Senior Loan Officer Opinion Survey on Bank Lending Practices October 2025

Questionnaire for U.S. Chartered Commercial Banks

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Commercial and Industrial (C&I) Lending

Questions 1-6 ask about commercial and industrial (C&I) loans at your bank. Questions 1-3 deal with changes in your bank's lending policies over the past three months. Questions 4-5 deal with changes in demand for C&I loans over the past three months. Question 6 asks about changes in prospective demand for C&I loans at your bank, as indicated by the volume of recent inquiries about the availability of new credit lines or increases in existing lines. If your bank's lending policies have not changed over the past three months, please report them as unchanged even if the policies are either restrictive or accommodative relative to longer-term norms. If your bank's policies have tightened or eased over the past three months, please so report them regardless of how they stand relative to longer-term norms. Also, please report changes in enforcement of existing policies as changes in policies.

- 1. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving applications for C&I loans or credit lines—other than those to be used to finance mergers and acquisitions—to large and middle-market firms and to small firms changed? (If your bank defines firm size differently from the categories suggested below, please use your definitions and indicate what they are.)
 - A. Standards for large and middle-market firms (annual sales of \$50 million or more):
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate C&I loans or credit lines to large and middle-market firms
 - B. Standards for **small firms** (annual sales of less than \$50 million):
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate C&I loans or credit lines to small firms

2. For applications for C&I loans or credit lines—other than those to be used to finance mergers and acquisitions—from large and middle-market firms and from small firms that your bank currently is willing to approve, how have the terms of those loans changed over the past three months? (Please assign each term a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, 2=tightened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased considerably.)

Α.	Terms	for large and middle-market firms (annual sales of \$50 million or more):
	a.	Maximum size of credit lines
	b.	Maximum maturity of loans or credit lines
	c.	Costs of credit lines
	d.	Spreads of loan rates over your bank's cost of funds (wider spreads=tightened, narrower spreads=eased)
	e.	Premiums charged on riskier loans
	f.	Loan covenants
	g.	Collateralization requirements
	h.	Use of interest rate floors (more use=tightened, less use=eased)
	i.	Other (please specify)
В.	${\rm Terms}$	for small firms (annual sales of less than \$50 million):
	a.	Maximum size of credit lines
	b.	Maximum maturity of loans or credit lines
	c.	Costs of credit lines
	d.	Spreads of loan rates over your bank's cost of funds (wider spreads=tightened, narrower spreads=eased)
	e.	Premiums charged on riskier loans
	f.	Loan covenants
	g.	Collateralization requirements
	h.	Use of interest rate floors (more use=tightened, less use=eased)
	i.	Other (please specify)

3. If your bank has tightened or eased its credit standards or its terms for C&I loans or credit lines over the past three months (as described in questions 1 and 2), how important have the following possible reasons been for the change? (Please respond to either A, B, or both as appropriate and rate *each* possible reason using the following scale: 1=not important, 2=somewhat important, 3=very important.)

A. 1 05510	A. Possible reasons for tightening credit standards or loan terms:	
a.	Deterioration in your bank's current or expected capital position	
b.	Less favorable or more uncertain economic outlook	
c.	Worsening of industry-specific problems (please specify industries)	
d.	Less aggressive competition from other banks or nonbank lenders (other financial intermediaries or the capital markets)	
e.	Reduced tolerance for risk	
f.	Decreased liquidity in the secondary market for these loans	
g.	Deterioration in your bank's current or expected liquidity position	
h.	Increased concerns about the effects of legislative changes, supervisory actions, or changes in accounting standards	
i.	Other (please specify)	
B. Possib	B. Possible reasons for easing credit standards or loan terms:	
a.	Improvement in your bank's current or expected capital position	
_ b.	More favorable or less uncertain economic outlook	
c.	Improvement in industry-specific problems (please specify industries)	
d.	More aggressive competition from other banks or nonbank lenders (other financial intermediaries or the capital markets)	
e.	Increased tolerance for risk	
f.	Increased liquidity in the secondary market for these loans	
g.	Improvement in your bank's current or expected liquidity position	
h.	Reduced concerns about the effects of legislative changes, supervisory actions, or changes in accounting standards	
i.	Other (please specify)	

