

- To <infocol@fws.gov>, <hope\_grey@fws.gov>, <letters@newsweek.com>, <today@nbc.com>
- cc <info@theteaparty.org>,
   <speakerboehner@mail.house.gov>,
   <comments@whitehouse.gov>

bcc

Subject PUBLIC COMMENT ON FEDERAL REGISTER FW: FWS kills bifrds in great numbers

THERE SHOULD BE NO EXTENSION FOR APPROVAL. THIS AGENCY NEEDS TO LEARN TO MOVE FASTER. IT DOES NTO NEED THAT AMOUNT OF TIME TO SETTLE THIS ISSUE. THIS SEEMS LIKE EMPLOYEES ARE LOOKING FOR A FAT CAT SINECURE FOR THEMSELVES DOING NOTHING FOR VAST AMOUNTS OF PAID TIME. ACTUALLY, FWS ROUTINELY GIVES OUT PERMITS TO KILL ENDLESS AMOUNTS OF BIRDS. FWS ALLEGED "CONCERN" FOR BIRD LIVES IS INTERESTING NI VIEW OF THE FACT THAT THEY LET GUN WACKO HUNTERS GO INTO THE WOODS BLASTING BIRDS INTO OBLIVION AND THAT IS DONE ROUTINELY. FWS HAS BECOME AN UGLY ARM OF THE UGLY NRA. IF YOU WANT TO SAVE BIRDS LIVES, YOU DO IT ON EVERY LEVEL, NOT PRETEND AT CERTAIN TIMES. THAT IS FAKE.

FWS PANDERS TO THE UGLY NRA AND ITS GUN WACKO CLIENTELE. MOST SITES WITH WIND HAVE HIGH POTENTIAL TO KILL BIRDS. BIRDS USE WIND CURRENTS. THAT NEEDS TO BE CONSIDERED. FWS NEEDS TO CHANGE FROM ITS PRO KILING BIRDS STANCE, WHICH IN REALITY IS WHAT IT DOES. IT LETS INCH BY INCH OF FLORIDA GO FOR THE SCRUB JAY BY GIVING OUT PERMITS EVERY SINGLE TIME ASKED FOR ONE. THEY WORK FOR DEVELOPIERS. THEY WORK FOR BIRD KILLERS.

JEAN PUBLIC

[Federal Register Volume 77, Number 63 (Monday, April 2, 2012)]
[Notices]

[Pages 19683-19684]

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[FR Doc No: 2012-7840]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service

[FWS-R9-FHC-2011-N266; FXHC11220900000Z2-112-FF09F20000]

Proposed Information Collection; Land-Based Wind Energy

### Guidelines

AGENCY: Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice; request for comments.

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SUMMARY: We (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service) will ask the Office of

Management and Budget (OMB) to approve the information collection (IC)

described below. As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 and

as part of our continuing efforts to reduce paperwork and respondent

burden, we invite the general public and other Federal agencies to take

this opportunity to comment on this IC. This information collection is

scheduled to expire on September 30, 2012. We may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of

information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

However, under OMB regulations, we may continue to conduct or sponsor

this information collection while it is pending at OMB.

DATES: To ensure that we are able to consider your comments on this IC,

we must receive them by June 1, 2012.

ADDRESSES: Send your comments on the IC to the Service Information

Collection Clearance Officer, Fish and Wildlife Service, MS 2042-PDM.

4401 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, VA 22203 (mail); or <a href="INFOCOL@fws.gov">INFOCOL@fws.gov</a> (email). Please include ``1018-0148'' in the subject

line of your comments.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To request additional information

about this IC, contact Hope Grey at  $\underline{{\tt INFOCOL@fws.gov}}$  (email) or 703-358-

2482 (telephone).

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### I. Abstract

In January 2012, we requested that OMB approve, on an emergency

basis, our request to collect information associated with the Land-

Based Wind Energy Guidelines (Guidelines). We asked for emergency

approval because of the potential negative effects that proposed wind

energy facilities may have on wildlife and their habitat. OMB approved

our request and assigned OMB Control No. 1018-0148, which expires

September 30, 2012. We are going to ask OMB to extend the approval for

this information collection for 3 years.

As wind energy production increased, both developers and wildlife

agencies recognized the need for a system to evaluate and address the

potential negative impacts of wind energy projects on species of concern. These voluntary Guidelines ( http://www.fws.gov/windenergy)

provide a structured, scientific process for addressing wildlife conservation concerns at all stages of land-based wind energy development. They also promote effective communication among wind

energy developers and Federal, State, tribal, and local conservation

agencies. When used in concert with appropriate regulatory tools,

Guidelines will be the best practical approach for conserving species

of concern.

