (G)					
Transfers to related firms: <sup>2</sup> Quantity (H)					
Value² (I)					
Export shipments: <sup>3</sup> Quantity (J)					
Value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (Quantity) (L)					
Report your firm's practical CORE capacity 3a.     Internal consumption and transfers to relaidifferent basis for valuing these transactions in	ted firms mus	t be valued at	fair market valu	ue. If your firm	uses a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Internal consumption and transfers to related firms must be valued at fair market value. If your firm uses a different basis for valuing these transactions in your records, please specify that basis (e.g., cost, cost plus, *etc.*):

\_\_\_\_\_\_. However, the data provided above in this table should be based on fair market value.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, PRODUCTION, AND INVENTORY</u>. Generally, the data reported for the endof-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line B), plus production (i.e., line C), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather reflect your firm's actual records; and also provide explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
B + C - D - F - H - J - L = should equal zero ("0") or provide an					
explanation	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Identify your firm's principal export markets: \_\_\_\_\_\_

II-11. <u>Channels of distribution</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S.-produced CORE by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

Quantity (in short tons)						
		Calendar year		January-March		
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
U.S. shipments:  to Steel service centers and distributors (M)						
to End users (N)						

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>. Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., line D, F, H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar year	January-March		
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
M + N – D - F- H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

II-12. <u>U.S. shipments by product type.</u>--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S.-produced CORE by product type in 2024.

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)					
Item	Calendar year 2024				
U.S. shipments of in-scope CORE product types— Hot-dip galvanized and galvanneal:  Quantity (O)					
Value (P)					
55% Al-Zn alloy coated (e.g., Galvalume):  Quantity (Q)					
Value (R)					
Electrogalvanized:  Quantity (S)					
Value (T)					
Copper-plated:  Quantity (U)					
Value (V)					
Nickel-plated:  Quantity (W)					
Value (X)					
Other: <sup>1</sup> Quantity (Y)					
Value (Z)					
<sup>1</sup> Identify other product types:					

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type (i.e., lines O through Z) in 2024 equals the quantities and values reported for U.S shipments in question II-10 (i.e., lines D through I) in that year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation item	Calendar year 2024
Quantity: O +Q +S +U +W + Y - D - F - H should equal zero ("0"), revise if not.	0
Value: P + R + T + V +X + Z – E – G – I should equal zero	
("0"), revise if not.	0

II-13. <u>U.S. shipments by product type</u>.--Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of your firm's U.S.-produced CORE that was further processed by product type during the specified periods.

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)					
	(	Calendar year		January-March	
ltem	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
U.S. shipments  Multipanels:  Quantity (AA)					
Value (AB)					
<u>Tableros:</u> <i>Quantity</i> (AC)					
Value (AD)					
<u>Strapping:</u> Quantity (AE)					
Value (AF)					
All other products: <sup>1</sup> Quantity (D + F + H – AA – AC – AE)	0	0	0	0	0
Value (E + G + I – AB – AD - AF)	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Note the quantities and value reported here should not result in negative numbers. Please ensure that any further processed in-scope CORE products your firm produces that are specifically listed above are a subset of the overall data reported on CORE in question II-10.

II-14. <u>U.S. shipments by product type and quarter</u>.—Indicate the months in which your firm shipped each of the following in-scope CORE product types by quarter since January 1, 2022.

	Check all that apply						
	Automotive CORF	Automotive CORE Brass-coated All other CORE					
Period of shipment	products	CORE products	products				
2022:	production	μ.σ	<b>P</b>				
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2023:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2024:							
January-March							
April-June							
July-September							
October-December							
2025:							
January-March							

Explanation of trends:

II-15. **Employment data**.--Report your firm's employment-related data related to the production of CORE in your U.S. establishments and provide an explanation for any trends in these data.

"Production and Related Workers" (PRWs) includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above production operations.

Average number employed may be computed by adding the number of employees, both full time and part time, for the 12 pay periods ending closest to the 15th of the month and divide that total by 12. For the January to March periods, calculate similarly and divide by 3.

"Hours worked" includes time paid for sick leave, holidays, and vacation time. Include overtime hours actually worked; do not convert overtime pay to its equivalent in straight time hours.

"Wages paid" – Total wages paid before deductions of any kind (e.g., withholding taxes, old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, union dues, bonds, etc.). Include wages paid directly by your firm for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave.

		Calendar year		January-March	
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Average number of PRWs (number)					
Hours worked by PRWs (1,000 hours)					
Wages paid to PRWs (\$1,000)					

I-16.	<u>Transfers to related firms</u> If your firm reported transfers to related firms in question II-8, please identify the firm(s) and indicate the nature of the relationship between your firm and the related firms (e.g., joint venture, wholly owned subsidiary), whether the transfers were priced at market value or by a non-market formula, whether your firm retained marketing rights to all transfers, and whether the related firms also processed inputs from sources other than your firm.

II-17. <u>Purchases</u>.--Has your firm purchased CORE produced in the United States or in other countries since January 1, 2022? (Do not include imports for which your firm was the importer of record. These should be reported in an importer questionnaire.)

"Purchase" – A transaction to buy product from a U.S. corporate entity such as another U.S. producer, a U.S. distributor, or a U.S. firm that has directly imported the product.

"Import" —A transaction to buy from a foreign supplier where your firm is the importer of record.

No	If yesReport such purchases in the table below and explain the reasons for your firms' purchases.

*Note*: If your firm served as the importer of record for any purchases from foreign suppliers, either for your own account or as a service for another entity, those purchases are to be considered "imports" not "purchases" and **should not** be included in the table below

	(Quantity in	short tons)				
	Ca	alendar year		January-March		
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
Purchases from U.S. importers of						
CORE from—						
Australia						
Brazil						
Canada						
Mexico						
Netherlands						
South Africa						
Taiwan, subject						
Turkey, all other than Borcelik						
United Arab Emirates						
Vietnam						
Subtotal, subject sources	0	0	0	0	C	
Taiwan, nonsubject¹						
Turkey, Borcelik²						
All other sources <sup>3</sup>						
Purchases from domestic producer <sup>4</sup>						
Purchases from other sources <sup>5</sup>						
Purchases from all sources	0	0	0	0	C	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Please list the name of all other nonsubject importer(s) from which your firm purchased CORE: \_\_\_\_\_.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Please list the name of the U.S. producer(s) from which your firm purchased CORE: \_\_\_\_\_.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Please list the name of the firm(s) from which your firm purchased CORE: \_\_\_\_\_.

II-18. <u>Purchases of imports from subject sources</u>.--If your firm reported purchases from U.S. importers of CORE from subject countries at any time since January 1, 2022, report those purchases by the individual importer of record and subject source.

# **Purchases of subject imports**

	Qu	antity (in sh	ort tons)			
		(	Calendar year		January-March	
Importer of record	Subject source	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Grand total:		0	0	0	0	0
ษาสาน เบเสา:		U	l 0	l 0	l 0	0

<u>RECONCILIATION OF PURCHASES FROM SUBJECT SOURCES.</u>—Please ensure that the quantities reported for your firms purchases of imports from subject sources reported in this question (i.e., "total purchases of imports from subject sources") in each time period equal the quantity reported for your firm's purchases from subject sources in each time period in the previous question. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

	C	alendar year	January-March		
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Purchases from subject sources in this					
table – purchases from subject sources in					
previous table = zero ("0"), if not revise.	0	0	0	0	0

						_
II-19	ImportsSince	lanuary 1	2022	has your firm	imnorted	CORF?

"Importer" – The person or firm primarily liable for the payment of any duties on the merchandise, or an authorized agent acting on his behalf.

No	Yes	
		If yesCOMPLETE AND RETURN A U.S. IMPORTERS' QUESTIONNAIRE

Note: Commission questionnaires can be found on the case webpage under "other documents": https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8223/investigation/8656.

II-20. Processing of purchased or imported CORE in the United States.—Since January 1, 2022, has your firm purchased or imported CORE from another entity (i.e., not CORE that your firm produced itself) and further processed those products in the United States into a form and format that still matches the definition of CORE (as defined on page 2) for commercial sale? Such downstream, derivative CORE products include: (a) multipanels; (b) coiled steel strapping that exceeds a width of 12.7 mm; (c) corrugated steel and fabricated CORE "Tableros," which are similar to corrugated steel products, and (d) certain flat-rolled "accessories," which are flat-rolled products used to joined corrugated steel that are not drawn or extruded.