- 4. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand for C&I loans changed over the past three months? (Please consider only funds actually disbursed as opposed to requests for new or increased lines of credit.)
 - A. Demand for C&I loans from large and middle-market firms (annual sales of \$50 million or more):
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate C&I loans or credit lines to large and middle-market firms
 - B. Demand for C&I loans from small firms (annual sales of less than \$50 million):
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate C&I loans or credit lines to small firms

	in question 4), how important have the following possible reasons been for the
•	Please respond to either A, B, or both as appropriate and rate each possible
important.	ng the following scale: 1=not important, 2=somewhat important, 3=very
important	
A. If stron	nger loan demand (answer 1 or 2 to question 4A or 4B), possible reasons:
a.	Customer inventory financing needs increased
b.	Customer accounts receivable financing needs increased
c.	Customer investment in plant or equipment increased
d.	Customer internally generated funds decreased
e.	Customer merger or acquisition financing needs increased
f.	Customer borrowing shifted to your bank from other bank or nonbank sources because these other sources became less attractive
g.	Customer precautionary demand for cash and liquidity increased
h.	Other (please specify)
B. If weak	xer loan demand (answer 4 or 5 to question 4A or 4B), possible reasons:
a.	Customer inventory financing needs decreased
_ b.	Customer accounts receivable financing needs decreased
c.	Customer investment in plant or equipment decreased
d.	Customer internally generated funds increased
e.	Customer merger or acquisition financing needs decreased
f.	Customer borrowing shifted from your bank to other bank or nonbank sources
	because these other sources became more attractive

Customer precautionary demand for cash and liquidity decreased

5. If demand for C&I loans has strengthened or weakened over the past three months (as

_ h. Other (please specify)

- 6. At your bank, apart from seasonal variation, how has the number of inquiries from potential business borrowers regarding the availability and terms of new credit lines or increases in existing lines changed over the past three months? (Please consider only inquiries for additional or increased C&I lines as opposed to the refinancing of existing loans.)
 - 1. The number of inquiries has increased substantially
 - 2. The number of inquiries has increased moderately
 - 3. The number of inquiries has stayed about the same
 - 4. The number of inquiries has decreased moderately
 - 5. The number of inquiries has decreased substantially
 - 6. My bank does not originate C&I lines of credit

Commercial Real Estate (CRE) Lending

Questions 7-12 ask about changes in standards and demand over the past three months for three different types of CRE loans at your bank: construction and land development loans, loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties, and loans secured by multifamily residential properties. Please report changes in enforcement of existing policies as changes in policies.

- 7. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving new applications for **construction and land development loans** or credit lines changed?
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate construction and land development loans or credit lines
- 8. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving new applications for **loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties** changed?
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties

- 9. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving new applications for loans secured by multifamily residential properties changed?
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate loans secured by multifamily residential properties
- 10. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand for **construction and land development loans** changed over the past three months? (Please consider the number of requests for new spot loans, for disbursement of funds under existing loan commitments, and for new or increased credit lines.)
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate construction and land development loans or credit lines
- 11. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand for **loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties** changed over the past three months? (Please consider the number of requests for new spot loans, for disbursement of funds under existing loan commitments, and for new or increased credit lines.)
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate loans secured by nonfarm nonresidential properties

- 12. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand for **loans secured by multi- family residential properties** changed over the past three months? (Please consider the number of requests for new spot loans, for disbursement of funds under existing loan commitments, and for new or increased credit lines.)
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate loans secured by multifamily residential properties

Residential Real Estate Lending

Note: Beginning with the January 2015 survey, the loan categories referred to in the questions regarding changes in credit standards and demand for residential mortgage loans have been revised to reflect the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau's qualified mortgage rules.

Questions 13-14 ask about seven categories of residential mortgage loans at your bank: Government-Sponsored Enterprise eligible (GSE-eligible) residential mortgages, government residential mortgages, Qualified Mortgage non-jumbo non-GSE-eligible (QM non-jumbo, non-GSE-eligible) residential mortgages, QM jumbo residential mortgages, non-QM jumbo residential mortgages, non-QM non-jumbo residential mortgages, and subprime residential mortgages. For the purposes of this survey, please use the following definitions of these loan categories and include first-lien closed-end loans to purchase homes only. The loan categories have been defined so that every first-lien closed-end residential mortgage loan used for home purchase fits into one of the following seven categories:

- The GSE-eligible category of residential mortgages includes loans that meet the underwriting guidelines, including loan limit amounts, of the GSEs Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac.
- The government category of residential mortgages includes loans that are insured by the Federal Housing Administration, guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs, or originated under government programs, including the U.S. Department of Agriculture home loan programs.
- The QM non-jumbo, non-GSE-eligible category of residential mortgages includes loans that satisfy the standards for a qualified mortgage and have loan balances that are below the loan limit amounts set by the GSEs but otherwise do not meet the GSE underwriting guidelines.
- The QM jumbo category of residential mortgages includes loans that satisfy the standards for a qualified mortgage but have loan balances that are above the loan limit amount set by the GSEs.
- The non-QM jumbo category of residential mortgages includes loans that do not satisfy the standards for a qualified mortgage and have loan balances that are above the loan limit amount set by the GSEs.
- The non-QM non-jumbo category of residential mortgages includes loans that do not satisfy the standards for a qualified mortgage and have loan balances that are below the loan limit amount set by the GSEs.(Please exclude loans classified by your bank as subprime in this category.)