The Guidelines discuss various risks to ``species of concern'' from

wind energy projects, including collisions with wind turbines and

associated infrastructure; loss and degradation of habitat from turbines and infrastructure; fragmentation of large habitat blocks into

smaller segments that may not support sensitive species; displacement

and behavioral changes; and indirect effects such as increased predator

populations or introduction of invasive plants. The Guidelines assist

developers in identifying species of concern that may potentially be

affected by proposed projects, including, but not limited to:
 Migratory birds;

Bats;

Bald and golden eagles and other birds of prey; Prairie and sage grouse; and

Listed, proposed, or candidate endangered and threatened species.

The Guidelines follow a tiered approach. The wind energy developer

begins at Tier 1 or Tier 2, which entails gathering of existing data to

help identify any potential risks to wildlife and their habitats at

proposed wind energy project sites. The developer then proceeds through

subsequent tiers, as appropriate, to collect information in increasing

detail until the level of risk is adequately ascertained and a decision

on whether or not to develop the site can be made. Many projects may

not proceed beyond Tiers 1 or 2, when developers become aware of potential barriers, including high risks to wildlife. Developers would

only have an interest in adhering to the Guidelines for those projects

that proceed beyond Tiers 1 and 2.

At each tier level, wind energy developers and operators should

retain documentation to provide to the Service. Such documentation may

include copies of correspondence with the Service, results of pre- and post-

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construction studies conducted at project sites, bird and bat conservation strategies, or any other record that supports a developer's adherence to the Guidelines. The extent of the documentation will depend on the conditions of the site being developed. Sites with greater risk of impacts to wildlife and habitats

will likely involve more extensive communication with the Service and

longer durations of pre- and post-construction studies than sites with

little risk.

Distributed or community-scale wind energy projects are

unlikely to

have significant adverse impacts to wildlife and their habitats. The

Guidelines recommend that developers of these small-scale projects do

the desktop analysis described in Tier 1 or Tier 2 using publicly

available information to determine whether they should communicate with

the Service. Since such project designs usually include a single turbine associated with existing development, conducting a Tier 1 or

Tier 2 analysis for distributed or community-scale wind energy projects

should incur limited nonhour burden costs. These analyses are conducted

using readily available existing information, so the nature of these

costs may include travel to project sites. For such projects, if there

is no potential risk identified, a developer will have no need to

communicate with the Service regarding the project or to conduct studies described in Tiers 3, 4, and 5.

Adherence to the Guidelines is voluntary. Following the Guidelines

does not relieve any individual, company, or agency of the responsibility to comply with applicable laws and regulations. Developers of wind energy projects have a responsibility to comply with

the law; for example, they must obtain incidental take authorization

for species protected by the Endangered Species Act (ESA) and/or Bald

and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA).

### II. Data

OMB Control Number: 1018-0148.

Title: Land-Based Wind Energy Guidelines.

Service Form Number: None.

Type of Request: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Description of Respondents: Developers and operators of wind energy

facilities.

Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary. Frequency of Collection: On occasion.

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COMPLETION  ACTIVITY (reporting NUMBER of NUMBER of cost per nonhour burdn		
respondents responses response cost		
Tier 1 (Desktop Analysis) 150	83	12,450
Tier 2 (Site Characterizatio 110 110 \$4,000 \$440,000	375	
Tier 3 (Pre-construction stu 80 80 \$23,000 \$1,840,000	dies) 2,880	
Tier 4 (Post-construction fa 50 50 \$95,000 \$4,750,000 habitat studies)	2,550	127,500
Tier 5 (Other post-construct 10 10 \$191,000 \$1,910,000 TOTALS	ion studies 2,400	24,000
400 400 	00	435,600
Estimated Annual Nonhour depend	Burden Cost: S	\$9,240,000. Costs will

on the size and complexity of issues associated with each project.

These expenses may include, but are not limited to: Travel expenses for

site visits, studies conducted, and meetings with the Service and

Federal and State agencies; training in survey methodologies;

management; special transportation such as all-terrain vehicle or

helicopter; equipment needed for acoustic, telemetry, or radar monitoring, and carcass storage.

#### III. Comments

We invite comments concerning this information collection on: Whether or not the collection of information is necessary, including whether or not the information will have practical utility;

The accuracy of our estimate of the burden for this collection of information;

Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of

public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request

to OMB to approve this IC. Before including your address, phone number,

email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment, including your

personal identifying information, may be made publicly available at any

time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal

identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we

will be able to do so.

Dated: March 26, 2012.

Tina A.Campbell,

Chief, Division of Policy and Directives Management, U.S. Fish and

Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 2012-7840 Filed 3-30-12; 8:45 am]

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