No	Yes	
		If yesCOMPLETE AND RETURN A U.S. PROCESSORS' QUESTIONNAIRE

Note: If your firm processes its own mill produced CORE into these derivative CORE products that are still within the scope do not report on those operations in the U.S. processors' questionnaire, rather those operations should be include with your overall CORE mill operations included in this U.S. producers' questionnaire responses. The U.S. processors' questionnaire is only relevant for independent processing operations, where your firm purchased and/or imported an already in-scope CORE product (i.e., did not produce it domestically itself) and then further processes that CORE into derivative CORE products that are still within the scope of these investigations.

Note: Commission questionnaires can be found on the case webpage under "other documents": <a href="https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8223/investigation/8656">https://ids.usitc.gov/case/8223/investigation/8656</a>.

II-21.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part I
	for which a narrative box was not provided, please note the question number and the
	explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your
	firm had in providing the data in this section.

#### PART III.--FINANCIAL INFORMATION

III-2.

B.3.

Address questions on this	part of the question	nnaire to Emily Kim	(202-205-1800)	.emilv.kim@usitc.go	ov).

III-1.	<u>Contact information.</u> —Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part III.				
	Name				
	Title				
	Fmail				

Teleph	
Accour	g system.—Briefly describe your firm's financial accounting system.
A.1.	nen does your firm's fiscal year end (month and day)? your firm's fiscal year changed since January 1, 2022, explain below:
A.2.	te: Calendar-year data are required for the annual-year financial data in this section e., in questions III-9a, III-9d, III-12a, and III-13a). However, if providing this data on a endar-year basis is unduly burdensome or provides results that are not reliable, cal-year based data are acceptable. Please indicate whether the results in this section e provided on a calendar-year basis (including firms with a calendar-year based fiscal ar) or on a fiscal-year basis that does not align with the calendar year.
	Calendar-year basis
B.1.	scribe the lowest level of operations (e.g., plant, division, company-wide) for which ancial statements are prepared that include CORE:
B.2.	es your firm prepare profit/loss statements for CORE:  Yes

			Frequ	iency	
Financial statements	Check all	Monthly	Quarterly	Semi- annually	Annually
rinanciai statements	that apply	Wionthly	Quarterly	annuany	Annually
Audited					
Unaudited					
Annual reports					
SEC Forms 10-K / 10-Q					
SEC Form 20-F					
Other (specify):					

Please indicate the type and frequency (if applicable) of financial statements prepared

by your firm. Please check relevant items below.

## III-2. <u>Accounting system</u>.—Continued

B.4. Please indicate the primary accounting basis used by your firm.

Accounting basis	Check one
U.S. GAAP	
IFRS	
Tax – cash	
Tax – accrual	
Other (specify):	

III-3.	Cost accounting system. —Briefly describe your firm's cost accounting system (e.g., standard
	cost, job order cost, etc.).

III-4. **Product listing.**—Please list the products your firm produces in the facilities in which it produces CORE and provide the share of net sales accounted for by these products in 2024.

Products	Share of sales in 2024
Automotive CORE	%
Brass-coated CORE	%
All other CORE	%
Tin-mill products	%
Hot-rolled and cold rolled steel	%
	%

III-5.	or any ser	vices) use ns betwe	I suppliers.—Does your firm purchase inputs and in the production of CORE from any related en related firms, divisions and/or other comp	suppliers (e.g., inclusive of
	YesC	ontinue to	o question III-6. NoContinue to que	stion III-8.
III-6.	your firm	purchases	I suppliers.—Please identify the inputs used in strom related suppliers and that are reflected se report this information by relevant input for	in question III-9a. For "Share
				Share of total
	Input		Related supplier	COGS in 2024 %
				%
				%
				%
	the narrat	.ive box.	Purchase cost valuation method	Check all that apply
	Related	supplier's		
	Cost plus			
	Negotiat			
	Other (s	pecify):		
	If the me	thods use	ed differ by input, please describe:	
III-7b.	purchased	from rel	used for inputs from related suppliers.—Plea ated suppliers, as identified in III-6, were repo ner consistent with the firm's accounting book	rted in III-9a (financial results
			If No—Provide an explanation and the valua	tion bosis wood for those incuts
	Yes	No	in question III-9a.	tion basis used for these inputs
	Yes	No	·	ition basis used for these inputs

III-8. Cost assignment/allocation basis.—Briefly describe the assignment/allocation bases used by your firm to assign the costs and expenses listed below for CORE in the normal course of business and in the financial results reported in question III-9a (e.g., actual costs, standard costs, percentage of COGS, percentage of sales, etc.).

	Assignment/allocation bases used for CORE—				
Cost/expense	In the normal course of business	In the financial results at III-9a			
Raw materials					
Direct labor					
Other factory costs					
SG&A expenses					
Interest expense					
Other income/expenses					

III-9a. <u>Operations on CORE</u>.— Report the revenue and related cost information requested below on the CORE operations of your firm's U.S. establishment(s). Include only sales (whether domestic or exports) and costs related to your U.S. manufacturing operations. <u>Do not</u> report any revenue or cost data related to the resale of purchased product.

**Net sales**—Report all commercial sales, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms, whether these are domestic sales or exports. Report net sales values less discounts, returns, allowances, and prepaid freight, in U.S. dollars, f.o.b. your point of shipment. The freight costs associated with delivering the product to your customer should not be included.

Note: If the financial data are reported on a calendar-year basis, the total net sales quantities and values should match the total shipment quantities and values reported in Part II of this questionnaire (see question III-14a for a reconciliation grid).

**Internal consumption**—Product consumed internally by your firm. Report internal consumption at fair market value even if this is not how these transactions are valued in your own books and records. This would commonly be estimated based on the company's commercial sales of similar product or market knowledge.

**Transfers to related firms**—Sales made to related firms. Report transfers to related firms at fair market value even if this is not how these transactions are valued in your own books and records. This would commonly be estimated based on the company's commercial sales of similar product or market knowledge.

**Costs and expenses**—Include costs and expenses associated with all reported net sales (i.e., for both domestic and export commercial sales, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms). If any freight costs were removed from net sales values, ensure the associated costs are removed from the applicable cost/expense line.

*Inputs from related suppliers*—Any inputs purchased from related suppliers should be reported in a manner consistent with your firm's accounting books and records.

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the financial data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the financial data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (financial statements, including internal profit-and-loss statements for the division or product group that includes CORE, as well as specific statements and worksheets) used to compile these data.

# III-9a. **Operations on CORE.**—*Continued*

Quantit	Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)				
	Year January-Mar			March	
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Net sales quantities:					
Commercial sales					
Internal consumption					
Transfers to related firms					
Total net sales quantities	0	0	0	0	0
Net sales values: Commercial sales					
Internal consumption					
Transfers to related firms					
Total net sales values	0	0	0	0	0
Cost of goods sold (COGS): Raw materials					
Direct labor					
Other factory costs					
Total COGS	0	0	0	0	0
Gross profit or (loss)	0	0	0	0	0
SG&A expenses					
Operating income (loss)	0	0	0	0	0
Other expenses and income:					
Interest expense					
All other expense items					
All other income items					
Net income or (loss) before					
income taxes	0	0	0	0	0

III-9b.	<u>Financial data reconciliation</u> Certain line items from question III-9a including total net sales
	quantities and values, total COGS, gross profit (or loss), operating profit (or loss), and net
	income (or loss), have been calculated based on the data submitted for other line items. Are the
	data in these calculated line items correct according to your firm's financial records ignoring
	non-material differences that may arise due to rounding?

		If NoIf the calculated line items do not show the correct data, please double check the feeder data for data entry errors and revise.
		Also, check signs accorded to the post operating income line items. The two expense line items should report positive numbers (i.e., expenses are positive, and incomes or reversals are negative in these lines – instances of the latter should be rare in these lines). The income line item should also, in most instances, be a positive number (i.e., income is positive, and expenses or reversals are negative in this line).
Yes	No	If, after reviewing and potentially revising the feeder data your firm has provided, the differences between your records and the calculated line items persist, please identify and discuss the differences in the space below.

U.S. Producers	Questionnaire -	<b>CORE (Final)</b>
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III-9c. Raw materials.—Please report the share of total raw material costs for CORE in 2024 (reported in III-9a) for the following raw material inputs:

		Procurement method		
Input	Share of total raw material costs (percent)	Primarily produced by your firm	Primarily purchased by your firm	
Cold-rolled sheet				
Hot-rolled sheet or band				
Coating materials (e.g., zinc, aluminum)				
Other raw material inputs <sup>1</sup>				
Total (should sum to 100 percent)	0.0			
<sup>1</sup> If there are notable or significant raw material inputs included within the "other material inputs" category, please list those here and provide the share of the total raw material costs for which they account:				

III-9d. <u>Depreciation expense</u>.—Please report the amount of depreciation expense that is included within the reported financial results at question III-9a.