• The **subprime** category of residential mortgages includes loans classified by your bank as subprime. This category typically includes loans made to borrowers with weakened credit histories that include payment delinquencies, charge-offs, judgements, and/or bankruptcies; reduced repayment capacity as measured by credit scores or debt-to-income ratios; or incomplete credit histories.

Question 13 deals with changes in your bank's credit standards for loans in each of the seven loan categories over the past three months. If your bank's credit standards have not changed over the relevant period, please report them as unchanged even if the standards are either restrictive or accommodative relative to longer-term norms. If your bank's credit standards have tightened or eased over the relevant period, please so report them regardless of how they stand relative to longer-term norms. Also, please report changes in enforcement of existing standards as changes in standards. Question 14 deals with changes in demand for loans in each of the seven loan categories over the past three months.

- 13. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving applications from individuals for mortgage loans to purchase homes changed? (Please consider only new originations as opposed to the refinancing of existing mortgages.)
 - A. Credit standards on mortgage loans that your bank categorizes as *GSE-eligible* residential mortgages have:
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate GSE-eligible residential mortgages

- B. Credit standards on mortgage loans that your bank categorizes as *government* residential mortgages have:
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate government residential mortgages
- C. Credit standards on mortgage loans that your bank categorizes as *QM non-jumbo*, *non-GSE-eligible* residential mortgages have:
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate QM non-jumbo, non-GSE-eligible residential mort-gages
- D. Credit standards on mortgage loans that your bank categorizes as $\it QM~jumbo$ residential mortgages have:
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate QM jumbo residential mortgages
- E. Credit standards on mortgage loans that your bank categorizes as **non-QM jumbo** residential mortgages have:
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate non-QM jumbo residential mortgages

- F. Credit standards on mortgage loans that your bank categorizes as **non-QM non-jumbo** residential mortgages have:
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate non-QM non-jumbo residential mortgages
- G. Credit standards on mortgage loans that your bank categorizes as *subprime* residential mortgages have:
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate subprime residential mortgages
- 14. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand for mortgages to purchase homes changed over the past three months? (Please consider only applications for new originations as opposed to applications for refinancing of existing mortgages.)
 - A. Demand for mortgages that your bank categorizes as *GSE-eligible* residential mortgages was:
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate GSE-eligible residential mortgages

- B. Demand for mortgages that your bank categorizes as *government* residential mortgages was:
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate government residential mortgages
- C. Demand for mortgages that your bank categorizes as *QM non-jumbo*, *non-GSE-eligible* residential mortgages was:
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate QM non-jumbo, non-GSE-eligible residential mortgages
- D. Demand for mortgages that your bank categorizes as QM jumbo residential mortgages was:
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate QM jumbo residential mortgages
- E. Demand for mortgages that your bank categorizes as **non-QM jumbo** residential mortgages was:
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate non-QM jumbo residential mortgages

- F. Demand for mortgages that your bank categorizes as **non-QM non-jumbo** residential mortgages was:
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate non-QM non-jumbo residential mortgages
- G. Demand for mortgages that your bank categorizes as $\it subprime$ residential mortgages was:
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate subprime residential mortgages

Questions 15-16 ask about revolving home equity lines of credit at your bank. Question 15 deals with changes in your bank's credit standards over the past three months. Question 16 deals with changes in demand. If your bank's credit standards have not changed over the relevant period, please report them as unchanged even if they are either restrictive or accommodative relative to longer-term norms. If your bank's credit standards have tightened or eased over the relevant period, please so report them regardless of how they stand relative to longer-term norms. Also, please report changes in enforcement of existing standards as changes in standards.

- 15. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving applications for revolving home equity lines of credit changed?
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate revolving home equity lines of credit
- 16. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand for revolving home equity lines of credit changed over the past three months? (Please consider only funds actually disbursed as opposed to requests for new or increased lines of credit.)
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate revolving home equity lines of credit

Consumer Lending

Questions 17-26 ask about consumer lending at your bank. Question 17 deals with changes in your bank's willingness to make consumer installment loans over the past three months. Questions 18-23 deal with changes in credit standards and loan terms over the same period. Questions 24-26 deal with changes in demand for consumer loans over the past three months. If your bank's lending policies have not changed over the past three months, please report them as unchanged even if the policies are either restrictive or accommodative relative to longer-term norms. If your bank's policies have tightened or eased over the past three months, please so report them regardless of how they stand relative to longer-term norms. Also, please report changes in enforcement of existing policies as changes in policies.

