

# OSHA DIRECTORATE OF CONSTRUCTION

Confined Space Standards Side-by-Side Comparison Chart

# General Industry vs. Construction Industry

This table examines what regulations your company would be required to follow if:

(1) OSHA adopted the current 1910 Confined Space standard as is and applied it to Construction

#### OR

(2) OSHA adopted the draft Confined Spaces in Construction standard.

### Scenario

Scenario: A Host employer hires a General Contractor to supervise construction work in one section of a sewer system. Some subcontractors will be doing manhole and box work while at the same time your company will be responsible for the installation of taps.

### Hazard Assessment

#### **General Industry Standard**

- No "how to" guides for hazard assessment or information on what to look for in the space
- Evaluate the workplace to determine if spaces are permit-required using:
  - Hazard assessment
  - Knowledge from the host
  - Treating all spaces as a PRCS
- Result → a sewer meets the definition of a confined space & testing must be done to decide if a permit is required

#### **Construction Industry (Draft)**

Explicit procedures to follow in deciding whether confined spaces are present & what hazards exist

Result -> Sewer is classified as a confined space & the atmospheric and engulfment hazards in the sewer are identified

### Classify the Space & Develop a Plan

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Space is assumed to be a permit required space
- No assumptions about space classification
- Develop and implement a written permit space program
- Based on hazards, information from personal evaluation & Controlling employer, evaluate the space & classify it
- Result → Space is permit-required; create a written program
- Result → Space is a Continuous System – PRCS

### Information Exchange & Coordination

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Host must inform contractor of:
  - 1. permit spaces on the worksite
  - 2. Host's precautions/procedures
  - 3. Debrief contractor at end of entry ops.
- Contractor must:
  - 1. Obtain available information from host
  - Inform host of contractor's confined space program & hazards confronted /created
- Host must coordinate entry operations ONLY between their employees and sub's
- Result → Potential confined space operations by Host; information shared only between Host and contractor

- Controlling employer provides ONLY information they possession, including:
  - 1. Known hazards
  - Known classifications
  - 3. Previous precautions & procedures taken by Controlling employer
- Contractor briefs Controlling employer at conclusion of entry ops
- GC coordinates confined space activity between ALL subs
- No requirement for GC to enter a space or evaluate it
- Result → Information shared between Controlling & Subs; no req. for controlling to enter space

# Types of Confined Spaces

**General Industry Standard** 

**Permit Spaces** 

- 1. Permit Space
- 2. "Special" Permit Space
- 3. Continuous System Space

Non-Permit Spaces

1. Non-Permit Space

**Construction Industry (Draft)** 

Permit Spaces

- 1. Permit Required Confined Space
- 2. Continuous System Permit Required CS

Non-Permit Spaces

- 1. Controlled Atmosphere CS
- 2. Isolated Hazard CS

# Reclassifying the Space

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Decide whether space can be reclassified through hazardous atmosphere controls
  - 1. If yes, classify as a "special" permit space
  - 2. If no, continue applying permit requirements unless you can isolate all hazards
- Result → The sewer exposes employees to potential engulfment hazards from water/waste. Cannot classify space as "special" permit

#### **Construction Industry (Draft)**

Space is classified after initial hazard assessment

■ Result → No need; space was previously classified

## Permit Space Requirements

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Post danger signs & prevent unauthorized entrants
- Identify/evaluate hazards before entry
- Continuous monitoring of section of a continuous system in which employees work

Result -> Continuously monitor that portion of the sewer where your employees operate

- Post danger signs, prevent unauthorized entry
- Identify/evaluate hazards before entry
- Continuous monitoring of section of a continuous system in which employees work
- Continuous monitoring for nonisolated engulfment hazards using early warning device
- Result → protect employees from atmospheric & engulfment hazards

# Employee ID & Training

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Identify and train attendants, entrants, and supervisors
- Result → train those employees who will hold these positions

- Identify, train and coordinate attendants, entrants and supervisors
- Result → train those employees who will hold these positions

### Rescue Provisions

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Task specific standard
- Evaluate rescue services for:
  - 1. Ability to respond to summons in a timely manner and;
  - 2. Ability, in terms of proficiency w/rescue related tasks & equipment, to function appropriately
- Provide rescue service w/access to all permit spaces where rescue service may be necessary
- Result → Need for extensive evaluations (potentially on-site) to ensure services are properly equipped & trained

#### **Construction Industry (Draft)**

- Performance oriented standard
- Ensure that rescue services:
  - 1. Can respond to summons in a timely manner and;
  - Have access to PRCS work is in (simulated sites will also be allowed)

Result → No requirement for providing 3rd party rescue service with equipment and no req. to evaluate them for "appropriate functions"

### Annual Review

#### **General Industry Standard**

Review entry program once a year

#### **Construction Industry (Draft)**

Review entry program once a year

### Documentation

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Ensure proper entry permit documentation
- No specific time period for document retention in standard
- Employer <u>must</u> maintain a written program
- Result → Maintain entry permits for 1 year & written program

#### **Construction Industry (Draft)**

- Ensure proper entry permit documentation
- Verification documents are kept only as confined space work is ongoing
- Employer may maintain a copy of this standard OR a written program
- Result → Maintain entry
  permits for 1 year and copy
  of standard for length of
  confined space work

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1910.146(e),(f) and 1926.1217(a),(b)

# Employee Participation

#### **General Industry Standard**

- Affected employees must be consulted on ALL aspects of development & implementation of permit program
- No specific requirement to post entry permits
- Result → Every employee or rep must be consulted before program will be OSHA compliant

- Employees who enter a confined space must be given opportunity to observe inspections & atmospheric testing / monitoring
- Must post entry permit at worksite
- Focus employee participation on hazards that directly affect them
- Result → no duty to consult employee on all matters