	Years		January-March		
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Depreciation expense (in \$1,000)					

III-9e.	<u>Depreciation expense classification</u> .—Please indicate the line item(s) within question III-9a (e.g., other factory costs, SG&A expenses, etc.) that include the depreciation expense reported above.

III-10a. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the CORE financial results.—Please report all material (significant) nonrecurring items (charges and gains) that are included in the reported results for CORE at question III-9a. If a nonrecurring item that is not product-specific was allocated to the results at question III-9a, please report the allocated value, below, rather than the aggregate amount.

Note: The Commission's objective here is to gather information on <u>material (significant)</u> nonrecurring items which impacted the reported financial results for CORE in question III-9a.

		Year	January-March		
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
			Value ( <i>\$1,000</i> )		
Nonrecurring item 1					
Nonrecurring item 2					
Nonrecurring item 3					
Nonrecurring item 4					
Nonrecurring item 5					
Nonrecurring item 6					
Nonrecurring item 7					

III-10b. Nonrecurring items (charges and gains) included in the CORE financial results.—In this table, please provide a brief description of each nonrecurring item reported above and indicate the specific line item within question III-9a in which the nonrecurring item is classified.

	Description of the nonrecurring item	Location (i.e., line item) within question III-9a
Nonrecurring item 1		
Nonrecurring item 2		
Nonrecurring item 3		
Nonrecurring item 4		
Nonrecurring item 5		
Nonrecurring item 6		
Nonrecurring item 7		

III-10c.	Classification of identified nonrecurring items (charges and gains) in the accounting books and
	records of the company.—If non-recurring items were reported in question III-10a and 10b
	above, please identify where your company recorded these items in your accounting books and
	records in the normal course of business, just as responses to question III-10b identify the
	specific line items in question III-9a where these items are reported.

III-12a. <u>Asset values</u>.—Report the total assets (i.e., <u>both current and long-term assets</u>) associated with the production, warehousing, and sale of CORE.

"Current assets" include cash, cash equivalents, accounts receivable, stock inventory, marketable securities, pre-paid liabilities, and other liquid assets.

"Long-term assets" include property, plant, and equipment ("PPE"), long-term investments, trademarks, client lists, patents, goodwill, and other long-term assets.

If your firm does not maintain some or all of the specific asset information necessary to calculate total assets for CORE in the normal course of business, please estimate this information based upon a method (such as production, sales, or costs) that is consistent with relevant cost allocations used in question III-9a.

**Note:** Total assets should reflect the <u>net amount of assets</u> (i.e., after any accumulated depreciation and allowances deducted) and should be <u>allocated to CORE</u> if these assets are also related to other products.

	Value ( <i>in \$1</i> ,	.000)	
Year			
Item	2022	2023	2024
Current assets			
Long-term assets			
Total assets (net)	0	0	0

<u>Description of asset values</u> .—Please provide explanations for any substantial changes in total
asset value during the period; e.g., due to write-offs, major purchases, and revaluations. Also
describe the main asset categories (both current and long-term) included in the above response.

III-13a. <u>Capital expenditures and research and development ("R&D") expenses</u>.—Report your firm's capital expenditures and research and development expenses for CORE.

Value ( <i>in \$1,000</i> )					
	Year January-March			y-March	
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Capital expenditures					
R&D expenses					

III-13b.	<u>Description of reported capital expenditures</u> .—Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's reported capital expenditures. If no capital expenditure data were reported, please explain the reason.
III-13c.	<u>Description of reported R&amp;D expenses</u> .—Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's reported R&D expenses.

III-14a. <u>Data consistency and reconciliation</u>.—The quantities and values of total net sales reported in question III-9a should reconcile with the total shipments reported in question II-10 (including export shipments) for the annual-year periods as long as they are reported on the same calendar-year basis. The interim-period data should reconcile whether the financial data are on a calendar- or fiscal-year basis.

If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0") this indicates the total net sales quantities and values do not match the total shipments quantities and values.

	Year			January-March		
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
Quantity: Trade data from question II-10 (lines H, J, L, and N) less financial total net sales quantity data from question III-9a, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0	
Value: Trade data from question II- 10 (lines I, K, M, and O) less financial total net sales value data from question III-9a, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0	

3a, 2cio ( 0	,.	U	U	Ü	Ŭ	
Is the financial data in question III-9a reported on a calendar-year basis?						
Yes—Com	nplete question	n III-14b.	☐ No— Com	nplete question	III-14c.	
question III-9a	-	n the data in q	-	d financial data e., the calculate	<del></del>	
Yes	No	If no, please	explain.			
question III-9a	-	n the data in q	-	based financial e., the calculate		
Yes	No	If no, please	explain.			

Other

If your responses to any of the items in questions III-15, III-16, and III-17 differ by country, please describe these differences and, as applicable, indicate which country or countries your response refers to in the relevant form fields.

III-15. <u>Effects of imports on investment</u>.—Since January 1, 2022, has your firm experienced any actual negative effects on its return on investment or the scale of capital investments as a result of imports of CORE from subject countries?

No	Yes					
		If yes, my firm has experienced actual negative effects as follows:				
	(checi	k as many as appropriate)	(please describe)			
		Cancellation, postponement, or rejection of expansion projects				
		Denial or rejection of investment proposal				
		Reduction in the size of capital investments				
		Return on specific investments negatively impacted				

III-16.	Effects of imports on growth and development.—Since January 1, 2022, has your firm
	experienced any actual negative effects on its growth, ability to raise capital, or existing
	development and production efforts (including efforts to develop a derivative or more advanced
	version of the product) as a result of imports of CORE from subject countries?

No	Yes					
		If yes, my firm has experienced actual negative effects as follows:				
	(check	as many as appropriate)	(please describe)			
		Rejection of bank loans				
		Lowering of credit rating				
•		Problem related to the issue of stocks or bonds				
		Ability to service debt				
		Other				

nal)
nal)

III-17.	Anticipated effects of imports. — Does your firm anticipate any negative effects due to import
	of CORE from subject countries?

No	Yes	If yes, my firm anticipates negative effects as follows:

III-18.	Other explanations.—If your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part III for which a narrative box was not provided, please note the question number and the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues your firm had in providing the data in this section.

#### PART IV.--PRICING AND MARKET FACTORS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Tana von Kessler (202-205-2389, <a href="mailto:tana.vonkessler@usitc.gov">tana.vonkessler@usitc.gov</a>).

IV-1. <u>Contact information</u>.--Please identify the individual that Commission staff may contact regarding the confidential information submitted in Part IV.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

#### **PRICE DATA**

- IV-2. This question requests quarterly quantity and value data for your firm's commercial shipments to unrelated U.S. customers since January 1, 2022 of the following products produced by your firm.
  - Product 1.--Hot-dipped 55 percent aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet (e.g., Galvalume), bare, structural steel quality, AZ50 to AZ55 coating, 24 inches to 60 inches in width, 0.014 inches to 0.018 inches in thickness, sold by spot sales and short-term contracts (i.e. not sold by annual or long-term contract)
  - **Product 2.**--Hot-dipped 55 percent aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet (e.g., Galvalume), bare, structural steel quality, AZ50 to AZ55 coating, 24 inches to 60 inches in width, 0.014 inches to 0.018 inches in thickness, sold by annual or long-term contract
  - **Product 3.**--Hot-dipped galvanized steel sheet, unpainted, structural steel quality, G-60 to G-90 coating weight, 24 inches to 60 inches in width, 0.024 inches to 0.06 inches in thickness, sold by spot sales and short-term contracts (i.e. not sold by annual or long-term contract)
  - **Product 4.**--Hot-dipped galvanized steel sheet, unpainted, structural steel quality, G-60 to G-90 coating weight, 24 inches to 60 inches in width, 0.024 inches to 0.06 inches in thickness, <u>sold by annual or long-term contract</u>
  - **Product 5.**-- Hot Dipped Galvanized Steel Sheet, thickness 0.024" to 0.039", width 24" to 60", 40G/40G to 60G/60G Coating Weight, Grades: DDS, EDDS and BH steels, sold by annual or long-term contract)
  - **Product 6.**-- Galvanneal Steel Sheet, thickness >0.089", width 24" to 60", Coating Weight 40A/40A to 60A/60A, Grades: CS/DS/SS with specified Minimum Tensile Strength of 270MPa to 440Mpa, sold by annual or long-term contract
  - **Product 7.**-- Galvanneal Steel Sheet, thickness 0.038" to 0.090", width 24" to 60", Coating Weights: 40A/40A to 60A/60A, Structural Steel Grades with Yield Strength from 35ksi to 65ksi, sold by annual or long-term contract)
  - **Product 8.**-- Brass Coated Steel, coated with C260 Cartridge Brass, Copper (Cu): ~68.5–71.5%; Zinc (Zn): Remainder (~28.5–31.5%)

Please note that values should be <u>f.o.b.</u>, <u>U.S. point of shipment</u> and should not include U.S.-inland transportation costs. Values should reflect the *final net* amount paid to your firm (i.e., should be net of all deductions for discounts or rebates).