- 17. Please indicate your bank's willingness to make **consumer installment loans** now as opposed to three months ago. (This question covers the range of consumer installment loans defined as consumer loans with a set number of scheduled payments, such as auto loans, student loans, and personal loans. It does not cover credit cards and other types of revolving credit, nor mortgages, which are included under the residential real estate questions.)
 - 1. Much more willing
 - 2. Somewhat more willing
 - 3. About unchanged
 - 4. Somewhat less willing
 - 5. Much less willing
 - 6. My bank does not originate consumer installment loans
- 18. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving applications for **credit cards** from individuals or households changed?
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate credit card loans to individuals or households

- 19. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving applications for **auto loans** to individuals or households changed? (Please include loans arising from retail sales of passenger cars and other vehicles such as minivans, vans, sport-utility vehicles, pickup trucks, and similar light trucks for personal use, whether new or used. Please exclude loans to finance fleet sales, personal cash loans secured by automobiles already paid for, loans to finance the purchase of commercial vehicles and farm equipment, and lease financing.)
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate auto loans to individuals or households
- 20. Over the past three months, how have your bank's credit standards for approving applications for **consumer loans other than credit card and auto loans** changed?
 - 1. Tightened considerably
 - 2. Tightened somewhat
 - 3. Remained basically unchanged
 - 4. Eased somewhat
 - 5. Eased considerably
 - 6. My bank does not originate consumer loans other than credit card or auto loans
- 21. Over the past three months, how has your bank changed the following terms and conditions on new or existing **credit card accounts** for individuals or households? (Please assign *each* term a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, 2=tightened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased considerably.)

_ a.	Credit limits
_ b.	Spreads of interest rates charged on outstanding balances over your bank's cost of funds (wider spreads=tightened, narrower spreads=eased)
_ c.	Minimum percent of outstanding balances required to be repaid each month
_ d.	Minimum required credit score (increased score=tightened, reduced score=eased)
e.	The extent to which loans are granted to some customers that do not meet credit scoring thresholds (increased=eased, decreased=tightened)
f.	Other (please specify)

22.	Over the past three months, how has your bank changed the following terms and conditions on loans to individuals or households to purchase autos ? (Please assign <i>each</i> term a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, 2=tightened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased considerably.)	
	a.	Maximum maturity
	_ b.	Spreads of loan rates over your bank's cost of funds (wider spreads=tightened, narrower spreads=eased)
	c.	Minimum required down payment (higher=tightened, lower=eased)
	d.	$\label{thm:minimum} \mbox{Minimum required credit score} \mbox{(increased score=tightened, reduced score=eased)}$
	e.	The extent to which loans are granted to some customers that do not meet credit scoring thresholds (increased=eased, decreased=tightened)
	f.	Other (please specify)
tions on consumer loans other than credit card and auto loans? (each term a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened		he past three months, how has your bank changed the following terms and condin consumer loans other than credit card and auto loans? (Please assign
	2=tigh	rm a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, tened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased
	2=tigh	rm a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, tened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased
	2=tigh conside	arm a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, tened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased erably.)
	2=tigh conside a.	rm a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, tened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased erably.) Maximum maturity Spreads of loan rates over your bank's cost of funds (wider spreads=tightened,
	2=tigh conside a. b.	rm a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, tened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased erably.) Maximum maturity Spreads of loan rates over your bank's cost of funds (wider spreads=tightened, narrower spreads=eased)
	2=tigh conside a. b. c.	rm a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=tightened considerably, tened somewhat, 3=remained basically unchanged, 4=eased somewhat, 5=eased erably.) Maximum maturity Spreads of loan rates over your bank's cost of funds (wider spreads=tightened, narrower spreads=eased) Minimum required down payment (higher=tightened, lower=eased)

- 24. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand from individuals or households for **credit card loans** changed over the past three months?
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate credit card loans to individuals or households
- 25. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand from individuals or households for **auto loans** changed over the past three months?
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate auto loans to individuals or households
- 26. Apart from normal seasonal variation, how has demand from individuals or households for **consumer loans other than credit card and auto loans** changed over the past three months?
 - 1. Substantially stronger
 - 2. Moderately stronger
 - 3. About the same
 - 4. Moderately weaker
 - 5. Substantially weaker
 - 6. My bank does not originate consumer loans other than credit card or auto loans

Special Questions: C&I Loans

Question 27 asks about changes in your bank's likelihood of approving C&I loan applications by borrower size and trade exposure. Answer Question 27 based on your best judgment of exposure to trade for each firm-size group. Question 28 asks about the factors contributing to changes in demand for C&I loans from your bank.

27.	your firm charac (Pleas scale: less li	mparison to the beginning of the year, how much more or less likely is bank to currently approve a C&I loan application to a borrower in each size and trade exposure category? In each case, assume all other borrower exteristics are typical for C&I loan applications from borrowers in that category. See assign each borrower category a number between 1 and 5 using the following 1=much more likely, 2=somewhat more likely, 3=about as likely, 4=somewhat kely, 5=much less likely, 6=my bank does not originate C&I loans or credit lines see borrowers.)
	A.	C&I loans or credit lines to large and middle-market firms with high trade exposure
	B.	$\operatorname{C\&I}$ loans or credit lines to large and middle-market firms with low trade exposure
	C.	C&I loans or credit lines to small firms with high trade exposure
	D.	C&I loans or credit lines to small firms with low trade exposure
28.	loans listed deman	thave been the main factors contributing to changes in demand for C&I from your bank since the beginning of the year? For each possible factor below, please indicate in which direction and by how much each factor affected and for C&I loans. (Please rate each factor using the following scale: 1=weakened and significantly, 2=weakened demand somewhat, 3=not important, 4=strengthened and somewhat, 5=strengthened demand significantly.)
	A.	Changes in customers' investment needs due to the outlook for economic activity
	_ B.	Changes in customers' investment needs due to prevailing interest rates and terms
	C.	Changes in customers' investment needs to acquire inventory or make advance purchases due to trade developments
	_ D.	Changes in customers' investment needs due to trade-related shifts in product availability or pricing
	E.	Changes in customers' mergers and acquisitions investment needs
	F.	Changes in customers' investment needs for reasons not listed above
	G.	Changes in the relative attractiveness of other bank credit sources
	Н.	Changes in the relative attractiveness of nonbank credit sources
	_ I.	Other (please specify)

Special Questions: Credit Card Loans

Question 29 asks about changes in your bank's likelihood of approving credit card applications by borrowers' credit score. Answer Question 29 following your bank's definition for super-prime, prime, near-prime, and subprime categories according to your preferred model. Question 30 asks about the main factors contributing to changes in demand for credit card loans from your bank.

your credit typica or rela catego 2=son	mparison to the beginning of the year, how much more or less likely is bank to currently approve credit card applications to borrowers in each t score category? In each case, assume all other borrower characteristics are all for credit card applications from borrowers in that credit bureau score category atted internal or third-party behavioral score category. (Please assign each borrower bry a number between 1 and 5 using the following scale: 1=much more likely, newhat more likely, 3=about as likely, 4=somewhat less likely, 5=much less likely, bank does not originate credit card loans to these borrowers.)
A.	Super-prime borrowers (such as those with FICO score at or above 780)
B.	Prime borrowers (such as those with FICO scores in the 720-779 range)
C.	Near-prime borrowers (such as those with FICO scores in the 620-719 range)
_ D.	Subprime borrowers (such as those with FICO scores in the 580 to 619 range)
loans listed demar demar	thave been the main factors contributing to changes in demand for C&I from your bank since the <i>beginning of the year</i> ? For each possible factor below, please indicate in which direction and by how much each factor affected and for C&I loans. (Please rate each factor using the following scale: 1=weakened and significantly, 2=weakened demand somewhat, 3=not important, 4=strengthened and somewhat, 5=strengthened demand significantly.)
A.	Changes in customers' spending needs due to the outlook for economic activity
B.	Changes in customers' spending needs due to prevailing interest rates and terms
C.	Changes in customers' spending needs to make advance purchases due to trade developments $$
D.	Changes in customers' spending needs due to trade-related shifts in product availability or pricing
E.	Changes in customers' spending needs for reasons not listed above
F.	Changes in the relative attractiveness of other bank credit sources
G.	Changes in the relative attractiveness of nonbank credit sources
_ н.	Other (please specify)
	your credictypical or related category 2=sort 6=my A B C D. What loans listed demandemandemandemandemandemandemandeman

Optional Question

Question 31 requests feedback on any other issues you judge to be important but are not addressed in this survey.

31. Are there any other recent developments in lending practices not addressed in this survey that you find particularly significant? Your response will help us stay abreast of breaking issues and in choosing questions for future surveys. There is no need to reply if you have nothing you would like to add.