		January 2022-March 2025, did your firm produce and sell to unrelated U.S. customers the above listed products (or any products that were competitive with these products)?
		YesPlease complete the following pricing data tables as appropriate.
NoSkip to question IV-3.		NoSkip to question IV-3.

Product 3: Product 4:

IV-2b. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> produced and sold by your firm.

Report data in *short tons* and *actual dollars* (not \$1,000s).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Produ	uct 1	Produ	ıct 2	Product 3		Produc	
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
<b>2022:</b> January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2023:</b> January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2024:</b> January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2025:</b> January-March								
<sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmer <sup>2</sup> Pricing product defin	nt. Please subtra itions are provic	ct any discou led on the firs	nts, rebates, and st page of Part IV	returns from	the quarter in v	vhich the sale	occurred.	
<b>Note</b> -If your firm's product of your firm's product. Also						ne specified p	product, provide	a descriptio
Product 1:								
Product 2:								

Product 7: Product 8:

IV-2b. <u>Price data</u>.--Report below the quarterly price data<sup>1</sup> for pricing products<sup>2</sup> produced and sold by your firm.

Report data in *short tons* and *actual dollars* (not \$1,000s).

(Quantity in short tons, value in dollars)								
	Produ	uct 5	Produ	ıct 6	Prod	Product 7		ıct 8
Period of shipment	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
<b>2022:</b> January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2023:</b> January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2024:</b> January-March								
April-June								
July-September								
October-December								
<b>2025:</b> January-March								
<sup>1</sup> Net values (i.e., gross firm's U.S. point of shipmer <sup>2</sup> Pricing product defin <b>Note</b> -If your firm's product	nt. Please subtra itions are provid ct does not exac	ict any discou ded on the firs tly meet the p	nts, rebates, and st page of Part IV product specifica	returns from . tions but is co	the quarter in volume	vhich the sale	occurred.	
of your firm's product. Also	, please explain	any anomalie	es in your firm's r	eported prici	ng data.			
Product 5:								
Product 6:								

IV-2c.	Price data checklistPlease check that the pricing data in question IV-2b have been correctly
	reported.

	Are the price data reported above:	√ if Yes
	In actual dollars (not \$1,000s) and actual short tons?	
	Valued f.o.b. U.S. point of shipment (i.e., exclude U.S. inland transportation costs)?	
	Reported net of all discounts, rebates, and returns (deducted from the quarter in which the original sale occurred)?	
	Reported for commercial U.S. shipments only (i.e., exclude internal consumption, transfers, and exports)?	
	Less than or equal to the quantities and values reported in Part II for commercial U.S. shipments in each period?	
	Explanation(s) for any boxes not checked:	
IV-2d.	Pricing data methodologyPlease describe the method and the kinds of documents/that were used to compile your price data.	records

Note: As requested in Part I of this questionnaire, please keep all supporting documents/records used in the preparation of the price data, as Commission staff may contact your firm regarding questions on the price data. The Commission may also request that your company submit copies of the supporting documents/records (such as sales journal, invoices, etc.) used to compile these data.

### Additional information for the remaining sections of this questionnaire:

Unless otherwise broken out, if your responses differ by type of CORE (i.e. Automotive CORE products, Brass-coated CORE products, or All other CORE products defined above), please describe the differences in the narrative field of the question or in question IV-25 (Other explanations).

IV-3. <u>Price setting.</u>--How does your firm determine the prices that it charges for sales of CORE (*check all that apply*)?

Transaction by transaction	Contracts	Set price lists	Other	If other, describe

IV-4. <u>Discount policy.--</u>Please indicate and describe your firm's discount policies (*check all that apply*).

Quantity discounts	Annual total volume discounts	No discount policy	Other	Describe

IV-5. **Pricing terms.**--On what basis are your firm's prices of domestic CORE usually quoted *(check one)*?

Delivered	F.o.b.	If f.o.b., specify point

IV-6. Contract versus spot.--Approximately what shares of your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced CORE in 2024 were on the basis of (1) short-term contracts, (2) annual contracts, (3) long-term contracts, and (4) spot sales?

			Туј	oe of sale			
Item	Product	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)	Spot sales (for a single delivery)	Total (shoul sum t 100.00	ld o %
	Automotive CORE Products	%	%	%	%	0.0	%
Share of 2024 sales	Brass-coated CORE products	%	%	%	%	0.0	%
	All other CORE products	%	%	%	%	0.0	%

IV-7. <u>Contract provisions.</u>--Please fill out the table regarding your firm's typical sales contracts for U.S.-produced CORE (or check "not applicable" if your firm does not sell on a short-term, annual and/or long-term contract basis).

Typical sales contract provisions	Item	Short-term contracts (multiple deliveries for less than 12 months)	Annual contracts (multiple deliveries for 12 months)	Long-term contracts (multiple deliveries for more than 12 months)
Average contract duration	No. of days		365	
Price renegotiation	Yes			
(during contract period)	No			
Meet or release	Yes			
provisions	No			
	Quantity			
Fixed quantity and/or price	Price			
ana, or price	Both			
Indexed to raw	Yes			
material costs <sup>1</sup>	No			
Not applicab	le			
<sup>1</sup> Please identify the in	dexes used:		-	

IV-8. <u>Lead times.</u>—What share of your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced CORE was from inventory and produced to order, and what was the typical lead time between a customer's order and the date of delivery for your firm's sales of its U.S.-produced CORE?

Product	Source	Share of 2024 sales	Lead time (Average number of days)
	From inventory	%	
Automotive CORE Products	Produced to order	%	
	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	
	From inventory	%	
Brass-coated CORE products	Produced to order	%	
	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	
	From inventory	%	
All other CORE products	Produced to order	%	
	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %	

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IV-9.	<u>Shippi</u>	ing information
	(a)	Who generally arranges the transportation to your firm's customers' locations?  Your firm Purchaser (check one)
	(b)	Indicate the approximate percentage of your firm's sales of CORE that are delivered the

following distances from its production facility.

Product	Distance from production facility	Share
	Within 100 miles	%
Automotive CORE Products	101 to 1,000 miles	%
Automotive CORE Products	Over 1,000 miles	%
	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %
	Within 100 miles	%
Brass-coated CORE products	101 to 1,000 miles	%
Brass-coated CORE products	Over 1,000 miles	%
	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %
	Within 100 miles	%
All other CORE products	101 to 1,000 miles	%
All other CORE products	Over 1,000 miles	%
	Total (should sum to 100.0%)	0.0 %

IV-10. <u>Geographical shipments.</u>—In which U.S. geographic market area(s) has your firm sold its U.S.-produced CORE since January 1, 2022 (check all that apply)?

Geographic area	√ if applicable
NortheastCT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, and VT.	
MidwestIL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, and WI.	
Southeast.—AL, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, MD, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, and WV.	
Central Southwest.—AR, LA, OK, and TX.	
Mountains.–AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, UT, and WY.	
Pacific Coast.–CA, OR, and WA.	
Other.—All other markets in the United States not previously listed, including AK, HI, PR, and VI.	

IV-11.	<u>Inland transportation costs.</u> —What is the approximate percent	tage of the cost of U.Sproduced
	CORE that is accounted for by U.S. inland transportation costs?	percent

IV-12. <u>End uses.--</u>List the end uses of the CORE that your firm manufactures. For each end-use product, what percentage of the <u>total cost</u> is accounted for by CORE and other inputs?

		use produc	al cost of end it accounted r by	Total
Product	End-use product	CORE	Other inputs	(should sum to 100.0% across)
		%	%	0.0 %
Automotive CORE Products		%	%	0.0 %
		%	%	0.0 %
		%	%	0.0 %
Brass-coated CORE products		%	%	0.0 %
		%	%	0.0 %
		%	%	0.0 %
All other CORE products		%	%	0.0 %
		%	%	0.0 %

□No	YesPlea	se fill out th	ne table.		
	End use in wh	ich this	Have o	_	e price of this substitute price for CORE?
Substitute	substitute is	used	No Yes		Explanation
1.	Automotive:				
2.	Automotive:				
3.	Construction:				
4.	Construction:				
5.	Appliance:				
6.	Appliance:				
7.	Brass/Other:				
8. IV-14. Demand trends.	Brass/Other:	n the United	States and	outside of th	e United States (if
IV-14. Demand trends known) for COR ended at the sar 2022? Explain ar demand.	Has demand withi E steadily increased, me level, fluctuated ny trends and descri	fluctuated bout ended lobe the principle	out ended hower, or ste pal factors	igher, not cha adily decrease that have affe	anged or fluctuated but ed since January 1, ected these changes in
IV-14. Demand trends known) for COR ended at the sar 2022? Explain an demand. ct one box per row.	Has demand withi E steadily increased, me level, fluctuated ny trends and descri	fluctuated bout ended lo	out ended hower, or ste pal factors	igher, not cha adily decrease that have affe	anged or fluctuated but ed since January 1, ected these changes in
IV-14. Demand trends known) for COR ended at the sar 2022? Explain ar demand.  ct one box per row.  End use hin the United States	Has demand withi E steadily increased, me level, fluctuated ny trends and descri	fluctuated bout ended lobe the principle	out ended hower, or ste pal factors	igher, not cha adily decrease that have affe	anged or fluctuated but ed since January 1, ected these changes in
IV-14. Demand trends known) for COR ended at the sar 2022? Explain ar demand.  ct one box per row.  End use hin the United States utomotive end use	Has demand withi E steadily increased, me level, fluctuated ny trends and descri	fluctuated bout ended lobe the principle	out ended hower, or ste pal factors	igher, not cha adily decrease that have affe	anged or fluctuated but ed since January 1, ected these changes in
IV-14. Demand trends known) for COR ended at the sar 2022? Explain ar demand.  ct one box per row.  End use hin the United States utomotive end use onstruction end use	Has demand withi E steadily increased, me level, fluctuated ny trends and descri	fluctuated bout ended lobe the principle	out ended hower, or ste pal factors	igher, not cha adily decrease that have affe	anged or fluctuated but ed since January 1, ected these changes in
IV-14. Demand trends known) for COR ended at the sar 2022? Explain ar demand.  ct one box per row.  End use hin the United States	Has demand withi E steadily increased, me level, fluctuated ny trends and descri	fluctuated bout ended lobe the principle	out ended hower, or ste pal factors	igher, not cha adily decrease that have affe	anged or fluctuated but ed since January 1,

Overall demand

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IV-15.	<u>Product ch</u> or marketin	_			any significant changes in the product range, product mix, , , 2022?
	No	Yes	If yes, pl	ease de	scribe and quantify if possible.
IV-16.	Business cy years? If ye			market	subject to business cycles, either during the year or across
	End use		No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including any changes since January 1, 2022
Automo	otive				
Constru	ction				
Applian	ce				
	nd uses (e.g es, ammunit				
IV-17.					ORE market subject to conditions of competition distinctive es described in the previous question? If yes, describe.
	End use		No	Yes	If yes, please describe, including any changes since January 1, 2022
Automo	otive				
Constru	ıction				
Applian	ce				
	nd uses (e.g				

### IV-18. Supply constraints.—

(a)	Has your firm refused, declined, or been unable to supply CORE at any time since
	January 1, 2022 (examples include placing customers on allocation or "controlled order
	entry," declining to accept new customers or renew existing customers, delivering less
	than the quantity promised, being unable to meet timely shipment commitments,
	impact from changes in operations listed in II-2a, etc.)?

No (skip to IV-19)	Yes (respond to part b)		

(b) For each year that your firm faced supply constraints, describe the constraints with the details requested below.

Period	Description: include the timing, duration, and reason for the constraint.
2022	
2023	
2024	
January 1, 2025 to present	

(c) Were there any specific supply constraints, listed in part b or otherwise, related to the petition that was filed on September 5, 2024?

No	Yes	If yes, please describe the constraints that were related to the petition being filed.

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IV-19.	Raw materials Have CORE raw material prices steadily increased, fluctuated but ended higher, not changed, fluctuated but ended lower, or steadily decreased since January 1, 2022?  Select one box per row.						higher,	
	Steadily Fluctuate No			Fluctuate Steadily Ex		Explain, noting how raw material price changes		
	increase	up	change					. •
IV-20.	steel/alum coverage, o	inum produ or nature of	cts under the meas	section 232 sures), have	2, or changes an impact o	in t n the	ffs, quotas, etc.) on imported he measures (such as the leve e CORE market in the United Smand, since January 1, 2022?	
		No		,	Yes		Don't know	
IV-21.	If yes, please describe the impact on cost, price, supply, and/or demand, and include the timing of such impacts.  Role of new or modified tariffs. Have tariff announcements and tariff changes associated a recent executive orders since January 1, 2025 (e.g., changes in country or "reciprocal" tarif impacted the CORE market in the United States, including any effects on price, supply, dem						iffs)	
	and/or raw material costs?							
		No		•	Yes		Don't know	

If yes, please describe the impact on cost, price, supply, demand, and/or raw material

costs, and include the timing of such impacts.

IV-21. <u>Interchangeability.</u>—How often is CORE produced in the United States and in other countries interchangeable (i.e., can they physically be used in the same applications)?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

- A = the products from a specified country-pair are *always* interchangeable
- F = the products are *frequently* interchangeable
- S = the products are *sometimes* interchangeable
- N = the products are *never* interchangeable
- 0 = no familiarity with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	United States
Australia	
Brazil	
Canada	
Mexico	
Netherlands	
South Africa	
Taiwan, subject*	
Turkey, Borcelik**	
Turkey, all other firms***	
United Arab Emirates	
Vietnam	
Other sources, including nonsubject imports from Taiwan	

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Taiwan, subject" should be understood to cover only the in-scope portion of CORE imported from Taiwan (i.e., exclude the merchandise covered under an existing order).

\*\*\*"Turkey, all other firms" means purchases and/or imports from all foreign producers in Turkey other than Borcelik Celik Sanayii Ticaret A.S., ArcelorMittal Celik Ticaret A.S., Bamesa Celik Servis San. Ve Tic. A.S., and Bamesa Muradiye Demir Celik San. Ve Tic. A.S.

For any country-pair producing CORE that is *sometimes* or *never* interchangeable, identify the country-pair and explain the factors that limit or preclude the interchangeable use of CORE produced in the countries:

<sup>\*\*&</sup>quot;Turkey, Borecelik" means purchases and/or imports from the following firms: Borcelik Celik Sanayii Ticaret A.S., ArcelorMittal Celik Ticaret A.S., Bamesa Celik Servis San. Ve Tic. A.S., and Bamesa Muradiye Demir Celik San. Ve Tic. A.S.

IV-22. <u>Factors other than price</u>.—How often are differences other than price (e.g., quality, availability, transportation network, product range, technical support, *etc.*) between CORE produced in the United States and in other countries a significant factor in your firm's sales of the products?

Please indicate A, F, S, N, or 0 in the table below:

A = such differences are *always* significant

F = such differences are *frequently* significant

S = such differences are *sometimes* significant

N = such differences are *never* significant

0 = *no familiarity* with products from a specified country-pair

Country-pair	United States
Australia	
Brazil	
Canada	
Mexico	
Netherlands	
South Africa	
Taiwan, subject*	
Turkey, Borcelik**	
Turkey, all other firms***	
United Arab Emirates	
Vietnam	
Other sources, including nonsubject imports from Taiwan	

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;Taiwan, subject" should be understood to cover only the in-scope portion of CORE imported from Taiwan (i.e., exclude the merchandise covered under an existing order).

\*\*\*\*\*Turkey, all other firms" means purchases and/or imports from all foreign producers in Turkey other than Borcelik Celik Sanayii Ticaret A.S., ArcelorMittal Celik Ticaret A.S., Bamesa Celik Servis San. Ve Tic. A.S., and Bamesa Muradiye Demir Celik San. Ve Tic. A.S.

For any country-pair for which factors other than price are *always* or *frequently* a significant factor in your firm's sales of CORE, identify the country-pair and the relevant factors other than price, and report the advantages or disadvantages imparted by such factors:

<sup>\*\*&</sup>quot;Turkey, Borecelik" means purchases and/or imports from the following firms: Borcelik Celik Sanayii Ticaret A.S., ArcelorMittal Celik Ticaret A.S., Bamesa Celik Servis San. Ve Tic. A.S., and Bamesa Muradiye Demir Celik San. Ve Tic. A.S.

IV-23. <u>Customer identification</u>.--List the names and contact information for your firm's 10 largest U.S. customers for CORE since January 1, 2022. Indicate the share of the quantity of your firm's U.S. shipments of CORE that each of these customers accounted for in 2024.

	Customer's name	City	State	Share of 2024 sales (%)
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				

U.S. Producers	' Questionnaire -	<b>CORE (Final)</b>
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V-24. (	Competition	from	imports
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(a) <u>Lost revenue</u>.--Since January 1, 2022: To avoid losing sales to competitors selling CORE from Australia, Brazil, Canada, Mexico, the Netherlands, South Africa, Taiwan, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates, and Vietnam, did your firm:

Item	No	Yes
Reduce prices		
Roll back announced price increases		

(b) <u>Lost sales.</u>--Since January 1, 2022: Did your firm lose sales of CORE to imports of this product from Australia, Brazil, Canada, Mexico, the Netherlands, South Africa, Taiwan, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates, and Vietnam?

No	Yes

IV-25.	Other explanationsIf your firm would like to further explain a response to a question in Part
	IV for which a narrative response box was not provided, please note the question number and
	the explanation in the space provided below. Please also use this space to highlight any issues
	your firm had in providing the data in this section.

Costs and activities

## PART V.--SUFFICIENT PRODUCTION RELATED ACTIVITIES

	er information on this part Alejandro.Orozco@usitc.g	of the questionnaire can be obtained from Alejandro Orozco (202-205-30v).
L.		Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which ontact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted
	Name	
	Title	
	Email	
	Telephone	
		<b>actor</b> Please describe the nature and extent of the following items in s.S. production operations with respect to CORE in the United States.
	Capital investments	
	Technical expertise	
	Value added	
	Employment	
	Quantity, type, and source of parts	
	•	1

U.S.	Producers'	Questionnaire	- CORF	(Final)

V-4.	Operations' complexity and importance On a scale of 1 to 5, please provide your firm's
	subjective opinion as to the complexity, intensity, and importance of your firm's CORE
	operations conducted in the United States, with 1 being minimally complex, intense, or
	important and 5 being extremely complex, intense, or important.

1: Minimally complex, intense, or important	2	3	4	5: Extremely complex, intense, or important
Please describe the reason for your rating.				

V-5. <u>Greenfield capital investment costs</u>.--Indicate the estimated amount of capital investment that would be required today on a greenfield basis to replicate your firm's current CORE operations.

Item	Value ( <i>in \$1,000</i> )
Estimated greenfield capital investment cost of current	
U.S. CORE operations	

V-6. **Raw materials**.—Please report the share of total raw material costs for CORE in 2024 for the following raw material inputs:

Input	Share of total raw material costs in 2024 (percent)
Domestic-sourced raw materials inputs	
Import-sourced raw material inputs	
Total (should sum to 100 percent)	0.0

#### PART VI.--LIKE PRODUCT COMPARISON

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Alejandro Orozco (202-205-3177, Alejandro Orozco@usitc.gov).

VI-1. <u>Contact information.</u>--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part V.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

VI-2. Comparability of Like Products.—For each of the following indicate whether the listed CORE products are: fully comparable or the same, *i.e.*, have no differentiation between them; mostly comparable or similar; somewhat comparable or similar; never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or no familiarity with the products.

F: fully comparable or the same, *i.e.*, have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(a) <u>Physical Characteristics and End Uses</u>.--The differences and similarities in the physical characteristics and end uses.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their physical characteristics and uses:
Automotive CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Brass-coated CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Automotive CORE products vs Brass-coated CORE products		

### VI-2. Comparability of Like Products.--Continued

F: fully comparable or the same, i.e., have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(b) <u>Interchangeability</u>.--The ability to substitute the products in the same application.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <i>interchangeability</i> :
Automotive CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Brass-coated CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Automotive CORE products vs Brass-coated CORE products		

(c) <u>Channels of distribution</u>.--Channels of distribution/market situation through which the products are sold (i.e., sold direct to end users, through wholesaler/distributors, etc.).

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their channels of distribution:
Automotive CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Brass-coated CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Automotive CORE products vs Brass-coated CORE products		

### VI-2. Comparability of Like Products.--Continued

F: fully comparable or the same, *i.e.*, have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(d) <u>Manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production employees</u>. Whether manufactured in the same facilities, from the same inputs, on the same machinery and equipment, and using the same employees.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their manufacturing facilities, production processes, and production employees:
Automotive CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Brass-coated CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Automotive CORE products vs Brass-coated CORE products		

(e) <u>Customer and producer perceptions</u>.--Perceptions as to the differences and/or similarities in the market (*e.g.*, sales/marketing practices).

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their customer and producer perceptions:
Automotive CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Brass-coated CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Automotive CORE products vs Brass-coated CORE products		

## VI-2. <u>Comparability of Like Products</u>.--Continued

F: fully comparable or the same, *i.e.*, have no differentiation between them;

M: mostly comparable or similar;

S: somewhat comparable or similar;

N: never or not-at-all comparable or similar; or

0: no familiarity with products.

(f) **Price**.--Whether prices are comparable or differ between the products.

Product-pair	Comparison	Please provide a narrative discussion for the comparability ratings you provided in terms of their <u>price</u> :
Automotive CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Brass-coated CORE products vs All other CORE products		
Automotive CORE products vs Brass-coated CORE products		

### PART VII.--LIKE PRODUCT OPERATIONS

Further information on this part of the questionnaire can be obtained from Alejandro Orozco (202-205-3177, <a href="mailto:Alejandro.Orozco@usitc.gov">Alejandro.Orozco@usitc.gov</a>) or Emily Kim (202-205-1800, <a href="mailto:Emily.Kim@usitc.gov">Emily.Kim@usitc.gov</a>).

VII-1. <u>Contact information</u>.--Please identify the responsible individual and the manner by which Commission staff may contact that individual regarding the confidential information submitted in Part VI.

Name	
Title	
Email	
Telephone	

<u>Instructions</u>.—Firms which reported operational data for automotive CORE products or brass-coated CORE products in Part II and Part III should also report these data separately in Part VII.

VII-2. <u>Production, shipment, and inventory data</u>.--Report your firm's production capacity, production, shipments, and inventories related to the production of automotive CORE products in its U.S. establishment(s) during the specified periods.

Quar	ntity (in short	tons) and valu	ue (in \$1,000)		
	Calendar year			Januar	y-March
ltem	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Average production capacity <sup>1</sup> (quantity) (A)					
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (B)					
<b>Production</b> (quantity) (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: quantity (D)					
value (E)					
Internal consumption: <sup>2</sup> quantity (F)					
value (G)					
Transfers to related firms: <sup>2</sup> quantity (H)					
value (I)					
Export shipments: <sup>3</sup> quantity (J)					
value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
1 The production capacity reported describe the methodology used to calcadditional pages as necessary).  2 Internal consumption and transfed different basis for valuing these transaction.  However, the data provided at a light of the second secon	culate producti ers to related fi actions in your pove in this tab	ion capacity and irms must be va records, please	l explain any cha lued at fair mark specify that bas	enges in reporte ket value. If you is (e.g., cost, co	r firm uses a

### VII-2. Production, shipment, and inventory data. Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, PRODUCTION, AND INVENTORY.</u> Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line B), plus production (i.e., line C), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather reflect your firm's actual records; and, also provide explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

		Calendar year	January-March		
Reconciliation item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
B+C-D-F-H-J-L= should equal zero ("0") or					
provide an explanation. <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0	0	0
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e. "0") but are					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calculated fields above are returning values other than zero (i.e., "0") but are nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

VII-3. <u>Channels of distribution</u>. Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of automotive CORE products by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

# **AUTOMOTIVE CORE PRODUCTS**

Quantity (in short tons)							
	Calendar years January-March				Calendar years		-March
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025		
U.S. shipments:  to Steel service centers and distributors (M)							
to End users (N)							

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>. Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and H) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-March		
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
M + N - D - F - H = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

VII-4. <u>U.S. shipments by product type.</u>—Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S. shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of U.S.-produced automotive CORE products by product type in 2024.

## **AUTOMOTIVE CORE PRODUCTS**

Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)			
Item	Calendar year 2024		
U.S. shipments of in-scope CORE product types— Hot-dip galvanized and galvanneal:  Quantity (O)			
Value (P)			
55% Al-Zn alloy coated (e.g., Galvalume):  Quantity (Q)			
Value (R)			
Electrogalvanized:  Quantity (S)			
Value (T)			
Copper-plated: Quantity (U)			
Value (V)			
Nickel-plated:  Quantity (W)			
Value (X)			
Other: <sup>1</sup> Quantity (Y)			
Value (Z)			
<sup>1</sup> Identify other product types:			

<u>RECONCILIATION OF U.S. SHIPMENTS BY PRODUCT TYPE</u>.--Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for U.S. shipments by product type (i.e., lines O through Z) in 2024 equals the quantities and values reported for U.S shipments in question VII-2 (i.e., lines D through I) in that year. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

Reconciliation item	Calendar year 2024
<b>Quantity:</b> O + Q + S + U + W + Y + D - F - H should equal	
zero ("0"), revise if not.	0
Value: P + R + T + V + X + AZ + E – G – I should equal zero	
("0"), revise if not.	0

VII-5. <u>Employment data</u>. Report your firm's employment-related data related to the domestic (U.S.) production of automotive CORE products and provide an explanation for any trends in these data.

"Production Related Workers" (PRWs) includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above domestic (U.S.) production operations. Do not report employment data for production occurring outside of the United States or employment data for U.S. sales of products manufactured outside the United States.

Average number employed may be computed by adding the number of employees, both full time and part time, for the 12 pay periods ending closest to the 15th of the month and divide that total by 12. For the January to March periods, calculate similarly and divide by 3.

"Hours worked" includes time paid for sick leave, holidays, and vacation time. Include overtime hours actually worked; do not convert overtime pay to its equivalent in straight time hours.

"Wages paid" – Total wages paid before deductions of any kind (e.g., withholding taxes, old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, union dues, bonds, etc.). Include wages paid directly by your firm for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Employment data	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Average number of PRWs (number)					
Hours worked by PRWs (1,000 hours)					
Wages paid to PRWs (\$1,000)					

Exp	planation of tr	ends:			

VII-6. Operations on automotive CORE products.--Report the revenue and related cost information requested below on automotive CORE products operations of your firm's U.S. establishment(s).<sup>1</sup> Do not report resales of products. Note that internal consumption and transfers to related firms must be valued at fair market value. Input purchases from related suppliers should be consistent with and based on information in the firm's accounting books and records. Provide data for your firm's three most recently completed fiscal years, and for the specified interim periods. If your firm was involved in tolling operations (either as the toller or as the tollee), please contact Emily Kim (202-205-1800, Emily.Kim@usitc.gov) before completing this section of the questionnaire.

	Quantity (in short tons) and value (in \$1,000)								
		Fiscal year		January	-March				
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025				
Net sales quantities: <sup>2</sup> Commercial sales ("CS")									
Internal consumption ("IC")									
Transfers to related firms ("Transfers")									
Total net sales quantities	0	0	0	0	0				
Net sales values: <sup>2</sup> Commercial sales									
Internal consumption									
Transfers to related firms									
Total net sales values	0	0	0	0	0				
Cost of goods sold (COGS): <sup>3</sup> Raw materials									
Direct labor									
Other factory costs									
Total COGS	0	0	0	0	O				
Gross profit or (loss)	0	0	0	0	0				
Selling, general, and administrative (SG&A) expenses									
Operating income (loss)	0	0	0	0	0				
Other expenses and income: Interest expense									
All other expense items									
All other income items									
Net income or (loss) before income taxes	0	0	0	0	0				
Depreciation/amortization included above									

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Include only sales (whether <u>domestic or export</u>) and costs related to your <u>U.S. manufacturing operations</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Less discounts, returns, allowances, and prepaid freight. The quantities and values should approximate the corresponding shipment quantities and values reported in Part II of this questionnaire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> COGS (whether for domestic or export sales) should include costs associated with CS, IC, and Transfers.

#### VII-6. Operations on automotive CORE products.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF TRADE VS FINANCIAL DATA</u>. Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for total shipments in VII-2 the quantities and values reported total net sales in VII-6 in each time period unless the financial data in VII-6 are reported on a fiscal year basis, in which case only the interim periods must reconcile.

		Fiscal year	January-March		
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Quantity: Trade data from question VII-2 (lines D, F, H, and J) less financial total net sales quantity data from question VII-6, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0
Value: Trade data from question VII-2 (lines E, G, I, and K) less financial total net sales value data from question VII-6, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0

VII-7. Asset values. As applicable, report the total assets (i.e., both current and long-term assets) associated with the production, warehousing, and sale of automotive CORE products. If your firm does not maintain some or all of the specific asset information necessary to calculate total assets related to operations on automotive CORE product in the normal course of business, please estimate this information based upon a method (such as production, sales, or costs) that is consistent with relevant cost allocations in table VII-6. Provide data as of the end of your firm's three most recently completed fiscal years. (Note: Total assets should reflect net assets after any accumulated depreciation and allowances deducted. As reported in this table, total assets should be allocated if they are also related to the operations of other products.) In footnote 1 in the table below, please provide a brief explanation if there were any substantial changes in total asset value during the period; e.g., due to asset write-offs, revaluation, and major purchases.

Value ( <i>in \$1,000</i> )								
		Fiscal year						
	2022 2023 2024							
Current assets								
Long-term assets								
Total assets (net) <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0					
<sup>1</sup> Describe								

VII-8. Capital expenditures and R&D expenses. Report your firm's capital expenditures and R&D expenses for automotive CORE products. Provide data for your firm's three most recently completed fiscal years, and for the specified interim periods. The manner in which capital expenditures and R&D expenses are assigned to operations on automotive CORE products should be consistent with the manner in which capital expenditures and R&D expenses were assigned to operations on CORE (III-13a).

Value (in \$1,000)							
Item		Fiscal year	January-March				
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025		
Capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>							
R&D expenses <sup>2</sup>							

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's capital expenditures on automotive CORE product:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's R&D expenses related to operations on automotive CORE product: \_\_\_\_\_

VII-9. <u>Production, shipment, and inventory data</u>. Report your firm's production capacity, production, shipments, and inventories related to the production of brass-coated CORE products in its U.S. establishment(s) during the specified periods.

Quar	ntity (in short	tons) and val	ue ( <i>in \$1,000</i> )		
		Calendar yea	r	January	y-March
ltem	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Average production capacity <sup>1</sup> (quantity) (A)					
Beginning-of-period inventories (quantity) (B)					
Production (quantity) (C)					
U.S. shipments: Commercial shipments: quantity (D)					
value (E)					
Internal consumption: <sup>2</sup> quantity (F)					
value (G)					
Transfers to related firms: <sup>2</sup> quantity (H)					
value (I)					
Export shipments: <sup>3</sup> quantity (J)					
value (K)					
End-of-period inventories (quantity) (L)					
The production capacity reported describe the methodology used to call additional pages as necessary).  Internal consumption and transfed different basis for valuing these transation.  However, the data provided at a light of the second se	culate producti ers to related fi actions in your pove in this tab	rms must be va records, please	d explain any cha lued at fair mark specify that bas	nges in reporte set value. If you is (e.g., cost, cos	d capacity (use r firm uses a

### VII-9. Production, shipment, and inventory data.--Continued

by channel of distribution during the specified periods.

<u>RECONCILIATION OF SHIPMENTS, PRODUCTION, AND INVENTORY.</u> Generally, the data reported for the end-of-period inventories (i.e., line L) should be equal to the beginning-of-period inventories (i.e., line B), plus production (i.e., line C), less total shipments (i.e., lines D, F, H, and J). Please ensure that any differences are not due to data entry errors in completing this form, but rather reflect your firm's actual records; and, also provide explanations for any differences (e.g., theft, loss, damage, record systems issues, etc.) if they exist.

	Calendar year			January-March		
Reconciliation item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
B+C-D-F-H-J-L= should equal zero ("0") or						
provide an explanation.1	0	0	0	0	0	
<sup>1</sup> Explanation if the calcula	ted fields above	e are returning	values other th	nan zero (i.e "0'	") but are	

nonetheless accurate: \_\_\_\_\_.

VII-10. <u>Channels of distribution</u>. Report your firm's U.S. shipments (i.e., inclusive of commercial U.S.

# **BRASS-COATED CORE PRODUCTS**

shipments, internal consumption, and transfers to related firms) of brass-coated CORE products

Quantity (in short tons)						
	Calendar years January-March					
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
U.S. shipments:						
to Steel service centers and distributors (M)						
to End users (N)						

<u>RECONCILIATION OF CHANNELS</u>. Please ensure that the quantities reported for channels of distribution (i.e., lines M and N) in each time period equal the quantity reported for U.S. shipments (i.e., lines D, F, and I) in each time period. If the calculated fields below return values other than zero (i.e., "0"), the data reported must be revised prior to submission to the Commission.

		Calendar years	January-March		
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2025	
M + N - D - F - I = zero ("0"), if not					
revise.	0	0	0	0	0

VII-11. <u>Employment data</u>. Report your firm's employment-related data related to the domestic (U.S.) production of brass-coated CORE products and provide an explanation for any trends in these data.

"Production Related Workers" (PRWs) includes working supervisors and all nonsupervisory workers (including group leaders and trainees) engaged in fabricating, processing, assembling, inspecting, receiving, storage, handling, packing, warehousing, shipping, trucking, hauling, maintenance, repair, janitorial and guard services, product development, auxiliary production for plant's own use (e.g., power plant), recordkeeping, and other services closely associated with the above domestic (U.S.) production operations. Do not report employment data for production occurring outside of the United States or employment data for U.S. sales of products manufactured outside the United States.

Average number employed may be computed by adding the number of employees, both full time and part time, for the 12 pay periods ending closest to the 15th of the month and divide that total by 12. For the January to March periods, calculate similarly and divide by 3.

"Hours worked" includes time paid for sick leave, holidays, and vacation time. Include overtime hours actually worked; do not convert overtime pay to its equivalent in straight time hours.

"Wages paid" – Total wages paid before deductions of any kind (e.g., withholding taxes, old-age and unemployment insurance, group insurance, union dues, bonds, etc.). Include wages paid directly by your firm for overtime, holidays, vacations, and sick leave.

	Calendar year			January-March	
Employment data	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Average number of PRWs (number)					
Hours worked by PRWs (1,000 hours)					
Wages paid to PRWs (\$1,000)					

Exp	planation of tr	ends:			

VII-12. Operations on brass-coated CORE product. Report the revenue and related cost information requested below on brass-coated CORE products operations of your firm's U.S. establishment(s).¹ Do not report resales of products. Note that internal consumption and transfers to related firms must be valued at fair market value. Input purchases from related suppliers should be consistent with and based on information in the firm's accounting books and records. Provide data for your firm's three most recently completed fiscal years, and for the specified interim periods. If your firm was involved in tolling operations (either as the toller or as the tollee), please contact Emily Kim (202-205-1800, Emily.Kim@usitc.gov) before completing this section of the questionnaire.

	Quantity (in sho	ort tons) and value	(in \$1,000)			
		Fiscal year		January-March		
Item	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
Net sales quantities: <sup>2</sup> Commercial sales ("CS")						
Internal consumption ("IC")						
Transfers to related firms ("Transfers")						
Total net sales quantities	0	0	0	0	0	
Net sales values: <sup>2</sup> Commercial sales						
Internal consumption						
Transfers to related firms						
Total net sales values	0	0	0	0	C	
Cost of goods sold (COGS): <sup>3</sup> Raw materials						
Direct labor						
Other factory costs						
Total COGS	0	0	0	0	C	
Gross profit or (loss)	0	0	0	0	C	
Selling, general, and administrative (SG&A) expenses						
Operating income (loss)	0	0	0	0	0	
Other expenses and income: Interest expense						
All other expense items						
All other income items						
Net income or (loss) before income taxes	0	0	0	0	C	
Depreciation/amortization included above						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Include only sales (whether domestic or export) and costs related to your U.S. manufacturing operations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Less discounts, returns, allowances, and prepaid freight. The quantities and values should approximate the corresponding shipment quantities and values reported in Part II of this questionnaire.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> COGS (whether for domestic or export sales) should include costs associated with CS, IC, and Transfers.

### VII-12. Operations on brass-coated CORE product.--Continued

<u>RECONCILIATION OF TRADE VS FINANCIAL DATA</u>. Please ensure that the quantities and values reported for total shipments in VII-9 the quantities and values reported total net sales in VII-12 in each time period unless the financial data in VII-12 are reported on a fiscal year basis, in which case only the interim periods must reconcile.

	Fiscal year			January-March	
Reconciliation	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
Quantity: Trade data from question VII-9 (lines D, F, H, and J) less financial total net sales quantity data from question VII-12, = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0
Value: Trade data from question VII-9 (lines E, G, I, and K) less financial total net sales value data from question VII-12 = zero ("0").	0	0	0	0	0

VII-13. Asset values. As applicable, report the total assets (i.e., both current and long-term assets) associated with the production, warehousing, and sale of brass-coated CORE products. If your firm does not maintain some or all of the specific asset information necessary to calculate total assets related to operations on brass-coated CORE product in the normal course of business, please estimate this information based upon a method (such as production, sales, or costs) that is consistent with relevant cost allocations in table VII-12. Provide data as of the end of your firm's three most recently completed fiscal years. (Note: Total assets should reflect net assets after any accumulated depreciation and allowances deducted. As reported in this table, total assets should be allocated if they are also related to the operations of other products.) In footnote 1 in the table below, please provide a brief explanation if there were any substantial changes in total asset value during the period; e.g., due to asset write-offs, revaluation, and major purchases.

Value ( <i>in \$1,000</i> )							
	Fiscal years ended						
	2022	2023	2024				
Current assets							
Long-term assets							
Total assets (net) <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0				
<sup>1</sup> Describe							

VII-14. Capital expenditures and R&D expenses. Report your firm's capital expenditures and R&D expenses for brass-coated CORE products. Provide data for your firm's three most recently completed fiscal years, and for the specified interim periods. The manner in which capital expenditures and R&D expenses are assigned to operations on brass-coated CORE products should be consistent with the manner in which capital expenditures and R&D expenses were assigned to operations on CORE products (III-13a).

Value (in \$1,000)								
Item		Fiscal year	January-March					
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025			
Capital expenditures <sup>1</sup>								
R&D expenses <sup>2</sup>								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's capital expenditures on brass-coated CORE product: \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Please describe the nature, focus, and significance of your firm's R&D expenses related to operations on brass-coated CORE product: :\_\_\_\_\_

# **HOW TO FILE YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSE**

This questionnaire is available as a "fillable" form in MS Word format on the Commission's website at: <a href="https://usitc.gov/reports/active">https://usitc.gov/reports/active</a> import injury questionnaires.

**Please do not attempt to modify the format or permissions of the questionnaire document**. Please submit the completed questionnaire using one of the methods noted below. If your firm is unable to complete the MS Word questionnaire or cannot use one of the electronic methods of submission, please contact the Commission of further instructions.

• **Upload via Commission's secure submission portal.**— The questionnaire must be uploaded in two formats: (1) a Microsoft Word 97-2003 document; and (2) a PDF copy of the complete questionnaire with a signature on the first page. Please include any attachments at the end of the PDF (e.g., APO certification, additional comments, etc.).

Web address: <a href="https://usitc.gov/qportal">https://usitc.gov/qportal</a> Pin: CORE Phase: FINAL

• E-mail.— E-mail the MS Word questionnaire to Alejandro.Orozco@usitc.gov; include a PDF copy of the complete questionnaire with a signature on the first page. Submitters are strongly encouraged to encrypt nonpublic documents that are electronically transmitted to the Commission to protect your sensitive information from unauthorized disclosure. The USITC secure submission portal and the Electronic Document Information System (EDIS) use Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) 140-2 cryptographic algorithms to encrypt data in transit. Submitting your nonpublic documents by a means that does not use these encryption algorithms (such as by email) may subject your firm's nonpublic information to unauthorized disclosure during transmission. If you choose a non-encrypted method of electronic transmission, the Commission warns you that the risk of such possible unauthorized disclosure is assumed by you and not by the Commission.

**If your firm <u>does not</u> produce this product**, please fill out page 1, print, sign, and submit a scanned PDF copy via the Commission's secure submission portal or email.

<u>Parties to this proceeding</u>.— If your firm is a party to this proceeding, it is required to serve a copy of the completed questionnaire on parties to the proceeding that are subject to administrative protective order (see 19 CFR § 207.7). A list of such parties may be obtained from the Commission's Secretary (202-205-1802). A certificate of service must accompany the completed questionnaire you submit (see 19 CFR § 207.7). Service of the questionnaire must be made in paper form.